

A study on Calibration Reduction of Instrument Channels for Digital Limitation System

65

가 SPRT

Abstract

A major objective of the study is prescribing instrument performance through analyzing on-line signals on instrument channels, deciding calibration period, reducing unnecessary maintenance, decreasing equipment damage. Through using neural networks for sensor signal validation method and SPRT for statistical performance evaluation method which is one of the most important issues in system performance analysis on instrument channels, detect drift and fault of instrument, deciding calibration period, a better system maintenance for instrument calibrations will be discussed.

1.

(I&C)

가
(Time-Directed Maintenance) (Condition Directed
Maintenance) (Predictive Maintenance) 가

가 가 [1]-[3].

(Tech. Spec)

(non-service)

가

가

(RPS: Reactor Protection System)[4]

가

2.

4

가
CEAC(Control Element Assembly Calculator) 2 1-out-
of-2 가 가 가

Model-Free

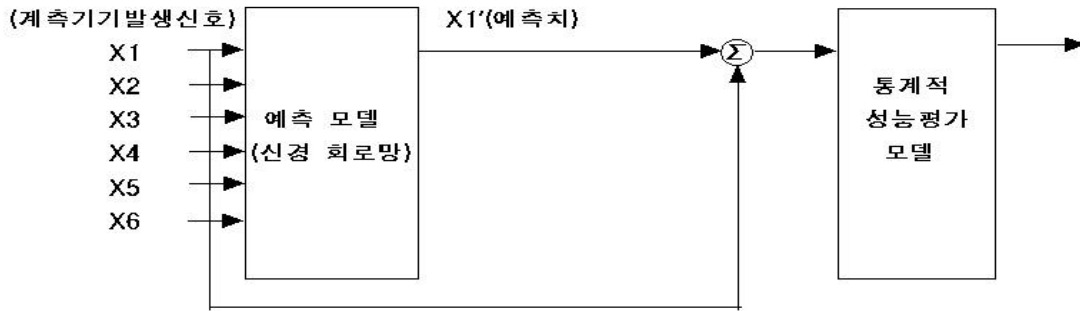
residual

가 가
Probability Ratio Test) 가 Wald[1945] SPRT (Sequential

1

[5]-[7]

가



1

residual
가
SPRT

SPRT specified missed and false alarm probability[Upadhyaya, 1987]

가

3.

3.1

3.2

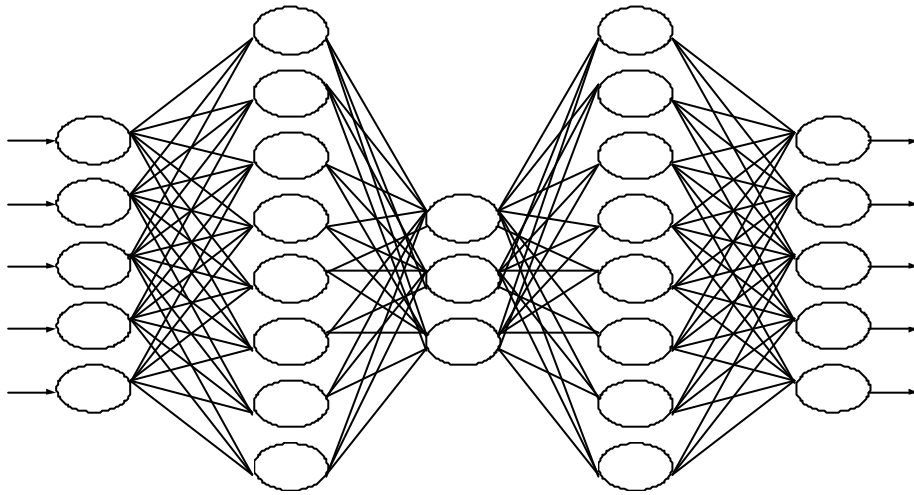
가

0.1- 0.9

4.

4.1

3 5 2 3
가
가
3



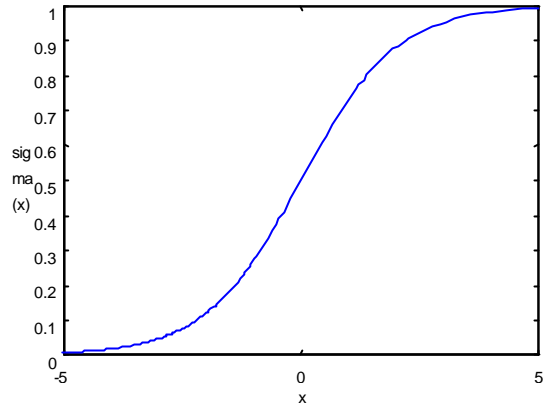
2 5

3

sigmoidal

$$s(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

3



3 Sigmoidal

4.2

가 over-fitting ,
 가 Kramer , Final Prediction Error(FPE) Akaike's Information theoretic Criterion(AIC)[8]가

$$M/m \cong 1.25 , \quad M/f \cong 1.6 , \quad m/f \cong 1.3$$

1.

1	5	6	4	6	5
2	4	5	3	5	4

5.

가

poor generalization

MATLAB feed-

forward backpropagation Neural Network

가

가

가

가

가

6.

가

residual

가

residual

가

Wald[1945]

SPRT(Sequential Probability Ratio Test)

specified missed and

false alarm probability[Upadhyaya, 1987]

가

가

가

가

(Fluctuation)

가

x

가

$$\mathbf{e}_m = x(t_m) - \hat{x}(t_m) \tag{1}$$

$x(t_m)$: , t_m

$\hat{x}(t_m)$: t_m $x(t_m)$ 가

$$E = \{\mathbf{e}_1, \mathbf{e}_2, \mathbf{e}_3, \Lambda, \mathbf{e}_n\} \quad \text{SPRT}$$

test 가

가, \mathbf{m}_0 \mathbf{s}_0^2 가

가

$$P_0(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{m}_0, \mathbf{s}_0^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\mathbf{p}\mathbf{s}_0^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{(\mathbf{e} - \mathbf{m}_0)^2}{2\mathbf{s}_0^2}\right] \quad (2)$$

\mathbf{m} \mathbf{s}^2

\mathbf{m}_1 가 H_1
 \mathbf{s}_1^2 가 H_1

가 H_0 가 가

$P_1(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{m}_1, \mathbf{s}_1^2)$ (Threshold)
 가 SPRT Likelihood Ratio(LR)

LR

$$\mathbf{g}_1 = \frac{P_1(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{m}_1, \mathbf{s}_1^2)}{P_1(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{m}_0, \mathbf{s}_0^2)} \quad (3)$$

가

LR

$$\mathbf{g}_n = \frac{P_1(\mathbf{e}_1/H_1)P_1(\mathbf{e}_2/H_1)\Lambda P_1(\mathbf{e}_n/H_1)}{P_0(\mathbf{e}_1/H_0)P_0(\mathbf{e}_2/H_0)\Lambda P_0(\mathbf{e}_n/H_0)} = \frac{P_1(E/H_1)}{P_0(E/H_0)} \quad (4)$$

H_0 :

H_1 :

LR

Log Likelihood Ratio(LLR) \mathbf{I}_n

$$I_n = \sum_{i=1}^n \ln \left[\frac{P_1(\mathbf{e}_i / H_1)}{P_0(\mathbf{e}_i / H_0)} \right] \quad (5)$$

$$I_n = I_{n-1} + \ln \left[\frac{P_1(\mathbf{e}_i / H_1)}{P_0(\mathbf{e}_i / H_0)} \right]$$

가 가 가

$$P_1(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{m}_1, \mathbf{s}_1^2) \quad P_0(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{m}_0, \mathbf{s}_0^2) \quad \text{가}$$

$$I_n = I_{n-1} + \frac{\mathbf{e}_n^2}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mathbf{s}_0^2} - \frac{1}{\mathbf{s}_1^2} \right] + \mathbf{e}_n \left[\frac{\mathbf{m}_1}{\mathbf{s}_1^2} - \frac{\mathbf{m}_0}{\mathbf{s}_0^2} \right] + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathbf{m}_0^2}{\mathbf{s}_1^2} - \frac{\mathbf{m}_1^2}{\mathbf{s}_0^2} \right] + \ln \left[\frac{\mathbf{s}_0}{\mathbf{s}_1} \right] \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{s}_1^2 \quad \mathbf{s}_0^2$$

$$\mathbf{m}_0 = 0 \quad (7)$$

$$I_n = I_{n-1} + \frac{\mathbf{m}_1}{\mathbf{s}_0^2} \left[\mathbf{e}_n - \frac{\mathbf{m}_1}{2} \right] \quad (8)$$

$$\text{noise} \quad \mathbf{m}_1 = \mathbf{m}_0 = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$I_n = I_{n-1} + \frac{\mathbf{e}_n}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\mathbf{s}_0^2} - \frac{1}{\mathbf{s}_1^2} \right] + \ln \left[\frac{\mathbf{s}_0}{\mathbf{s}_1} \right] \quad (9)$$

(8) (9)

(8) (9) LLR
LLR A LLR

A

가

B

e

\mathbf{m}_0

\mathbf{m}_1

가

\mathbf{e}

P_1

P_0

, LLR

가

가

A B

$$A = \ln\left[\frac{b}{1-a}\right], \quad B = \ln\left[\frac{1-b}{a}\right] \quad (10)$$

a : (FAP, False Alarm Probability)

b : (MAP, Missed Alarm Probability)

가

7.

가 (B), (B), (A),
(RC LOOP 1A DIFF PRESSURE) 5

5

modeling Matlab

MATLAB feed-forward

backpropagation Neural Network

가 (B), (B), (A),
(RC LOOP 1A DIFF PRESSURE), 5

0.1 -

0.9

$$y = 0.00018254x + 0.09240000$$

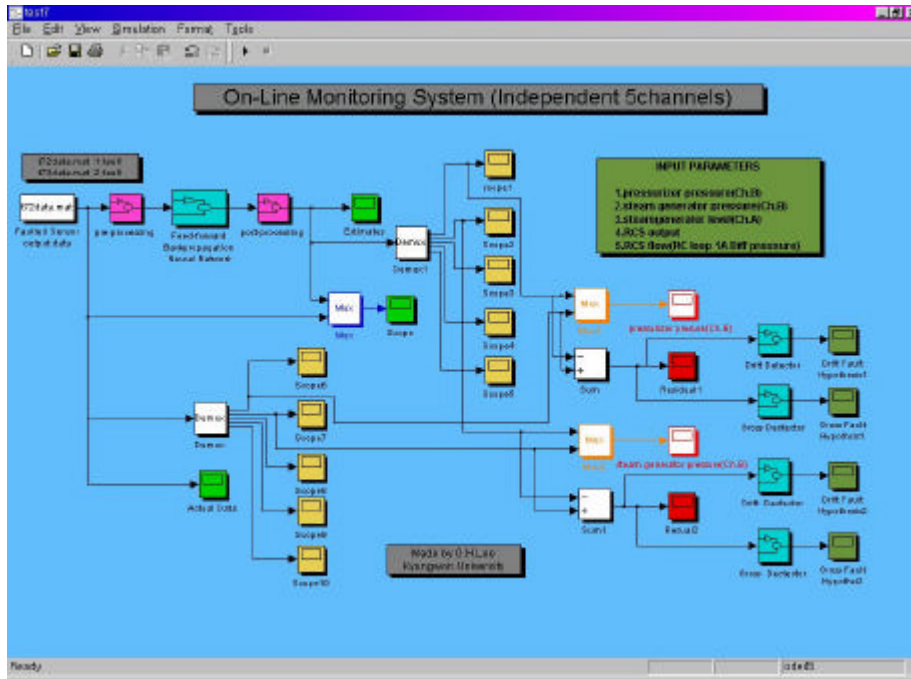
5 , 6 , 4
4 , 5 , 3
Log-sigmoid , Purelinear (activation
function) 178 Epoch

가 (B) (B)

SIMULINK [4] ,

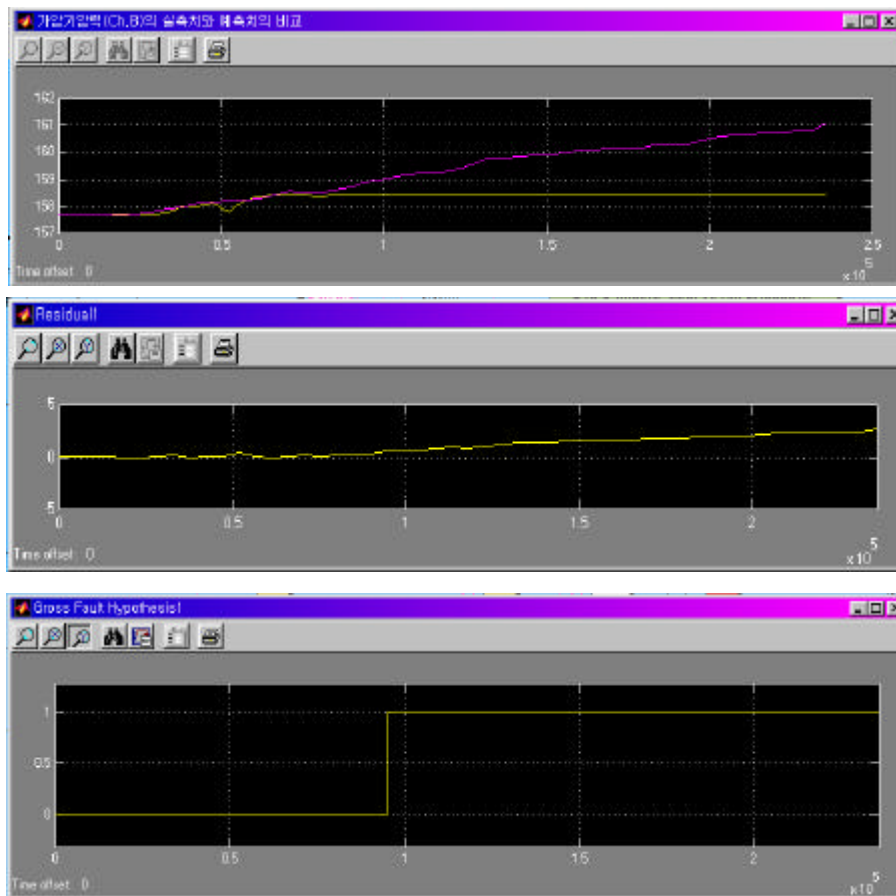
[5] - [6] 가 , 3

4 50



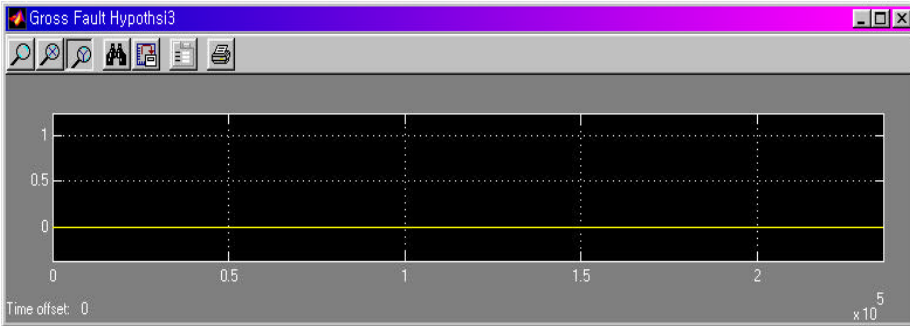
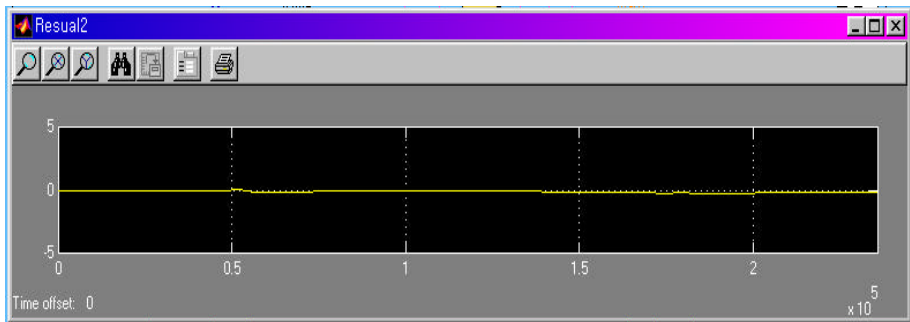
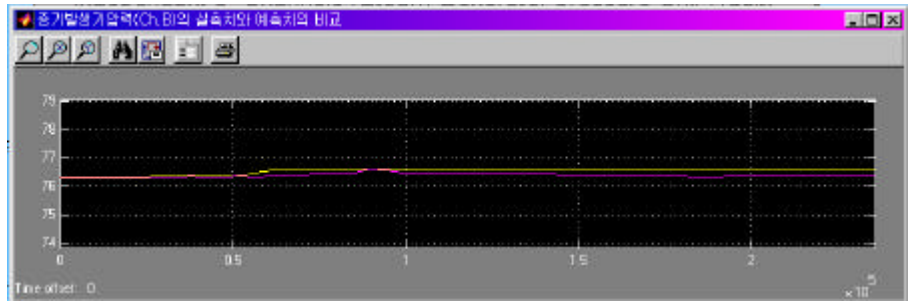
4

SIMULINK



5 가

(가)

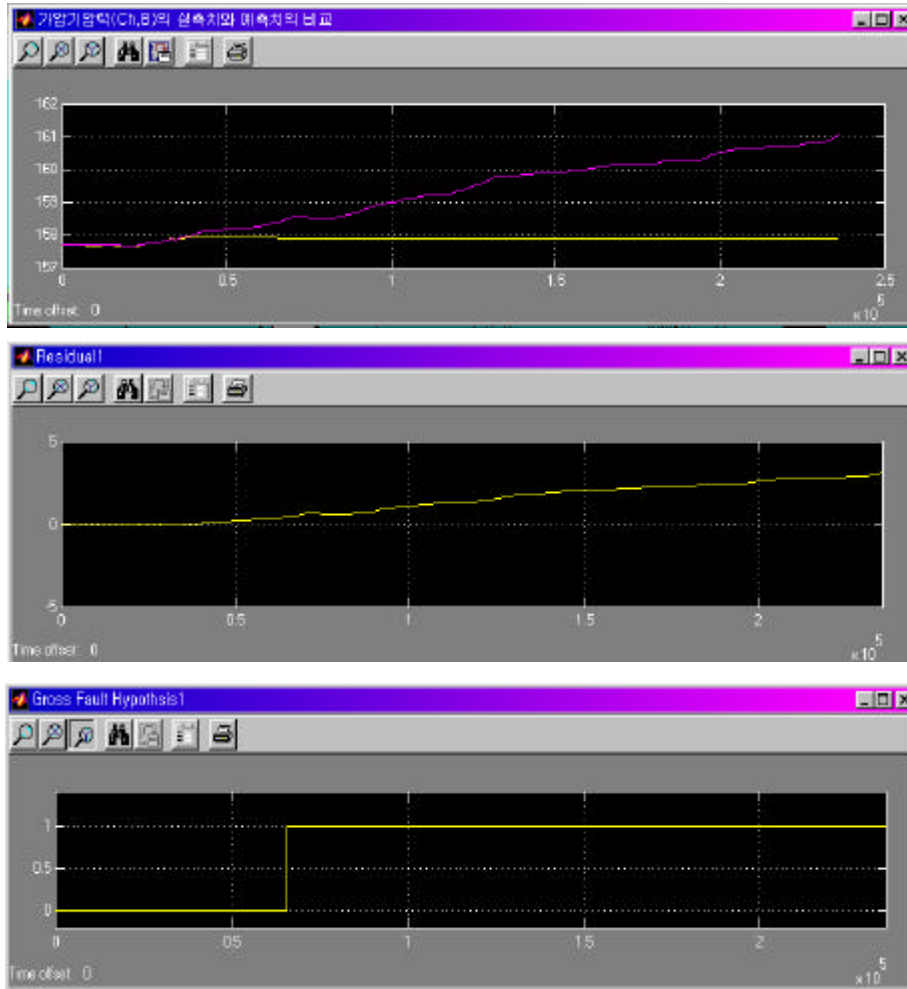


6 가 ()

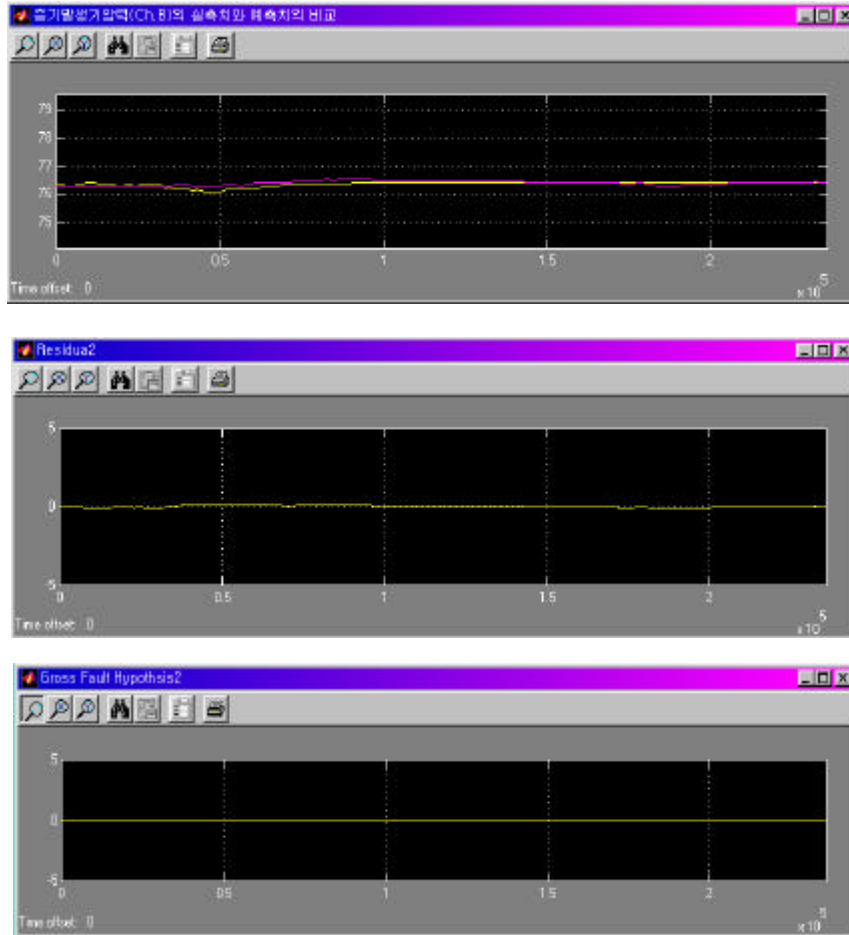
[5]- [6] 가 (B) , residual 가 0 1 . 1 , residual 가 . 4 가 , 4 가 가 (B) ,

[7] - [8]

residual 가 , "0" 가 residual
가 가



7 가 (가)



8 가 ()

8.

(RPS: Reactor Protection System)

가

가 SPRT(Sequential

Probability Ratio Test)[9][10]

가 가 , 가
가 가 , ,
 ,

8.

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