

Development of Automatic Diagnosis for Loose Parts Monitoring System

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3

7.5%

가 21.7%

Abstract

It is known that loose parts in the reactor coolant systems (RCS) bring serious damage into the system components and impede the normal function of the system. In this paper, we developed the automatic diagnosis estimation algorithm of impact starting point and initial half period. We applied the automatic algorithm to the impact test data of YGN3. The result of the estimated impact starting point applying to the proposed algorithm has below about 7.5% average error rate. Also, the result showed that average error mass estimation applied this algorithm has within 21.7%.

1.

가

가 1

(LPMS; Loose Parts Monitoring

System)

가 (Accelerometer)

[1, 2, 3].

3

가가

가

[4].

3

가

3

2

, 3

Hertz

[5, 6, 7, 8]

, 4

, 4

3

5

2.

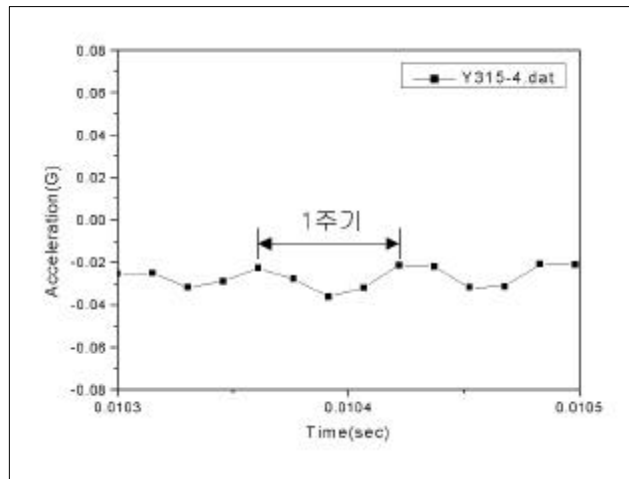
2.1

가

(Background Noise)

가 5, n, 1, 5, $\hat{x}(t_i)$, $y(t_i)$

$$\hat{x}(t_i) = y(t_i) - \frac{1}{5} \sum_{j=1}^5 y(t_{i-j}) \quad (1)$$



1.

2.2 가 2

가 가

$$T_s = t_i (SD_i > 2 \times SD) \quad (2)$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{x}_i - m)^2}$$

SD

가

m

가

SD_k

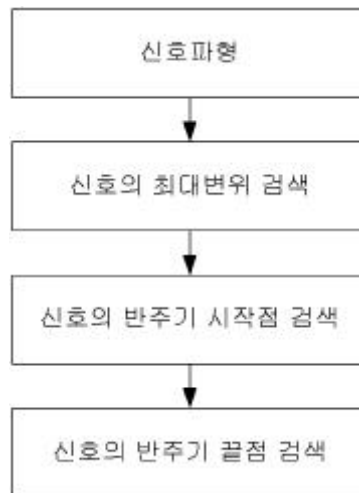


2.

2.3

가

3



3.

3. 가
3.1 (Triangular Method)

S_0 , A_0 가 [9].

가 A_0 ,

가 3

가 3 4 가

, 3 , 1

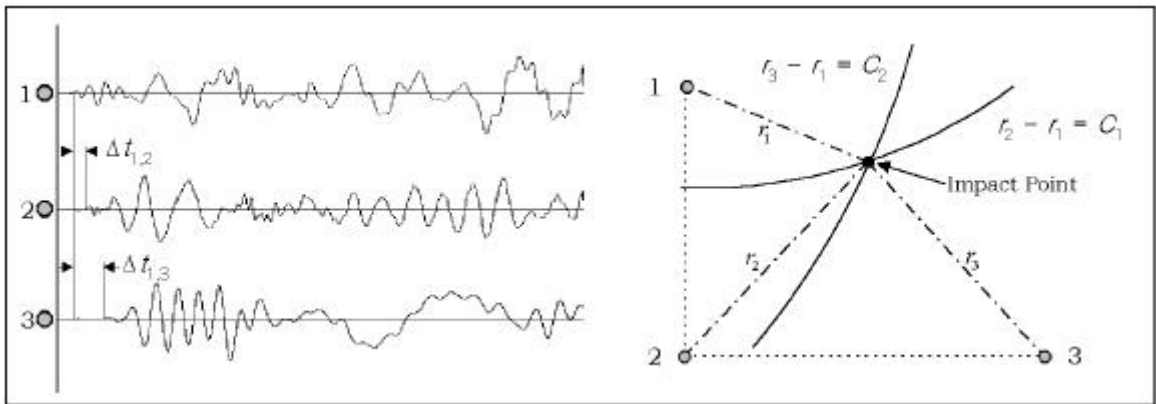
3 가 .

$$r_2 - r_1 = V_g \cdot \Delta t_{1,2} \quad (3)$$

$$r_3 - r_1 = V_g \cdot \Delta t_{1,3} \quad (4)$$

가

4 (3) (4) [10].



4. 가

3.2 Hertz 가

3.2.1 Hertz

5

(Steel Plate)

(Solid sphere)

(Half Period)

(Banding Wave)

가 , Hertz

D_{max}

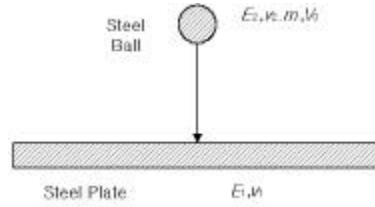
T_d

$$D_{max} = K_h (m V_0^2)^{0.4} R^{-0.2} \quad (5)$$

$$K_h = \left[\frac{15}{16} \left(\frac{1 - \nu_1^2}{E_1} + \frac{1 - \nu_2^2}{E_2} \right) \right]^{0.4}$$

$$T_d = 2.94D_{\max} / V_0 \quad (6)$$

, m , V_0 (m/sec), v_1 v_2 plate poisson
 , E_1 E_2 plate Young (N/m^2), R (m), K_h Hertz
 ($\text{m}^{0.8}\text{N}^{-0.4}$) .



5.

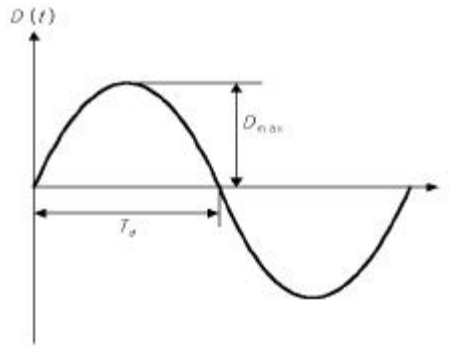
3.2.2 가

가

Hertz

가

6



6.

가

6 가

$D(t)$

$$D(t) = D_{\max} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{T_d} t\right) \quad (7)$$

(7)

, $V(t)$

가 $A(t)$

$$V(t) = D(t)' = \frac{\pi}{T_d} D_{\max} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{T_d} t\right) \quad (8)$$

$$A(t) = D(t)'' = -\left(\frac{\pi}{T_d}\right)^2 D_{\max} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{T_d} t\right) \quad (9)$$

, 가

$F(t)$

$$F(t) = mA(t) \quad (10)$$

t

$0 < t < T_d$

가

, V_{\max}

$V(t)$

cosine

"1"

$$V_{\max} = V(0) = V_0 = \frac{\pi}{T_d} D_{\max} \quad (11)$$

가

$$T_d = \pi \frac{D_{\max}}{V_0} \quad (12)$$

(12) T_d Hertz (6) T_d 7%

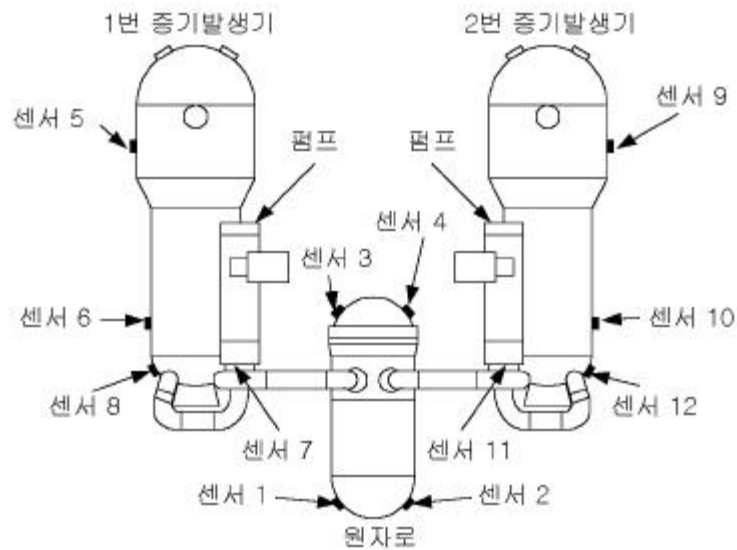
가, [11]

[12], damping [13]

4.

3

RCP (100)
 1m, 0.8m 0.6m
 530g 6 1.0844 m/sec
 가 10pC/g 50pC/g
 (TEAC RD-135T ; : 51 kHz(1/ t=1.9539 × 10⁻⁵),
 : 20kHz, 4 , 14bit, S/N : 72dB)
 3 7



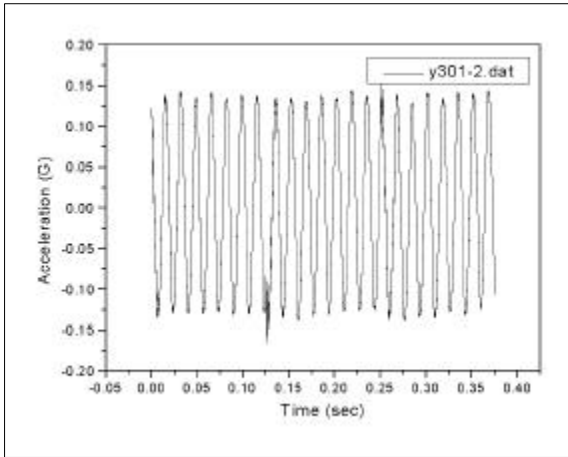
7. 3

```

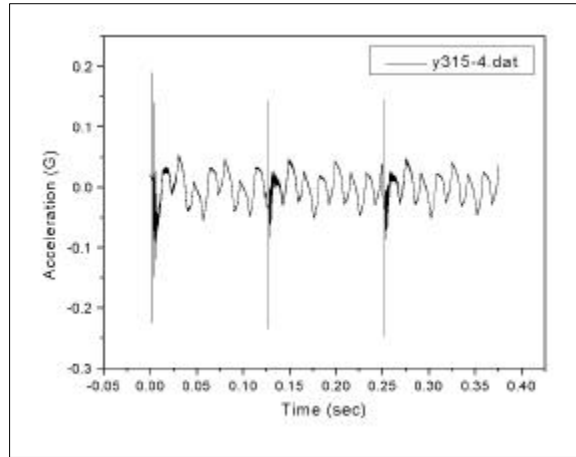
Input file name ? : y301-2.dat
Filtering file y301-2.dat... : Done!
Starting time of the signal : 1281.739 (usec)
Source file name : y301-2.fil
Analysing file : y301-2.fil
File type checking... : OK
Max value checking...
    Total lines : 24576
    Max value : -0.0308618
    (t) of max value : 0.1267091 (sec)
    (#) of max value : 8305
Half period checking...
    Half period of the signal : 40.9249934233 (usec)

```

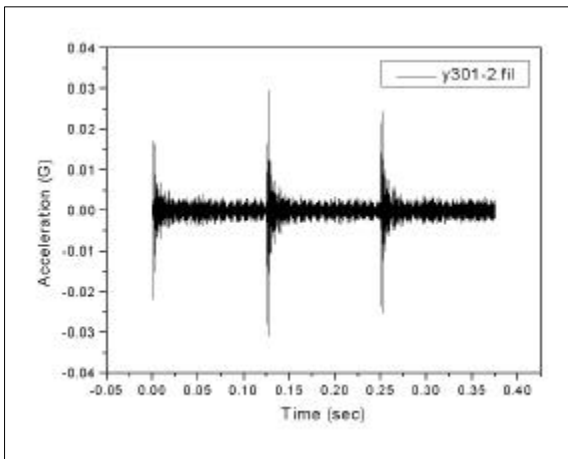
8.



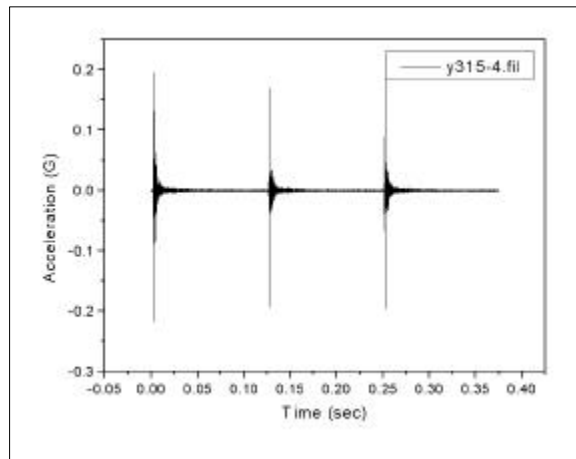
(a) 11 (1)



(b) 8 (3)



(c) (1)



(d) (3)

9.

1 10

(y301-2.fil)

(y301-2.dat)

(y301-2.std)

-0.0308G,

40.92 μ sec

1281.739 μ sec,

9

9

(a)

가

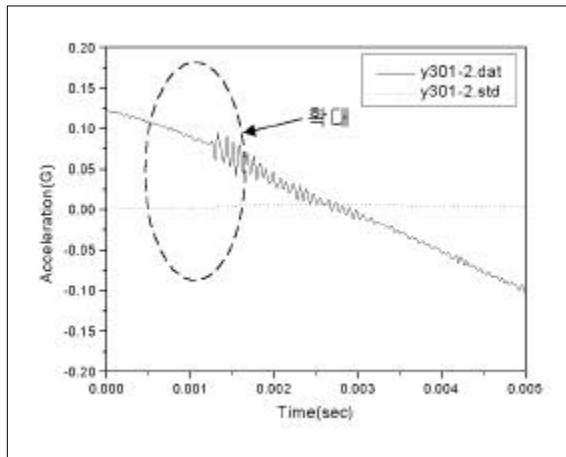
가 9 (c)

9 (b)

9

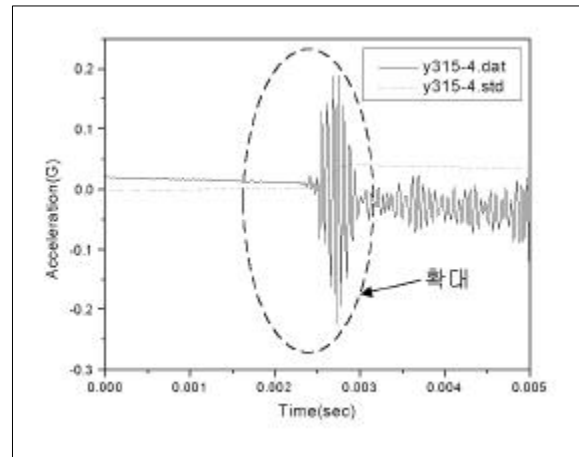
(d)

가



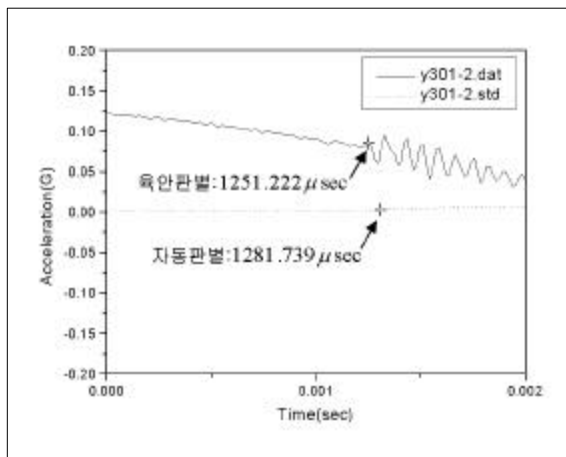
(a)

1



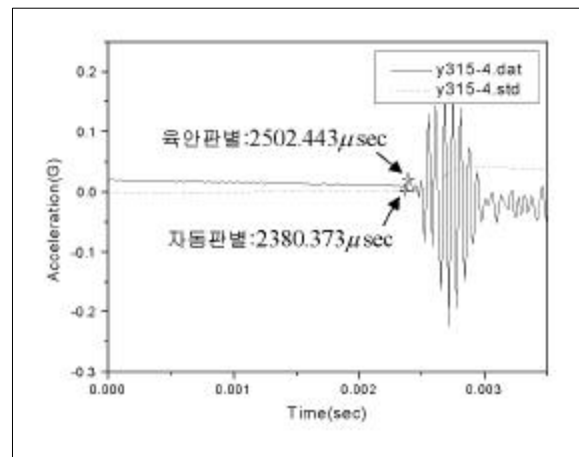
(b)

3



(c)

1



(d)

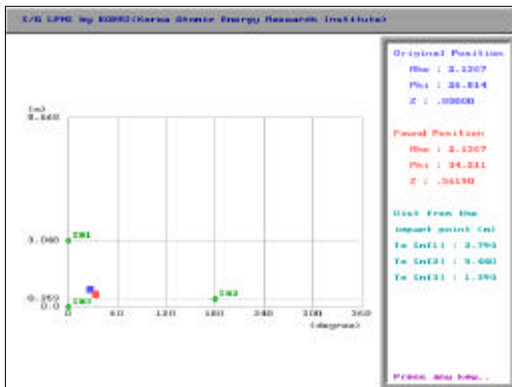
3

가 , 가 10 , 10 가 , dat
Origin , , .

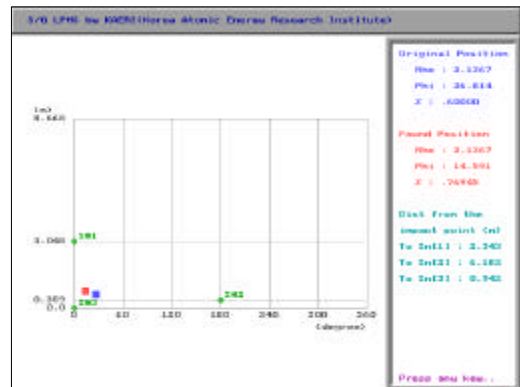
[14]

, 가

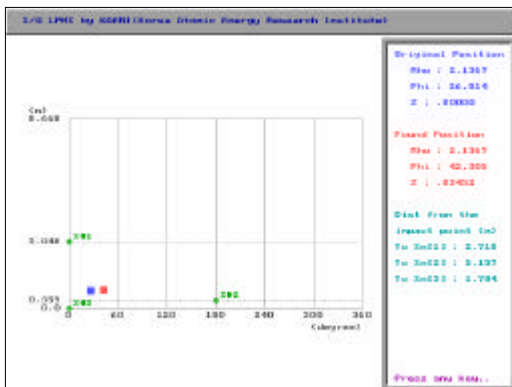
11



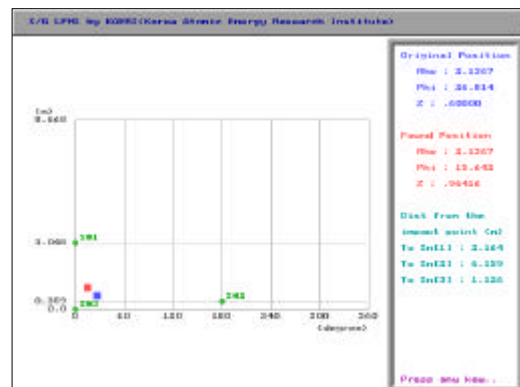
(a) (1)



(b) (3)



(c) (1)



(d) (3)

가 174 μ sec

1,2

가

1. 3 (: μ sec)

		1	2	3	4
1		15197	1281	1998	1007
	가		1251	2029	839
	-		30	31	168
2		6500	2975	3921	2532
	가		2929	3906	2471
	-		46	15	61
3		6988	2685	3860	2380
		6820	2914	4043	2502
		168	229	183	122
4		6942	2746	3967	2380
		6698	2960	4028	2502
		244	214	61	122
5		5813	2746	3936	2288
		6729	2883	4028	2487
		916	137	92	199
6		5615	2304	4364	3128
		6103	2441	4257	3189
		488	137	107	61

2

2.

3

(rho=2.1367)

1	Phi	26.8 °	34.21 °	2.0%	42.3 °	4.3%
	Z	0.8m	0.56m	2.8%	0.83m	0.3%
2	Phi	26.8 °	21.98 °	1.3%	24.13 °	0.5%
	Z	0.8m	0.60m	2.3%	0.61m	2.2%
3	Phi	26.8 °	14.59 °	3.4%	15.64 °	3.1%
	Z	0.6m	0.77m	2.0%	0.96m	4.1%
4	Phi	26.8 °	16.7 °	2.8%	10.21 °	4.6%
	Z	0.6m	0.66m	0.7%	0.88m	3.2%
5	Phi	26.8 °	14.18 °	3.5%	8.77 °	5.0%
	Z	0.6m	0.80m	2.3%	0.72m	1.4%
6	Phi	26.8 °	14.71 °	3.3%	1.56 °	7.0%
	Z	2.248m	3.042m	9.1%	2.93m	7.8%

2

5%

7.5%

가

가 3

3.

	(G)			(μ sec)		
1	0.2758	0.2795	0.0037	36	36	0
2	0.2466	0.2177	0.0289	38	32	6
3	0.2594	0.3264	0.067	30	36	6
4	0.3318	0.3043	0.0275	35	35	0
5	0.4291	0.4213	0.0078	35	34	1
6	0.1634	0.1640	0.0006	46	34	12

가 0.0225G

4.16 μ sec

4.

1	472.22	474.37	530	10.9%	10.5%
2	403.65	409.09	530	23.8%	22.8%
3	562.93	502.50	530	6.2%	5.2%
4	524.17	583.00	530	1.1%	10%
5	759.57	759.26	530	43.3%	43.3%
6	292.84	156.18	530	44.7%	70.5%
				21.7%	27.0%

가 4

가

가 27.0% 21.7%

4 6

가

가

5.

3

3

가

5%, 7.5%

27.0%, 21.7%

가

(false alarm)

(

가

가

가

(Wavelet)

A_0

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