

CANFLEX-NU

Water CHF

The Analysis of Water CHF Test Data for CANFLEX-NU Fuel Bundle

(uncrept )  
 CANFLEX(CANDU Flexible)-NU  
 (3.3% 5.1% crept )  
 (Natural Uranium) (Water) (CHF, Critical Heat Flux)  
 CHF  
 OSV(onset of significant void) CHF  
 가  
 Water CHF , 37- 가  
 CANFLEX-NU

Summary

This paper presented the analysis results of the water CHF(Critical Heat Flux) test data of CANFLEX(CANDU Flexible)-NU(Natural Uranium) bundle in uncrept and axially non-uniform(3.3% and 5.1%) crept pressure tubes for simulating the deformation of pressure tube with the plant operating period. The data analysis resulted in the derivation of boiling-length-average CHF correlation for the application of the thermal hydraulic design code, as the optimal CHF correlation, defining the OSV(onset of significant void) point as the location of boiling start-up. The correlation has functions of dimensionless parameters of mass flux, pressure, quality as well as the eccentricity of the bundle according to the pressure tube creep, thus it provides for the capability of thermal margin evaluation through the plant operating period. It is expected that the CANFLEX-NU fuel bundle will compensate for the thermal margin decrease due to the reactor ageing, by the simple calculation of the relative thermal margin to the 37-element bundle based on water CHF test data.

1.

(KAERI) (AECL) CANFLEX-NU  
(light water) CHF . ,  
(uncrept )  
(3.3% 5.1% crept ) [1], CANDU  
Water CHF Stern  
Lab. [2] . CHF ,  
[1] .  
[3]  
CANFLEX-NU (CHF) . CANDU  
NUCIRC [3]  
가 , [1] CHF  
가 .  
CHF  
, (local conditions) , ,  
Significant Void) [4] , OSV OSV(Onset of  
CHF  
. CANFLEX-NU CHF [1] CHF  
CHF , Water  
CHF 37-  
CANFLEX-NU CANDU-6 가 .

2. CHF

2.1 OSV

CANFLEX-NU Water CHF CHF  
, , , , . CHF  
, Water CHF  
CHF , CANDU-6  
NUCIRC [3] 가  
[5,6] CHF 3 가  
, (local heat flux), (BLA, boiling-length-average)  
(critical quality) . BLA CHF 가  
CHF 가 [4]  
. Water CHF CHF .

BLA (tube) (annular film dryout) (ONB  
 , onset of nucleate boiling) ONB 가  
 (saturation) 가 ,  
 가 ONB 가  
 (cross-sectional  
 average) 가  
 가  
 (subcooled flow) ( ) ONB가  
 , ONB 가 가 ,  
 37 Water CHF [7]  
 OSV ONB 가  
 (collapse) 가  
 OSV 가  
 , OSV  
 (pressure profile)  
 ONB Water CHF  
 가 , ONB  
 OSV [8]  
 2.2 OSV CHF  
 OSV  
 1 1 OSV  
 가 1  
 OSV [4]  
 Water CHF  
 [1] 13  
 1 OSV  
 CHF ONB/OSV , ODS(onset of dry sheath) Water

CHF 가 OSV OSV OSV

$$X_{osv} = f \left( Bo, Re, \frac{\rho_g}{\rho_f}, \right)$$

,  $\epsilon$  (relative eccentricity) [7]

CHF OSV

$$q''_{CHF} = \frac{1}{Z_{DO} - Z_{OSV}} \int_{Z_{OSV}}^{Z_{DO}} q''_{local} dz$$

,  $Z_{DO}$ ,  $Z_{OSV}$  OSV (heat balance) OSV ( $X_{osv}$ )

CHF,  $q''_{CHF}$ ,

CHF ( $P$ ), ( $G$ ), ( $X_{DO}$ ) ( $\epsilon$ )

CHF

$$q''_{CHF} = f(P, G, X_{DO}, \epsilon)$$

CANFLEX-NU CHF

( $Bo$ ), ( $\Psi$ )

( $\frac{\rho_f}{\rho_g}$ ), ( $X_{DO}$ ) ( $\epsilon$ )

$$Bo = f \left( \frac{\rho_f}{\rho_g}, \Psi, X_{DO}, \epsilon \right)$$

$$\Psi = \frac{G \cdot D_{hy}^{0.5}}{\sigma^{0.5} \cdot \rho_f^{0.5}} \quad Bo = \frac{q''_{CHF}}{G \cdot H_{fg}} \quad \sigma \quad H_{fg}$$

$D_{hy}$ ,  $\rho_f$ ,  $\rho_g$ ,  $G$ , 가 , ,

### 3.

#### 3.1 CHF

2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 5.1%, 3.3%  
Uncrept CANFLEX-NU CHF, OSV

$$(q''_{OSV}) \quad (X = 0)$$
$$(q''_{bla})$$

Uncrept 4, 7, 10, 5.1%, 3.3%  
11 MPa 17 kg/s

$q''_{OSV}$  가

CHF  $q''_{bla}$

,  $q''_{bla}$  가

(scatter)

$q''_{OSV}$   $q''_{bla}$  가  $q''_{bla}$

가

가, OSV

#### 3.2 CHF

CHF

OSV OSV

$q''_{CHF}$

11 가

$q''_{CHF}$  CHF

,  $q''_{OSV}$  OSV

,  $q''_{bla}$

,  $q''_{loc}$

$q''_{CHF}$   $q''_{OSV}$  가 1

CANDU CHF 가

(boundary condition) 가 Water CHF

CHF 가

가

CHF 가

$$X_{osv} \quad q_{CHF}''$$

(light water) CHF

(fluid-to-fluid model)

(heavy water)

CHF

5.1% , 3.3% Uncrept

CANFLEX-NU

[3]

### 3.3 CHF 가

12 13 Water CHF

$$q_{CHF}''$$

Water CHF

RMS(root mean square)

$$Error = \frac{Predicted Value - Measured Value}{Measured Value}$$

$$Avg = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Error)_i \quad RMS = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Error)_i^2}$$

5.1% , 3.3% Uncrept 291 CHF

, CHF RMS 1.76%, 5.34%

RMS -0.63%, 2.88%

가 Water CHF

가

CHF RMS 0.24%, 5.10%

RMS -1.54%, 3.44% , 가

### 3.4 가

CANDU 가

CHF

[5].

Water CHF

CANFLEX-NU 가[5] KAERI  
 , Water CHF  
 AECL-CRL CHF  
 CHF , ,  
 가 Water CHF , Water  
 CHF [1] , 5.1% , 3.3% Uncrept  
 가가 가  
 CANFLEX-NU Water CHF NUCIRC  
 [9]  
 가 CANFLEX-NU 37  
 2.7% 가[5] -0.7%  
 1% 가 0.26% 가[9]  
 Water CHF  
 1% 가 0.58% 가  
 CANFLEX-NU [1, 8] 37 Stern Lab.  
 Water CHF [2, 7] 가 9, 11  
 MPa CANFLEX-NU 37  
 5.1% 14 20% 3.3% 6 11%  
 가  
 3.3% 5.1% CANFLEX-NU 37  
 5% 9%  
 가 CANFLEX-NU 37  
 가 가

4.

- CANFLEX-NU water CHF , 가 OSV
- CHF가 CHF CHF
- 가 CANFLEX-NU
- CHF OSV CHF
- CANFLEX-NU

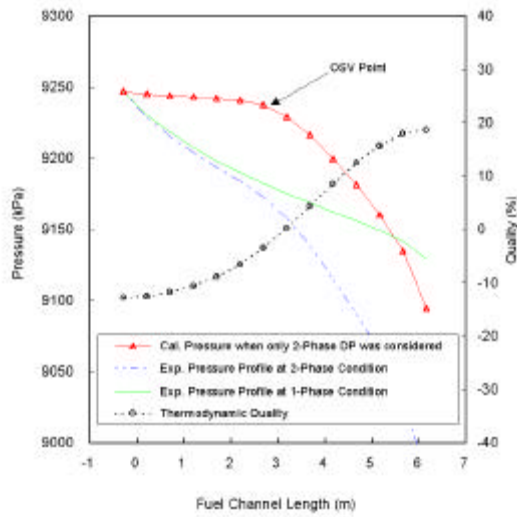
5.

KAERI/AECL

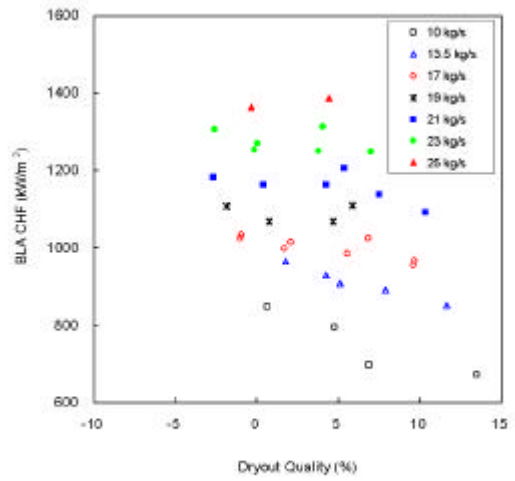
CANFLEX Water CHF AECL G.R. Dimmick,  
L.K.H. Leung, D.E. Bullock, W.W. Inch Stern Laboratories R.A. Fortman, G.I. Hadaller,  
R.C. Hayes, D. Shin, F. Stern

- [1] , , , " CANFLEX-NU Water CHF ", 2000  
, 2000.5.26
- [2] R.A. Fortman, G.I. Hadaller, R.C. Hayes and F. Stern, "Heat Transfer Studies with CANDU Fuel Simulators", the 5th International Conference on Nuclear Engineering, ICONE5, 1997 May, Nice, France.
- [3] J.H. Park, J.S. Jun, H.C. Suk "Description of Updated NUCIRC code for CANFLEX Bundle Application", KAERI/TR-1333/99, 1999.6
- [4] L.K.H. Leung, D.C. Groeneveld, G.R. Dimmick, D.E. Bullock, and W.W. Inch, "Critical Heat Flux and Pressure Drop for a CANFLEX Bundle String inside an Axially Non-Uniform Flow Channel", the 6th International Conference on CANDU Fuel, Canadian Nuclear Society, 1999 September 26-29.
- [5] Jun, Ji-Su and et. al., "The CCP Assessment of CANDU-6 Channel Loaded with CANFLEX-NU Fuel Bundle", Proceeding of the KNS Spring Meeting Kwangju, May, 1997
- [6] Jun, Ji-Su and et. al., "The CCP Sensitivity Study of Axial Flux Distribution for CANFLEX-NU Fuel Bundle", Proceeding of the KNS Autumn Meeting Taegu, October, 1997
- [7] L.K.H. Leung, D.C. Groeneveld and G. Hotte, "Prediction Method to Account for the Effect of Pressure-Tube Diametral Creep on Critical Heat Flux and Pressure Drop for a 37-Element Bundle String", 19th CNS Simulation Symposium, 1995 October, Hamilton.
- [8] G.R. Dimmick, W.W. Inch, J.S. Jun, H.C. Suk, G.I. Hadaller, R.A. Fortman and R.C. Hayes, "Full Scale Water CHF Testing of the CANFLEX Bundle", the 6th International Conference on CANDU Fuel, Canadian Nuclear Society, 1999 September 26-29.
- [9] , , , "CANFLEX CANDU-6 CCP ",  
KAERI/TR-893/97, 1997.8

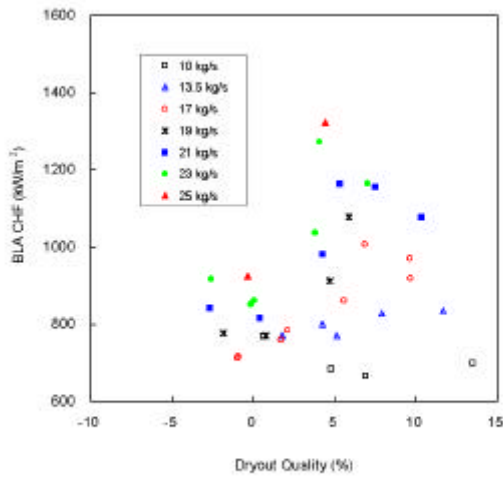




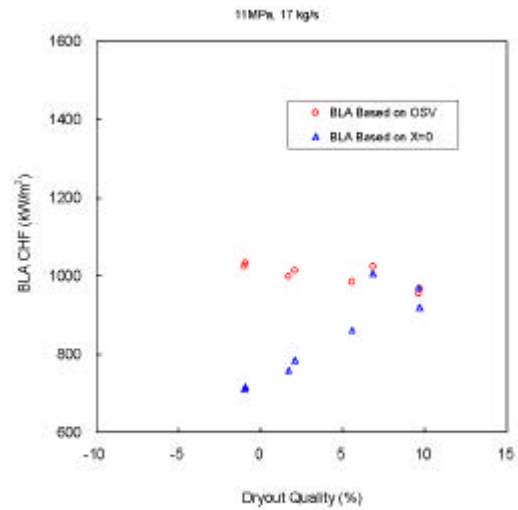
1 The Pressure Profiles to Define the Location of OSV Point



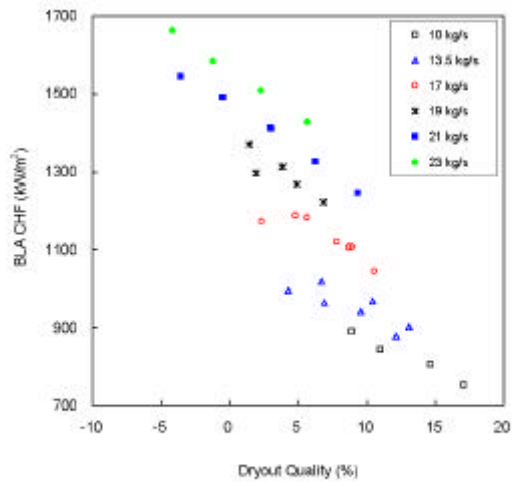
2 The BLA CHF Values Based on OSV Point for 5.1% Crept Tube (11 MPa)



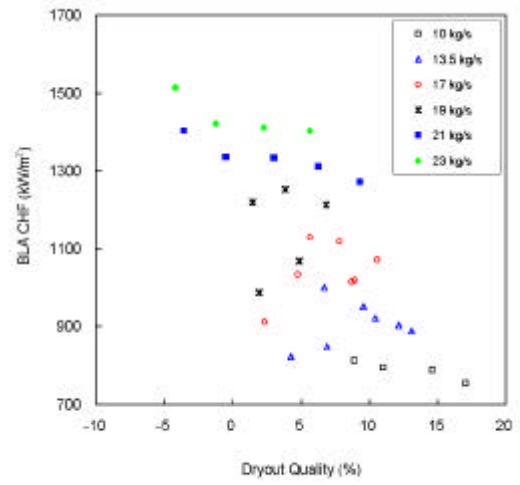
3 The BLA CHF Values Based on Saturation Point for 5.1% Crept Tube (11 MPa)



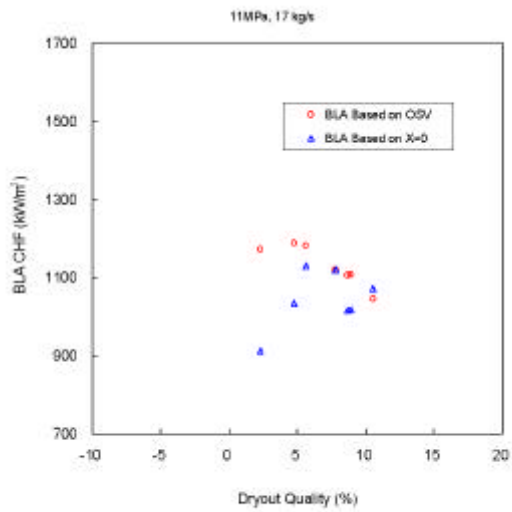
4 The Difference in BLA CHF between the OSV-Based and the Saturation-Based for 5.1% Crept Tube (11 MPa)



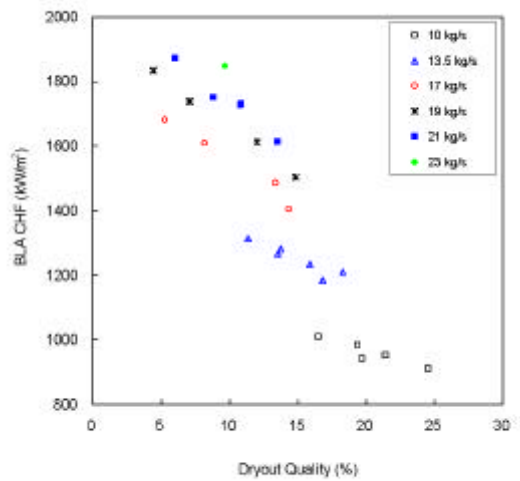
5 The BLA CHF Values Based on OSV Point for 3.3% Crept Tube (11 MPa)



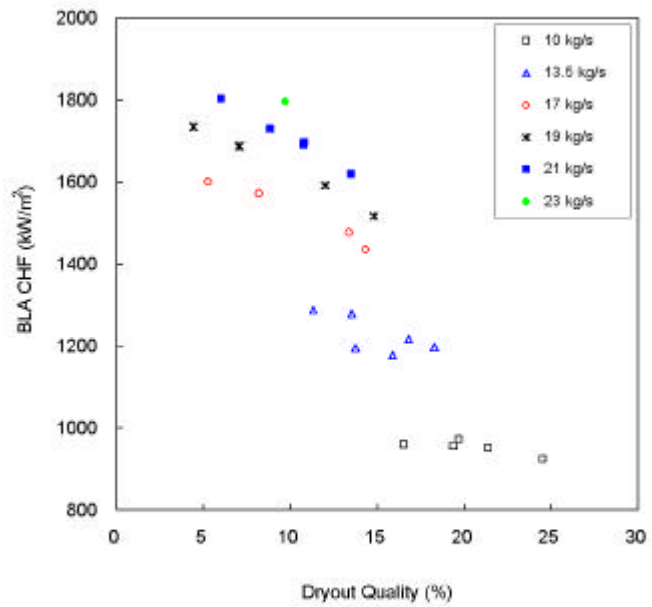
6 The BLA CHF Values Based on Saturation Point for 3.3% Crept Tube (11 MPa)



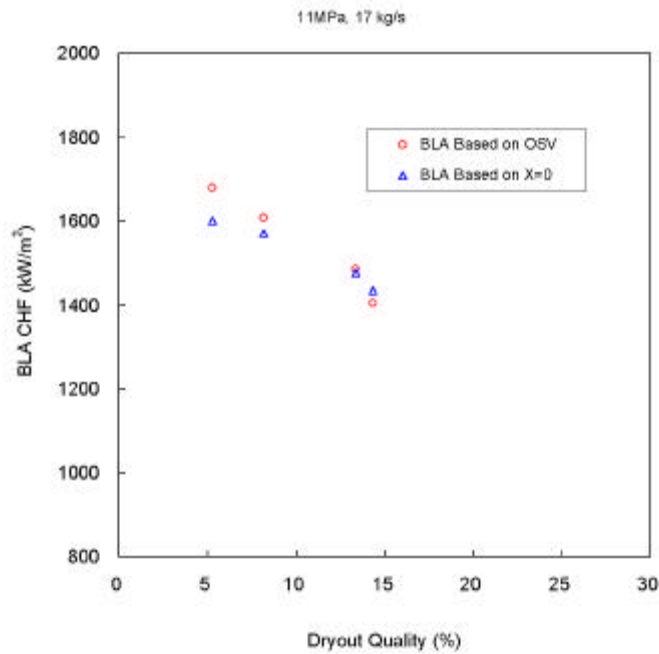
7 The Difference in BLA CHF between the OSV-Based and the Saturation-Based for 3.3% Crept Tube (11 MPa)



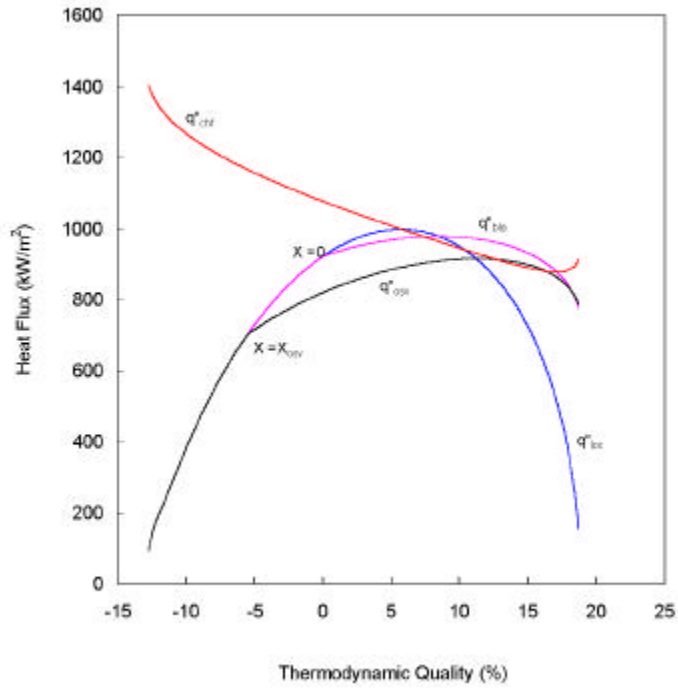
8 The BLA CHF Values Based on OSV Point for Uncrept Tube (11 MPa)



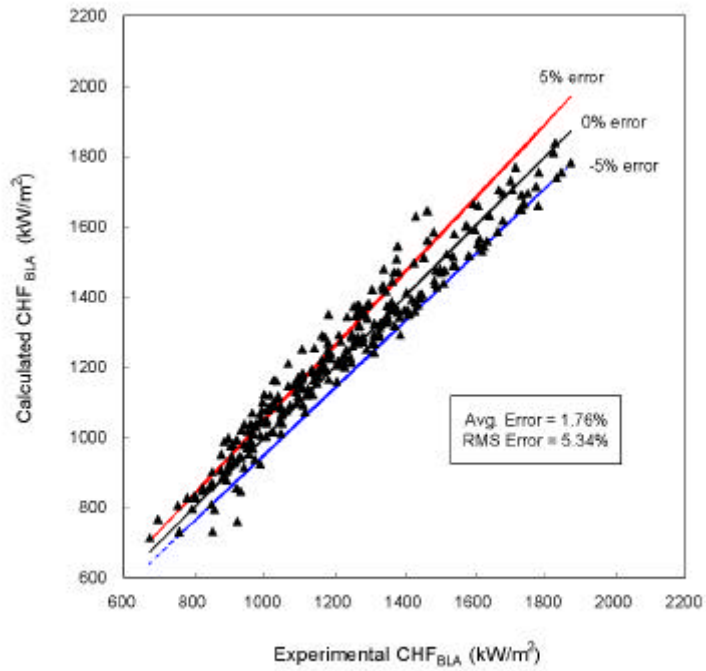
9 The BLA CHF Values Based on Saturation Point for Uncrept Tube (11 MPa)



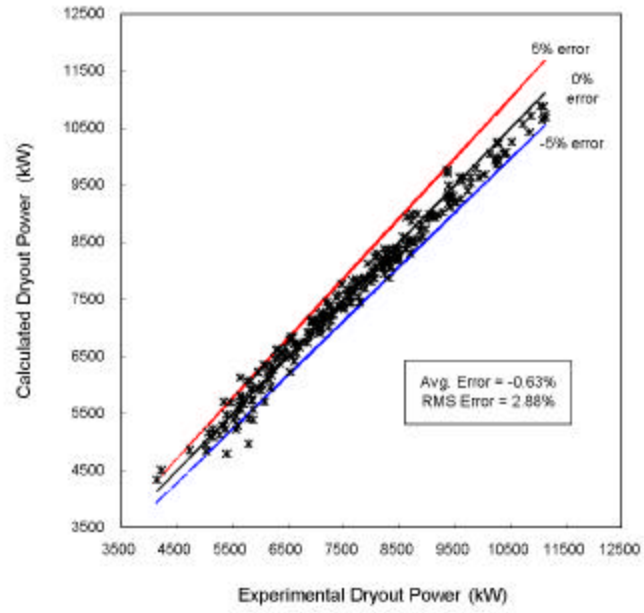
10 The Difference in BLA CHF between the OSV-Based and the Saturation-Based for Uncrept Tube (11 MPa)



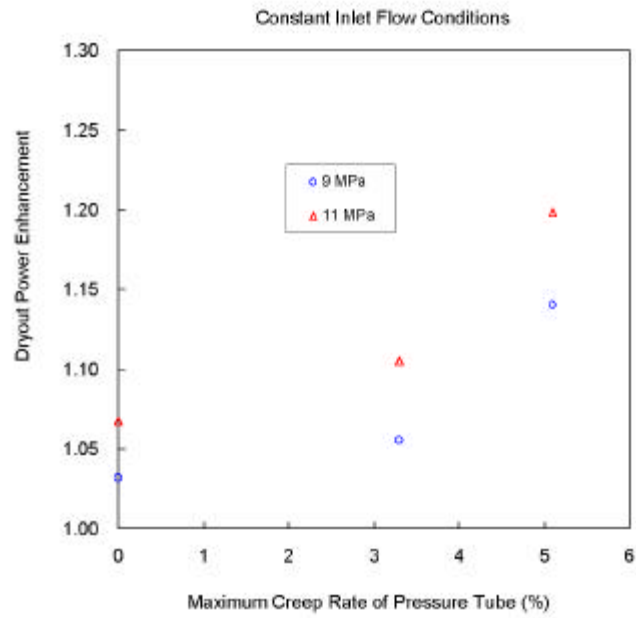
11 The Behavior of Various Heat Flux Profiles



12 The CHF Prediction Error



13 The Dryout Power Prediction Error



14 The Relative Increase of Dryout Power