

Morphological Evaluation of Follicular Degeneration in γ -Irradiated Mouse Ovary

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. 3 ICR LD₅₀₍₃₀₎ (7.2 Gy)

γ 0 , 1 , 2 , 3

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Abstract

Gamma-ray induces an acute degeneration of the follicles in mice. The present experiment was designed to study the morphological changes in degenerating follicles after irradiation. Three weeks old female mice were γ -irradiated with LD₅₀. Before irradiation (day 0) and at day 1, 2, and 3 after irradiation, the normal and atretic preantral and antral follicles of the left ovaries were morphologically observed. Atretic follicles 2 days after irradiation had numerous cell debris, apoptotic cells and bodies, and polymorphonuclear leukocytes in the antral cavity. In severely atretic follicles, numerous polymorphonuclear leukocytes were infiltrated into the follicle. The number of follicles with one or more neutrophils in the largest cross sections was also increased 2 and 3 days after irradiation ($p < 0.05$). In conclusion, it can be thought that γ -radiation triggers the recruitment of neutrophils into the follicles during degeneration.

1.

, , 가, [1,2].

[3].

[3].

[4],

[5].

[5]

[6].

[7]

[8]

(neutrophil)가

가

[9].

가

2.

[4] , 3 ICR LD₅₀₍₃₀₎ (7.2 Gy) 1 (⁶⁰Co , : 150 TBq, Panoramic Irradiator, AECL) (day 0), 1, 2, 3 (3) 2.5 % glutaraldehyde/0.1 M phosphate buffer (pH 7.3) . 1 % osmium tetroxide (Sigma Chem. Co. MO) (Leica) 1 μm toluidine blue , (x400, Olympus BX50)

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[9].

) x 100]

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Student's *t*-test

p 0.05

3.

3-1.

가 , 가
 2 ,
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 가 ,
 가 .

3-2.

(Fig. 1) (Fig. 2)
 가 (p<0.05).
 2 58.0±8.6 27.3±11.2 , 2
 94.0±3.4 86.9±7.6 .

3-3.

Table 1 , 가
 29.3±12.0 , 2
 3 65.9±11.5 57.8±15.4 (p<0.05) 가 .

Table 1 Ratio of the number of follicles with polymorphonuclear leukocyte to the total number of preantral and antral atretic follicles

Group	Control	Radiation
Day 0	29.32±12.03* (12) [□]	← [‡]
Day 1	↑ [‡]	25.48±7.5 (3)
Day 2	↑	65.91±11.49 [‡] (3)
Day 3	↑	57.78±15.41 (3)

[□]Numerals in parenthesis are the number of mice used in the present experiment. At each day, the left ovaries were collected and fixed immediately.

*Data are expressed as mean±SEM.

[‡]Values are the same as in Day 0 of the control group.

[‡]p<0.05 significantly different when compared to the value of Day 0 of the control group.

4.

[10]. γ

, γ

[4]. , γ 80% (LD₈₀)
가 .

1 7.2Gy [LD₅₀₍₃₀₎]

, γ

. Chang [9] 가 Best [10]

, 가 .

가 가 가 . γ

, 가 가 .

[11] , γ 가
 , γ
가 .

5.

, , , ()가
 , γ 2 가 ,
 , 가 . , γ

6.

7.

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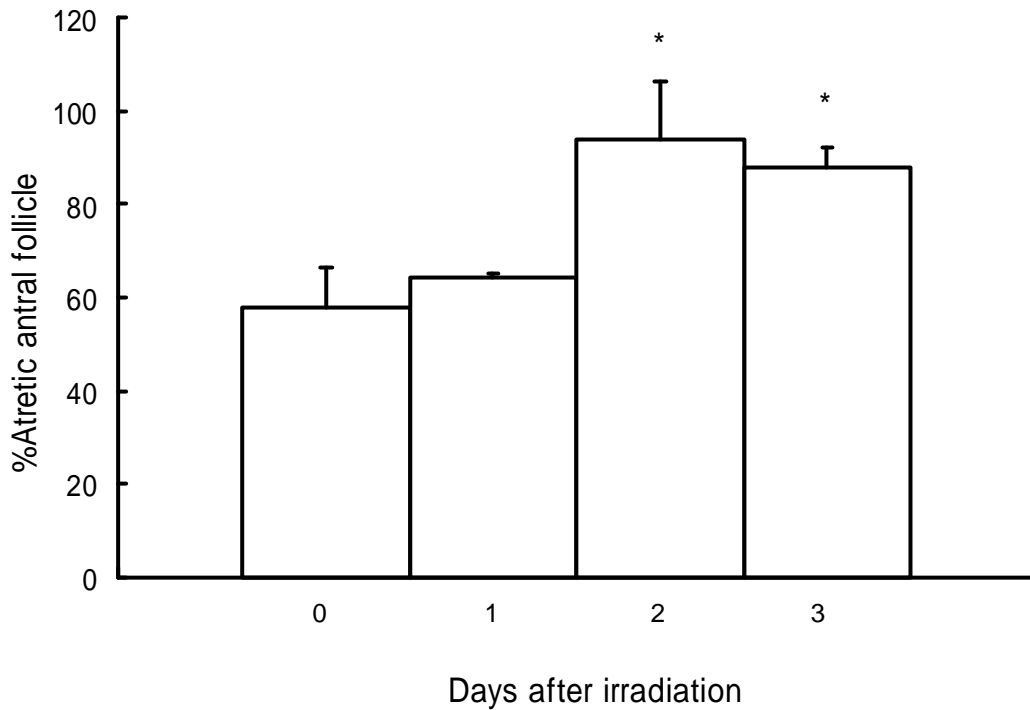


Fig. 1. Atretic ratio of antral follicles in mouse ovary. The immature mice were γ -irradiated with a dose of 7,2Gy (LD_{50}) for 1 hour. Before irradiation and 1, 2, 3 days after irradiation, histological changes of left ovaries were observed. In the largest cross sections, the atretic follicles were counted under a microscope. The atretic ratio was obtained by dividing the number with the total follicle number and presented as mean \pm SEM. The number of mice a group was 3. *, $p < 0.05$ significantly different from that of day 0.

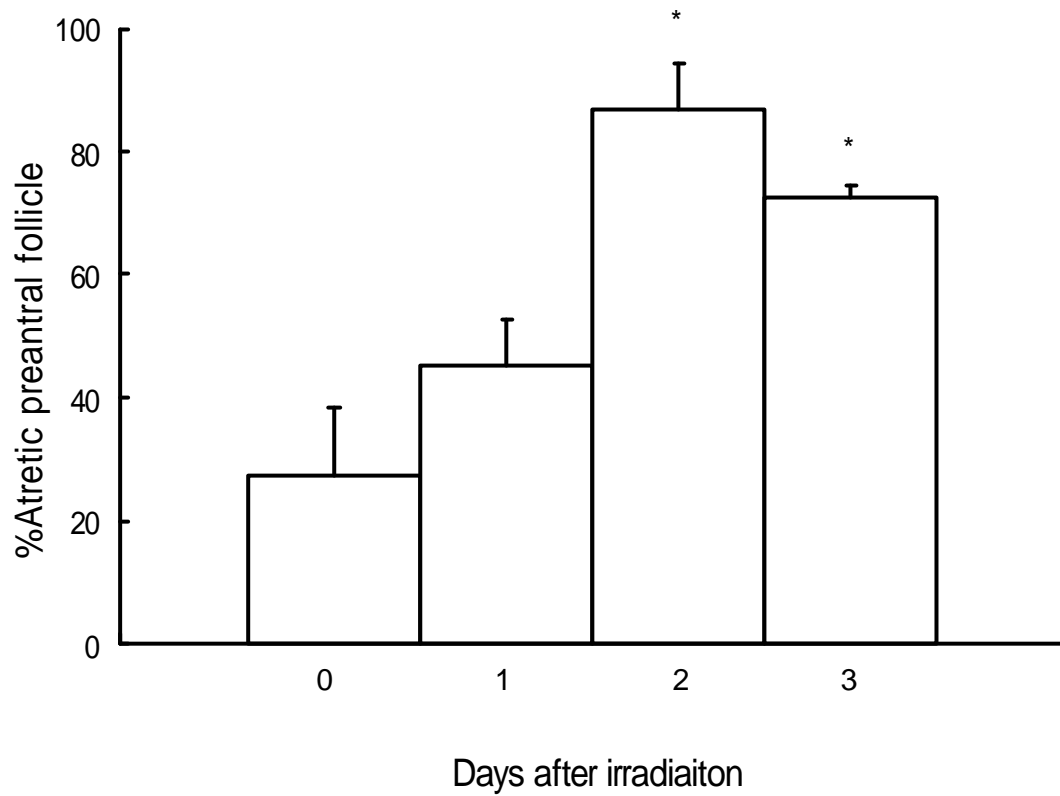


Fig. 2. Change of atretic ratio in 1-irradiated mouse ovarian preantral follicles. Preantral follicles were identified by comparison of the serial sections. Follicles with one or more apoptotic granulosa cells and bodies were classified into atretic ones. The number of mice a group was 3. *, $p < 0.05$ significantly different from that of day 0.