An Experimental Study on the Pool Boiling Heat Transfer on a Square Surface



Abstract

An experimental study was carried out to identify the various regimes of natural convective boiling and to determine the Critical Heat Flux (CHF) on a square surface. The basic knowledge on the boiling heat transfer and CHF on the square surface is necessary for various engineering problems, such as the design of compact heat exchangers, cooling of CPU chips, and design of the external cooling mechanism for the reactor during the severe accidents in the nuclear power plants. The heater block made of copper with cartridge heaters in it is submerged in a water tank with windows for visualization. The heater surface has dimension of 70 mm x 70 mm and the maximum heat flux capacity is about 1.8 MW/nf. The boiling heat transfer coefficient for the various flow regimes up to CHF has been measured for upward facing surface, vertical surface, and nearly horizontal downward facing surfaces. The temperatures of the heater block are measured by the thermocouples imbedded in the heater block. As the heat flux increases from 100 kW/m^2 to 1.0 MW/m², the heat-transfer regime changes from the nucleate boiling to the CHF. Near 1.0 MW/m², the heat transfer regime suddenly changed from nucleate boiling to film boiling and it resulted in a rapid heat up of the heater block. The various boiling patterns on the vertical surface, upward facing surface, and downward facing surface are observed by a high speed video camera whose frame rate is 1000 fps. An explosive vapor generation on the heated surface, whose size and frequency is characterized by the heat flux and inclination angle, is observed.

1.

가 가 (Critical Heat Flux) (Nucleate boiling) (Film boiling) 가 가 가 가 . [1] [2,3], [4,5,6] 가 가 가 [4]. [4], 가 [5], [6] [5], 가 가 가 가 [6] 가 가 . 가 , , . 2. 1 (test section), 2.1 1MW/m^2 가 CHF $1.5 MW/m^2$. 가 70mm cartridge heater(KEBG0080C005A) Watlow 10mm 7 80mm, Watt density 7 29W/cm² (230V, 600W) 70 × 70mm 가 , 16 4 **×** 4 . 100mm 가 100mm 30mm 가 70mm 가 .

가 ±1	Omega ,	0.5mm T type	
4mm	4	4	16

•

,

(650。F) . . 2 가 .

2.2

9KW , test section 9KW , 400mm . pattern , Imersion heater

7ł . 2.3

10kW 300 10kW test section 가 3Way valve 가 가 가 .

3. 2 , , ,

1 16 T type K type 2 16 T type, 4 3 , 가 1 K type . 2 1 가 가 , 가

T type mV HP VXI 60Hz 가 가 , 3way valve Power tranducer HIOKI Hook meter , FLUKE , pattern .

4. ,

steady . 0.05M 0.1M step

1000frame 1 . , 0° . 6°

5.

가 . ,

5.1

0.89MW/m²

5.2 가

가 . 가 가 가 6 가 가 가 가 가 30 mm 가 • 가 . 9 , . 가 가 7 가 가 가 가 가 가 3-4 cm 8 . 가 가 가 가 가

가 가 ?

5.3



References:

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2. Heat Block















6-c



6-d

(0.1(6-a), 0.3(6-b), 0.8(6-c), 1(6-d)MW/m²)





7-a





7-c



7-d

 $(0.1, 0.3, 0.8, 1 MW/m^2)$





8-a

8-b

8.6°

 $(0.6, 0.8 MW/m^2)$



9-a. (side)



9-b. (front)



9-c.

9.



10.

quenching