

Dynamic Fracture Testing of Ferritic Steels using Direct Current Potential Drop Method

56-1

19

(Leak-Before-Break, LBB)

(Dynamic Strain Aging, DSA) 가

J-R

J-R

(Unloading compliance method)

(Direct Current Potential Drop

method, DCPD)

(Potential peak)

SA 106Gr.C

Abstract

To apply leak-before-break(LBB) concept to nuclear pipes, the dynamic strain aging of low carbon steel materials has to be considered. For this goal, the J-R tests are needed over a range of temperatures and loading rates, including rapid dynamic loading conditions. In dynamic J-R tests, the unloading compliance method can not be applied and usually the direct current potential drop (DCPD) method has been used. But, even the DCPD method was known to have the problem in defining the crack initiation point due to a potential peak arising in early part of loading of ferromagnetic materials. In this study, potential peaks characteristics were investigated for SA 106Gr.C piping steels, and the definition of crack initiation point was made by back tracking from final physical crack length, and it was proposed that this technique could be applied to DCPD method in dynamic loading J-R test.

1.

(DEGB; Double Ended Guillotine Break) 가 ,
(jet shield)
(pipe whip restraint) .
(ISI)
가 [1]. ,
(LBB, Leak-Before-Break) .
가 가 가
가
.[2]

. [2] (Dynamic Strain Aging, DSA)

. [2-3] ,
가 , Korean Standard Review Plan 3.6.3 3.6.3-1
.[4]

J-R 1) (multi-specimen method)[5] 2)
(unloading compliance method)[6] 3) (direct current electric
potential drop method)[7] 가 .
J-R ,
, 가 ,
, 가 .

가 ,
가 ,
가 가 [8-10],
magnetic domain
.[8]
, J-R

potential peak

J-R

2.

2.1.

가

가

calibration Johnson

[8]

[9- 11],

ASTM E1737-96

[7] ASTM

E1737-96 Annexes 5

1

Johnson

$$\frac{a}{W} = \frac{2}{\pi} \cos^{-1} \left[\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{\pi y}{2W}\right)}{\cosh\left[\left(\frac{U}{U_0}\right) \cosh^{-1}\left[\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{\pi y}{2W}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi a_0}{2W}\right)}\right]\right]} \right]$$

, U

, U₀

, a

, a₀

, W

, y

, 2

(Crack Opening Displacement,

COD)

fitting

5%

U₀

.

U₀ calibration

J-R

가

가

. Landow

y

[12]

3

. 가

pulse가

U_B

가

magnetic domain

[12] LBB

가 , 4,5 .[13- 14] , .[15]

2.2. (Load-Ratio Method)

J-R ASTM ,
 - 가
 . key-curve method Ernst
 , Joyce .[16- 17] , Herrera
 normalization method가, Hu Joyce (load-ratio method)
 .[18] Chen Joyce[19]
 , [20] 가 .
 -
 가 -
 . 6 OA OA' A'A
 . A'A
 A'A , A'A
 A'D AD가 . C₁
 compliance A compliance C₂ OA'
 .
 6 OA' ,
 .[18- 20]

3.

potential peak ,
 J-R .
 가 J-R
 ,
 . - , J-R
 , .

3.1.

3,4

SA 106Gr.C

(1) . L- C , 7 1
 inch CT 가 . 8

(COD) 가 CT

가 , 가 0.55W가

, delta- K 15 MPa*m^{0.5} 0.1 .

45° (side- groove)

10% 20% 가 .
 25 가 , pull rod

가 , 9 , , ,

PC . 10

Traveling microscope,

3.2. (Load-ratio method)

[20] P₀ (normalized load)
 , 11 [20] P₀

$$P_0 = 1.455 \sigma_{ys} B \beta b$$

$$\beta = \sqrt{4\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 + 4\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + 2} - \left(\frac{2a}{b} + 1\right) \quad a = \quad , b =$$

가 , B = . 12

가 (Crack

Tip Opening Displacement, CTOD) 가 . CTOD

$$CTOD = \frac{(1 + \beta)}{\left(\frac{2W}{b} + \beta - 1\right)} \cdot \Delta_p$$

, P $\Delta_L - C_0 \cdot P$, L, C₀,
P, .[20]

4.

4.1

ASTM E1737-96
13

5% SA106Gr.C

, 0.5%

Johnson calibration
가

y

14(a)

J-R

14(b)

y 가

가

Johnson

calibration y

4.2.

potential peak

50A,

100A

, 500mm/min, 1000mm/min, 2000mm/min

15(a),(b), potential peak

, 가 가 가

potential peak

16(a),(b)

, 가 , 가

SA 106Gr.C

J-R

289°C

1000mm/min

17

가

J-R

18

J-R

potential peak

fitting

가

(trial&error)

J-R

19

J-R

19

J_{1c}

2.6%

가

16.5%

5.

SA 106Gr.C

calibration

U0

, ASTM E1737-96

5%

SA 106Gr.C

0.5%

J-R

J-R

potential peak , fitting

가

J-R

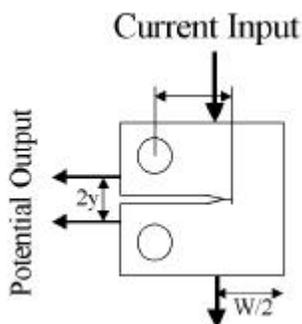
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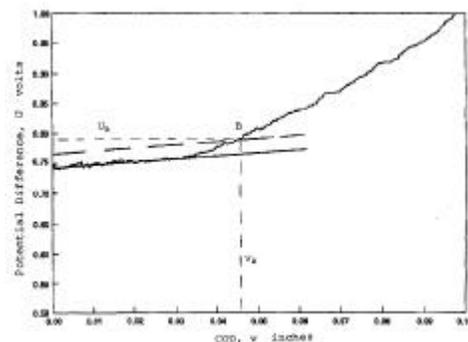
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1. SA 106Gr.C

	C	Si	Mn	P	S	Ni	Cr	Mo	Cu	V
%	0.24	0.23	1.08	0.011	0.011	0.11	0.09	0.04	0.09	0.007



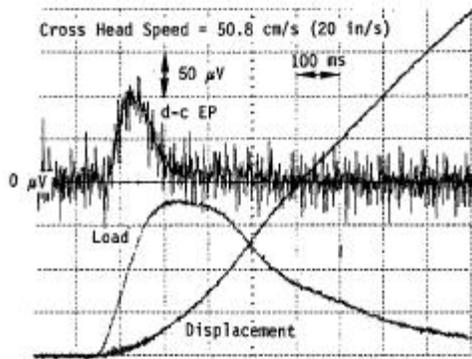
1. CT



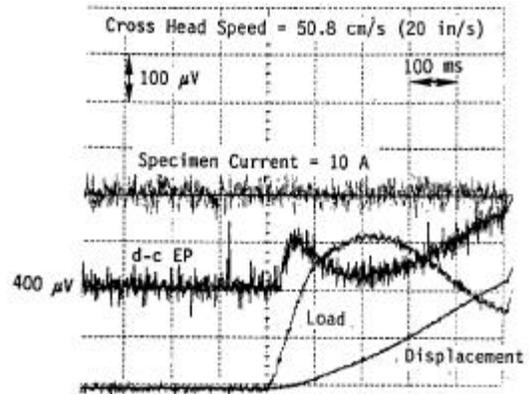
2 calibration

COD-DCPD

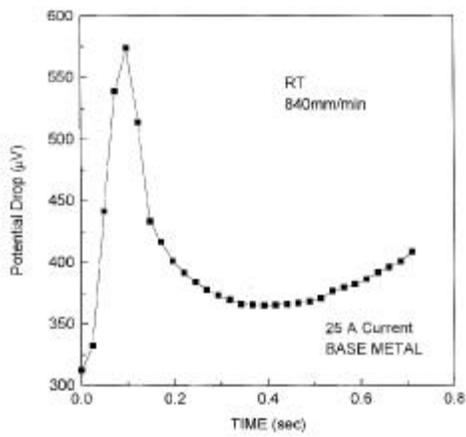
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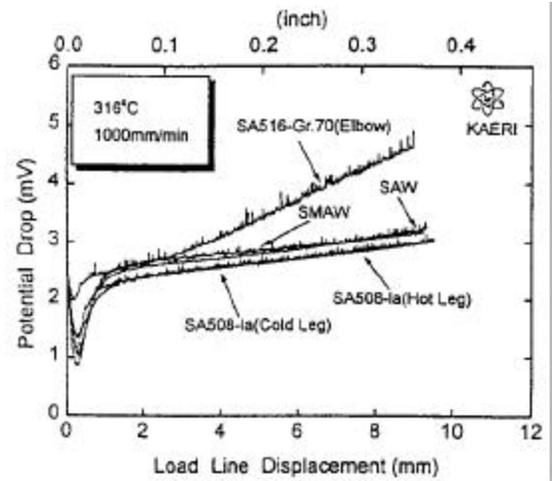
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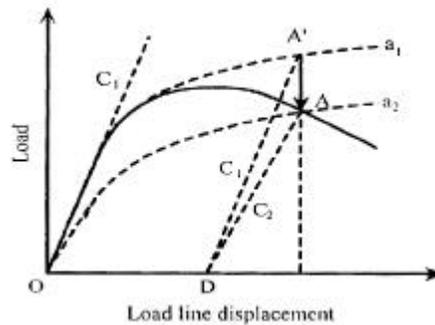
potential peak [12]



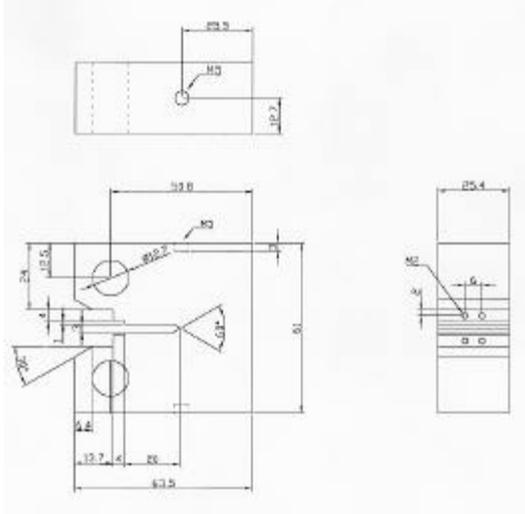
4. J-R potential peak [13]



5. J-R potential peak [14]



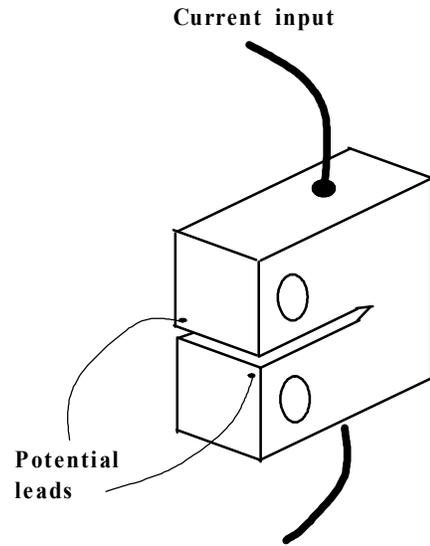
6. [20]



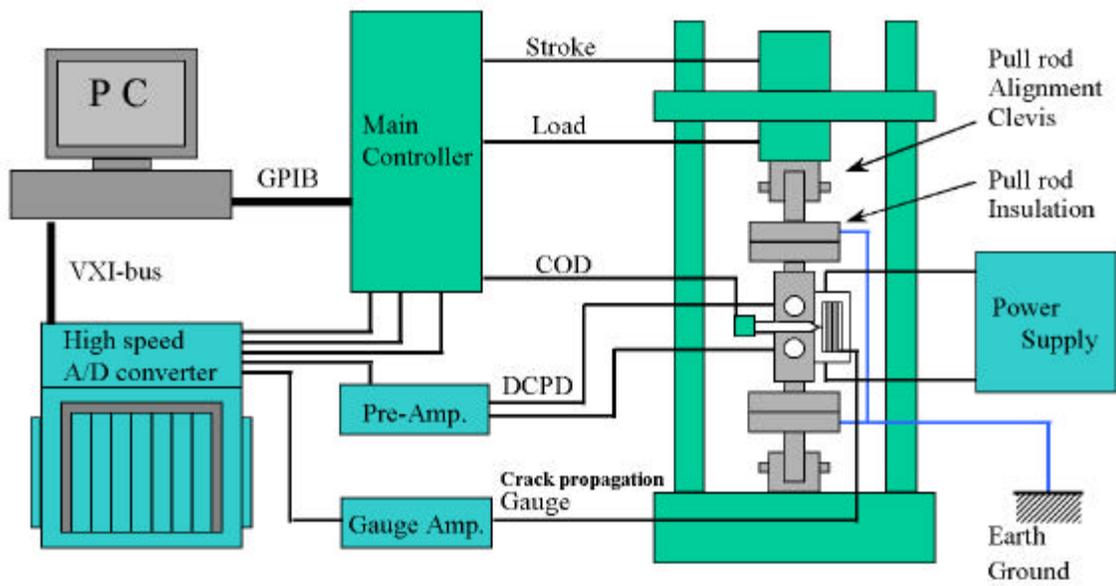
7

J-R

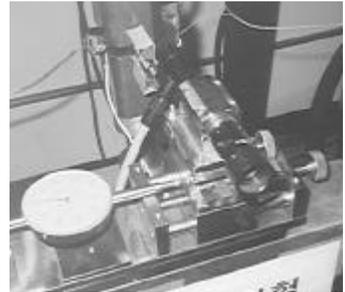
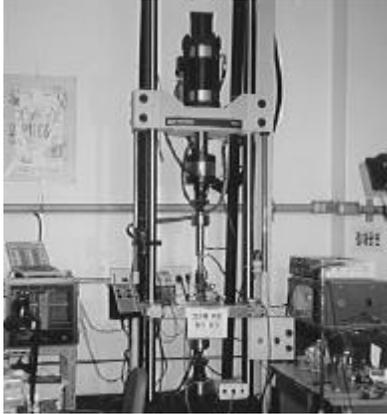
CT



8.

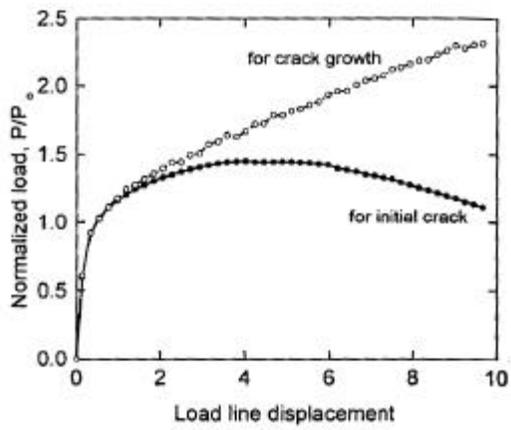


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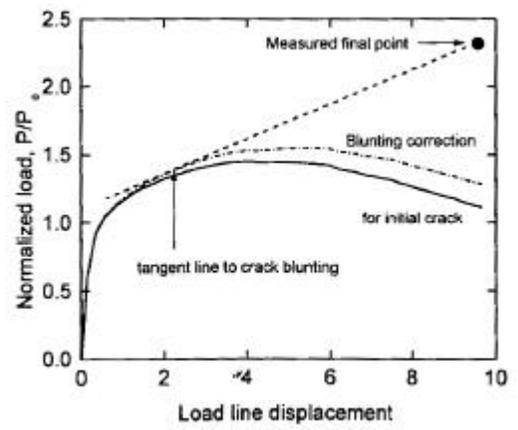
10.

, traveling microscope



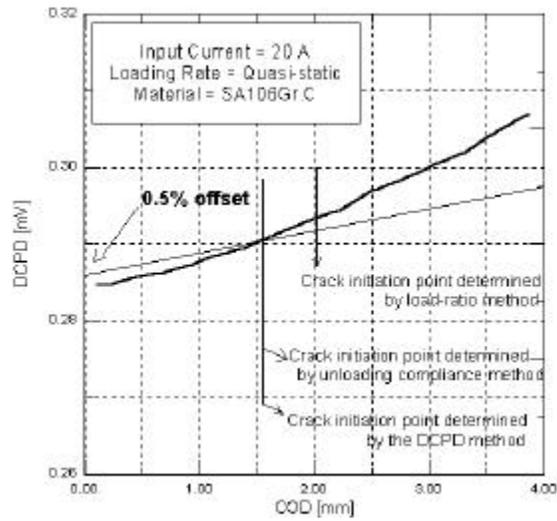
11. a_0 a

[20]

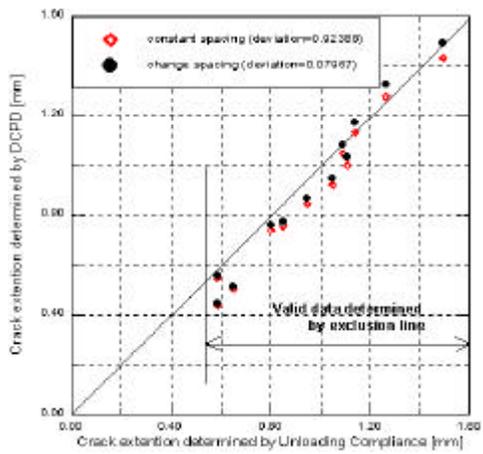


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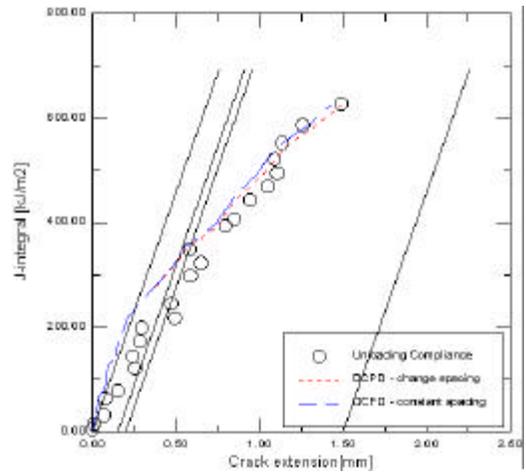
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13.
SA 106Gr.C DCPD- COD

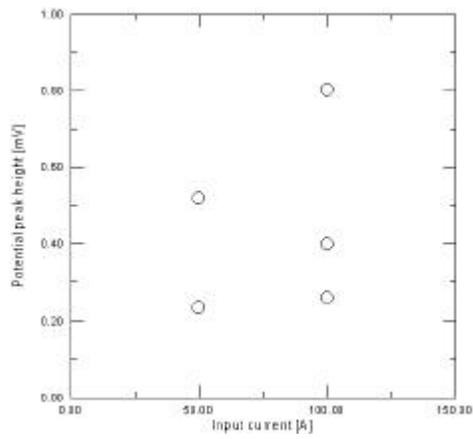


(a)

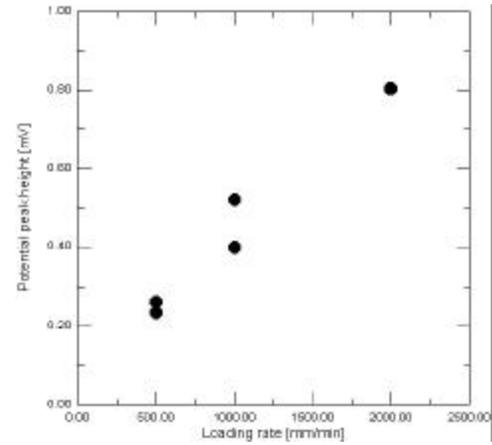


(b)

J- R



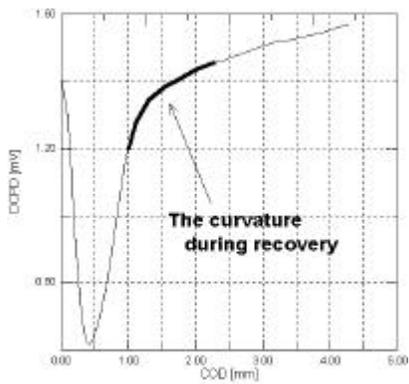
(a)



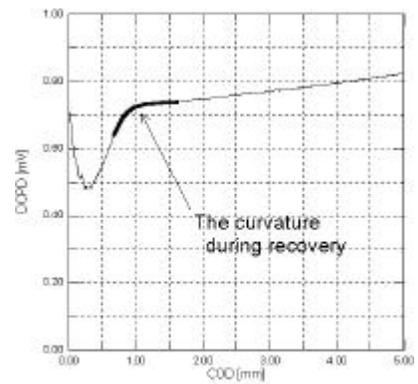
(b)

15.

potential peak

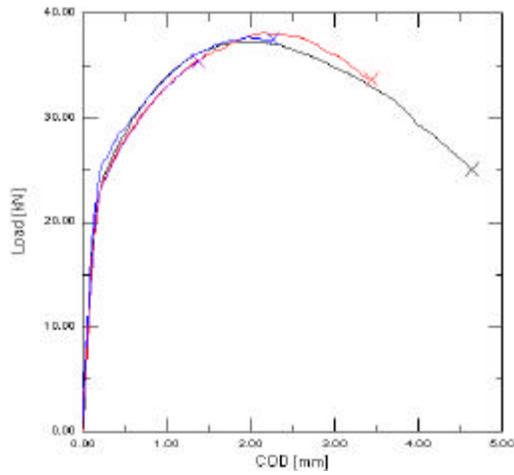


(a) Potential peak

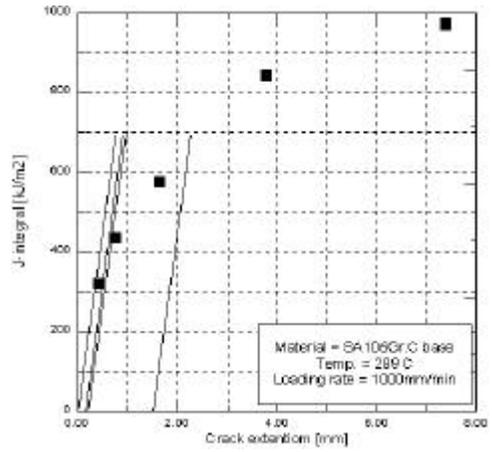


(b) Potential peak

16. Potentia peak

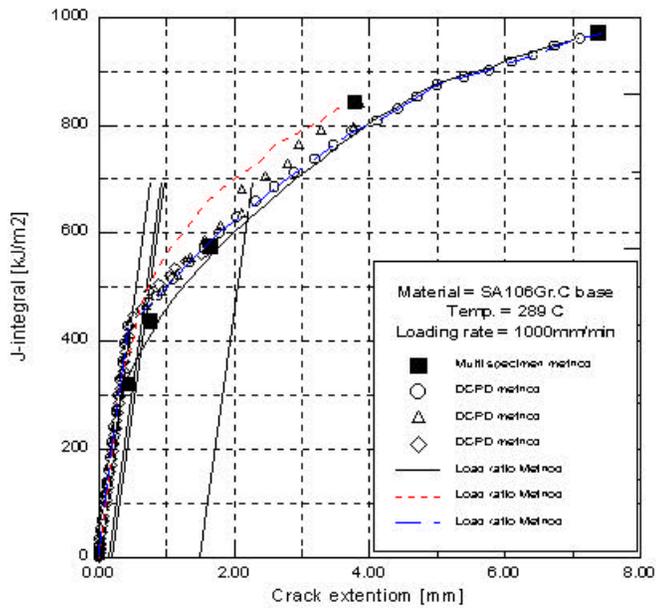


17.



18.

SA 106Gr.C



19

SA 106Gr.C