Temperature and Thermal Stress Analysis of Accelerator Beam Window for Subcritical Transmutation Reactor

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HYPER(HYbrid Power Extraction Reactor) . HYPER 7 1 GeV, mA . 7 , . 7 , . 10cm, 7 Pb-Bi , , , , HYPER , , , , HYPER , , , , HYPER

Abstract

A subcritical transmuation system named HYPER (HYbrid Power Extraction Reactor) is being designed to transmute spent fuel. High energy proton beam of 1GeV and several mAs will interact with beam window which will be subject to undergo high temperature. In this study, the temperature and thermal stress calculations of double beam window using thermal-structural analysis code ANSYS[1] have been performed. Assuming 10cm beam diameter and parabolic beam current density, temperature and thermal stress of beam window have been investigated varying beam current and Pb-Bi velocity passing through the double window. It plans to establish the maximum allowable beam current after more temperature and thermal stress analysis for different beam shape, cooling condition and geometry of beam window.

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HYPER (HYbrid	Power	Extraction	Reactor)		KA	ERI		[2]
HYPER								.[2]
Pb-Bi		Pb-Bi		7	ŀ			
		가			,			
HYPER					1			
Pb-E	si가					,		
Pb-Bi	가							
	가							
			(coupled-fr	ield analy	sis)	가	ANSYS	
			advance	d ferritic/	marten	nsitic		
9Cr - 2WT a	,							
가		가						
2.		가						
HYPER	lGeV,	mA	가		가	가		
ANSYS			1GeV	, 20mA		1GeV,	10m A	
1GeV, 2mA								
				가				10cm
가						2m/se	c	
				613K 7	ł			
	3	;		,	가	,		
1/2								
,			9Cr-2W	T a	,			1
						가	.[2]	
		Monte	Carlo	LAHE	ET [3]			

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	Von-Mis	ses Stress	,
9Cr - 2WT a	4	.[4]	

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10	GeV, 2mA				1GeV, 21	mА		
2m/sec	6m/sec			•		フト 2m/s	sec	
274N	МРа	(Safety fact	tor) $S = -\frac{\sigma}{\sigma}$	$\frac{\sigma_{Y}}{\sigma}$		0.96	5 1	
	가 .	6	m/sec				185MPa,	
1.78								
가	1GeV, 2mA		6m/sec				2 1GeV,	2mA,
6m/ sec								
		3		3				가
ć			0			1	GeV, 2mA,	
6m	1/ S	4	8				, x ,y ,z	
		7	- 60K			•	4 7F 30K	/ m m
가			, ook	가가			2 J 30K	./ 111111
·					10	0m A	150K	/mm,
20m A	300K/mm							
							가	
Т	max		Т	가				
$T_{\rm max} = \frac{ql^2}{2k}$	$\frac{dl}{dt} + \frac{ql}{h} + T_{ref}$							
$\frac{\varDelta T_{\max}}{l} \equiv$	$\frac{ql}{2k}$							
					ANSYS			
					h			
				가				
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[1] ANSYS User's Manual for Revision 5.0

[2] 4 , "HYPER ", KAERI/T R - 1316/99

[3] R. E. Prael, et, al., User Guide to LCS ; The LAHET Code System, Los Alamos National Laboratory, LA-UR-89-3014, 1986

[4] A. Kimura et al, J. Nucl. Mater 233-237 (1996) 319.

1. 9Cr - 2WT a

k	26(W/mK)
T m	1800(K)
E	$2.1 \times 10^{11} (1/\mathrm{K})$
	1.2 × 10 ⁻⁵
	0.3

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 (W/m^2K)

	2m/ sec	бm/ sec	15m/ sec
20m A	_	26000	55000
20m A	—	25500	54000
10m A	—	26000	55000
	—	25500	54000
2m A	10500	26000	_
	10000	25500	

4. 9Cr - 2WT a

650K	700K	750K	800K	850K	870K
400MPa	370MPa	330MPa	290MPa	250MPa	230MPa

		2m/sec	6m/ sec	15m/sec
20		_	1861K	1532K
20m A		—	1408K	1221K
10m A		—	1240K	1076K
		—	1071K	926K
2mA		830K	744K	—
		741K	705K	

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	2m/sec	бm/ sec	15m/ sec
20m A	—	_	1530MPa
	—	_	682MPa
10m A	—	911MPa	768MPa
	—	436MPa	358MPa
2m A	274MPa(0.96)	185MPa(1.78)	
	134MPa(2.46)	96MPa (3.85)	





(b) ANSYS



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2. 1GeV, 2mA, 6m/sec







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