

ABI PCVN Linde 80
Master Curve 가

Fracture Toughness Master Curve Characterization of the Low Toughness Linde 80
Weld by Small ABI and PCVN Specimens

150

103-16

Linde 80 가 . 1
(PCVN) ASTM master curve
, ABI IEF
. ABI
. Linde 80

Abstract

Un-irradiated fracture toughness of the Kori-1 RPV Linde 80 weld was characterized by small specimens PCVN and ABI testing in the transition temperature region. The PCVN 3-point bend tests were carried out following the ASTM standard E1921-97 master curve method while the semi-empirical IEF (indentation energy to fracture) theory was used for ABI data analysis. The result from the ABI tests was comparable to that of the standard fracture toughness tests. The proposed methodology would be very useful to evaluate irradiation embrittlement of pressure vessel steels with a limited volume of irradiated materials. Some special features of the low toughness weld were also discussed.

1.

Mn-Mo-Ni/Linde 80 submerged-arc
 가
 가 1 (WF-233)가
 (가) 가 가
 , 가 /
 가
 가 1994 J-R
 가 [1], PTS
 가 ASME Sec.III
 NB-2331 , Linde 80
 [2]. ASTM
 master curve [3].
 ASME Code 가
 Code Case N-629
 Charpy (PCVN)
 가 PCVN 가
 , IAEA PVRC ()가
 가
 ABI (automated ball indentation)
 가 IEF (indentation energy to
 fracture) , ASTM master curve
 가 [4,5]. 가
 PCVN 가 , ABI
 가 / 가
 가
 1 Linde 80 (WF-233) 가
 ASTM master
 curve PCVN ABI

2.

(1) Ferritic - master curve, (T₀)

가 . ASTM [3]

$$K_{JC,IT} = K_{min} + [K_{JC} - K_{min}] \times \left(\frac{B}{B_{IT}} \right)^{\frac{1}{m}} \text{----- (1)}$$

B , B_{IT} 1 (=25.4 mm) , K_{min} 20
 MPa m , m

4 [6]. MacCabe [7]

(1) 1T-CT

master curve .

$$K_{JC,IT}(med.) = 30 + 70 \cdot \exp[0.019(T - T_0)] \text{ MPa}\sqrt{m} \text{----- (2)}$$

T T₀ -

$$T_0 = T - \frac{1}{0.019} \ln \left[\frac{K_{JC,IT}(med.) - 30}{70} \right] \text{----- (3)}$$

T₀ 1T-CT 100 MPa m .
 6 data data set
 50% K_{JC}(med) (3) T₀가 .

(2) (K_{JC, Indentation}) 가 IEF

CT

, 가 3

가 . ABI
 3 가 , ABAQUS

, 3 가 2.0 3.2
 0.1) 1.9 (), 3.2 (가 가

[4]. IEF

3 가 3

- 가 가 가
 가 가 가
 가 가 가

[4,5]

ABI

K_{JC,indentation}

$$K_{JC, Indentation} = \left[\frac{2E}{1-\nu^2} (W_0 + W_{IEF}) \right]^{1/2} = \left[\frac{2E}{1-\nu^2} \left(W_0 + \frac{2A^2 D^2}{p S} \left(\frac{p S_f}{4m A} \right)^{\frac{2m-2}{m-2}} \right) \right]^{1/2} \text{----- (4)}$$

(4) E, ν, D, A, m, S, μ, σ_f 가

W₀
[4,5]

3.

Mn-Mo-Ni

Linde 80 flux Submerged Arc Weld (SAW) 1
 Table 1, 607
 /20.25h/ Table 2
 3 가 가
 50%가 isopentane -
 140~-40 1~2, -90 Weibull distribution
 T₀ 7
 ATC 500 lbf PortFlow-P1
 0.508 mm WC,
 ±0.5, -180~-40
 0.0076 mm/sec,
 가
 macro-etching,
 2~3, -90 3
 7

4.

(1) PCVN 3

Fig. 1 PCVN 3 (1)
 1T-CT (K_{JC,1T})
 ASTM -90 -
 83
 -60°C ~ -100°C 가 가
 가, -90

Fig. 1 (2)

Master Curve , 5%
 95% 가
 가 가 가 -75°C
 1 open mark
 J_C J_{IC}
 upper shelf toughness 가 150 MPa m 가
 upper shelf
 200 MPa m

(2) 가

Fig. 2

(4) $(K_{JC, Indentation})$
 -90°C PCVN 2740MPa
 Fig. 3 , $K_{JC, Indentation}$ 3

, $K_{JC, IT}$ Mater Curve

가

Fig. 4 Brinell

Fig. 3

ASTM master curve

, PCVN 3

$K_{JC, IT}$ 5%- 95%-

가

5.

(Linde 80)

3

가

1) PCVN

-83°C

2)

ASTM master curve 가

3) IEF

가

$K_{JC, Indentation}$

5%

95%

4)

-75°C

upper self

150 MPa m

1. , " 1 가()", KAERI/CR-005/94, (1994)
2. K. K. Yoon, J. of Pressure Vessel Technology, Vol. 117, pp.378-382 (1995)
3. ASTM E1921-97, "Standard Test Method for Determination of Reference Temperature, T_o, for Ferritic Steels in the Transition Range" (1998)
4. T. S. Byun, J. W. Kim and J. H. Hong, J. Nuc. Mater., **252** (1998) 187
5. T.S.Byun, S.H.Kim, B.S.Lee, I.S.Kim, and J.H.Hong, J. Nuc. Mater., Vol. 277 (2000) 263-273
6. K.Wallin, Eng. Fract. Mech., Vol. 19 (1984) 1085-1093
7. J.G.Merkle, K.Wallin, D.E.McCabe, "Technical Basis for an ASTM Standard on Determining the Reference Temperature, T_o, for Ferritic Steels in the Transition Range", NUREG/CR-5504 (1998)
8. , , , , , A , 24 2 , (2000) 303-310

Table 1. Chemical composition of the test material (Linde 80 weld, WF-233) (wt.%).

C	Mn	Si	P	S	Ni	Cr	Mo	Al	Cu	V
0.10	1.52	0.37	0.012	0.015	0.61	0.08	0.48	0.011	0.23	0.01

Table 2. Mechanical properties of the test material.

YS	UTS	USE	T _{41J}	RT _{NDT}
485 MPa	594 MPa	90.6 J	-21	-23

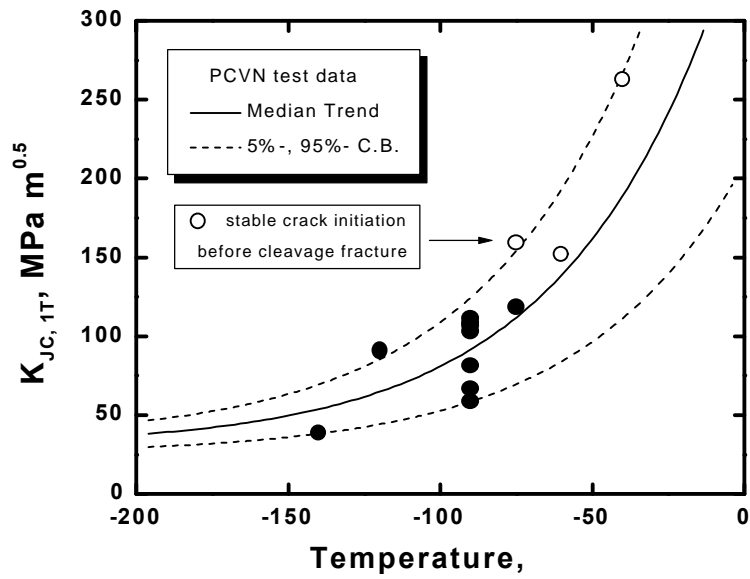


Fig. 1 Fracture toughness test result from PCVN specimens with the ASTM master curve trend lines ($T_0 = -83^\circ\text{C}$)

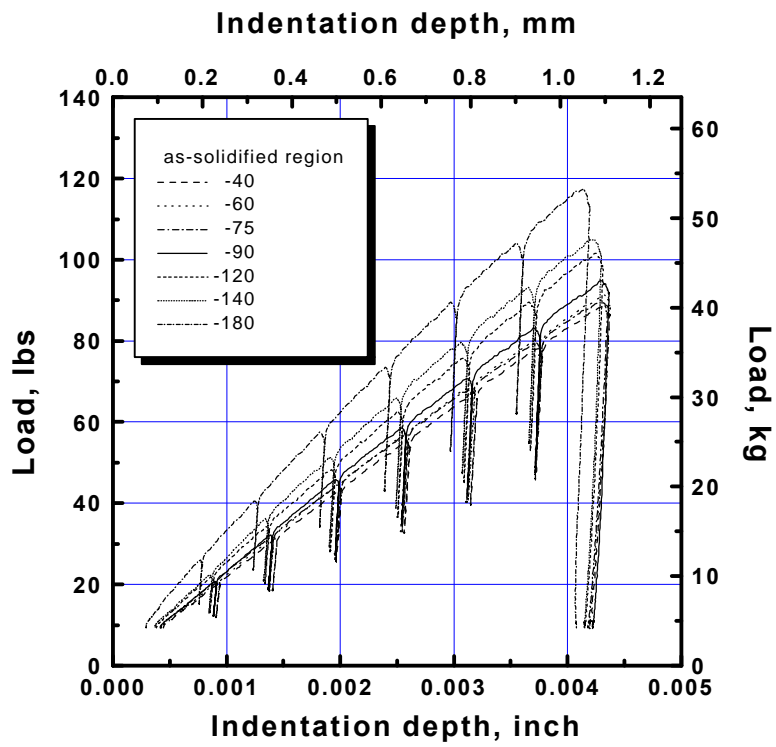


Fig. 2 Indentation load-depth curves at different temperatures in ABI tests

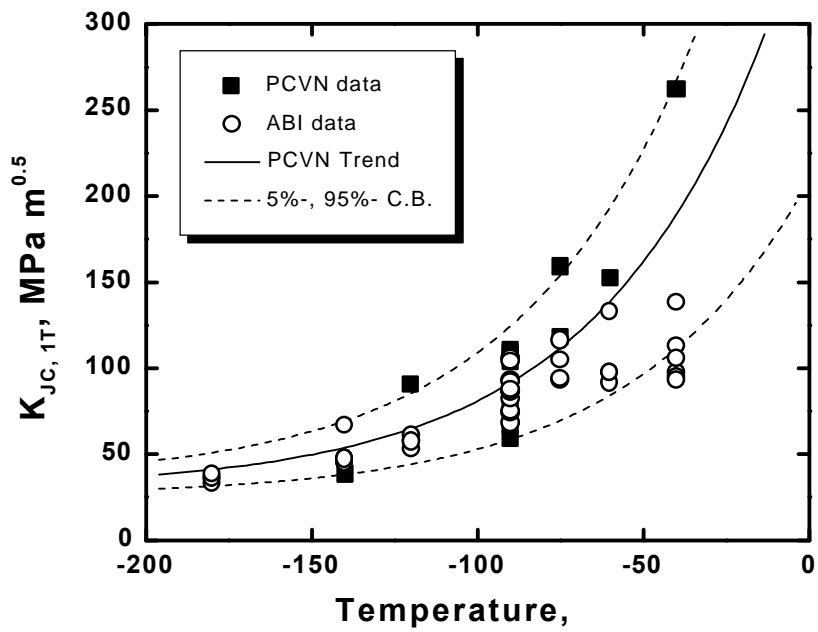


Fig. 3 Fracture toughness data estimated from ABI tests with the actual PCVN test data.

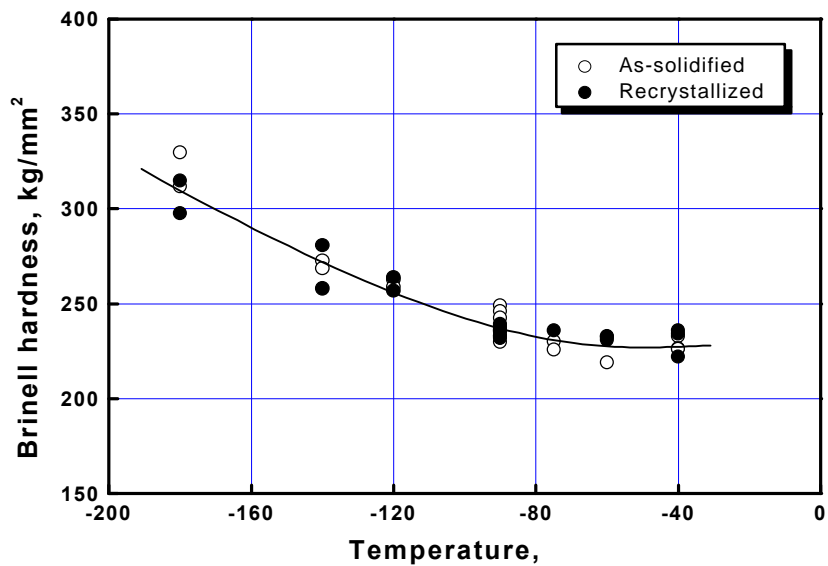


Fig. 4 Brinell hardness data from ABI tests for two different welding structures.