

A Study on the fluidelastic instability effects of KSNP
steam generator tube for operation at reduced temperature (ORT)

*, , ,

150

, ,

103-16

(operation at reduced temperature; ORT)

가 ,
2 (fluidelastic
instability) 가
가 . 가 621°F
10°F 4.7%
가 가 .

Abstract

To increase the integrity of operating steam generator tubes, the operation at reduced temperature (ORT) can be applied, which reduce possibility of the crack initiation and crack growth rate by stress corrosion of tubes. But it may increases the fluidelastic instability of flow-induced vibration by mass flow rate change of the secondary coolant.

Therefore, the structural integrity of the tube bundle must be considered to apply the operation at reduced temperature (ORT) to the operating plants. In this study on KSNP steam generator tube, the fluidelastic instability is increased about 4.7% for a reduced primary fluid inlet temperature by 10°F.

1.

가 가
 , 가
 (fluid force) , (coupling)
 . 가
 , .
 , (flow-induced vibration) .
 2 가 ,
 가 .
 , 가
 , .
 (operation at reduced temperature ; ORT) .
 가
 (primary water stress corrosion cracking : PWSCC) 가
 , 2 .
 , (ORT)
 가 (fluidelastic instability)
 가 621°F 10°F가 611°F
 (thermal-hydraulic analysis)
 (EPRI) ATHOS3 Code .

2.

(, , U^2)
 (steam-water mixture) 2 (two phase)
 U 가 .
 가 가 가 (turbulence-induced
 vibration excitation), (periodic wake shedding)
 (fluidelastic instability) [1].

2 3
 가 .
 가 가 .
 가 ,
 가 .
 . Connors[2,3] 1970
 가

M.J.Pettigrew, R.D.Bleveins, M.K.Au-Yang
 Connors 가
 가 ,

3.

2
 (modal analysis) .
 가
 가 ,
 (acceptance criteria) 가 .
 가
 가
 3 .

(1) (thermal-hydraulic analysis)

가 2

, 2 가

ATHOS3 [4] .

ATHOS3 7 .

(tubeshhet) 1

(shroud) ,

7

IX=16 , IY=18 , IZ=43 . ,

(KEPRI)

가 621°F 611°F .

ATHOS3

621°F 3,4 [5]

가 .

(2) (modal analysis)

가

가 가 (span) .

가 (hydrodynamic added mass)

(m_0) [1].

$$m_o = r_t A_t + r_i A_i + C_m r_o A_o \text{ ----- (1-1)}$$

, r_t , r_i r_o 1 2 , C_m 가

, A_t , A_i , A_o , .

- ; 0.75 in., 0.042 in.
- ; Inconel 600 (E = 28.5 * 10⁶ psi @ 650°F)

(3)

가

가 . 가 가

가

(fluidelastic Instability)

가

Connors[2,3]가

(critical velocity)

가

(effective velocity;

V_{EFF})

가

$$\frac{V_r}{fd} = K_n \sqrt{\frac{m_0 V_0}{r_0 d^2}} \quad \text{----- (1-2)}$$

, V_r

, f

, d

, r_0

, m_0

가 (hydrodynamic added mass)

, V_0

. n

(가)

(K)

K

4

3,4

[5]

,

가

$K=3.2$

[1]

($K=3.3$)

가

U-Bend

$K=7.1$

()

가

(C_m)

가

Blevins가

[1]

● 가 ; $C_m = 3.1$ (), $C_m = 1.7$ ()

() (damping ratio, ζ)

5

System80

[5,7]

U-Bend

[1] Pettigrew가 2 (two-

phase) void fraction(%)

() (modal analysis)

가

ANSYS Code[6]

4

critical mode shape

6

() (critical velocity, V_{cr})

K

Connors가

(1-2)

() (effective velocity; V_{EFF})

(cross flow)

(single span)

(multi span)

(effective velocity; V_{EFF})

$V(x)$

$$V_{EFF} = \sqrt{\frac{\int (\mathbf{r}(x) / \mathbf{r}_o) V^2(x) \mathbf{f}_n^2(x) dx}{\int (m(x) / m_o) \mathbf{f}_n^2(x) dx}} \quad \text{----- (1-3)}$$

, m_o 가 , r_o 2
 , $V(x)$ 2 , $r(x)$, f_n n
 . (1-3) , 가

()

가

1 .
 가 U
 (mass flow rate) 8% 가 .

가 가 . U 2
 8 .

, 가 ,
 가 .

가 1

(611°F) 가 U 2
 가 가 .

4.

(ORT) 가
 , 2 가
 U (fluidelastic instability) 가

621°F 4.7% 가
 . , (operation at reduced temperature;
 ORT) 가

5.

[1] Welding Council Bulletin No. 372 "Guidelines for Flow-Induced Vibration Prevention in Heat Exchangers", Sandifer, J. B., May, 1992.

[2] Connors, H. J., Jr., "Fluidelastic Vibration of Tube Arrays Excited by Nonuniform Cross Flow", Flow-Induced Vibration of Power Plant Components, ASME, PVP-41, 1980.

[3] Connors, H. J., Jr., "Fluidelastic Vibration of heat Exchanger Tube Arrays" ASME Paper No. 77-DET-90, 1977.

[4] Keeton, L. W., et al., "ATHOS3 : A Computer Program for Thermal Hydraulic Analysis of Steam Generators", EPRI Report NP-4604-CCM, Vol.1-3, 1986.

[5] Beard, N.L., Fanselau, R.W., Heilker, W.J. and Thakkar, J.G., "Flow Induced Vibration Analysis YGN 3 and 4 Steam Generator Economizer and Lower Tube Bundle", CENC-1838, ABB-CE, 1988.

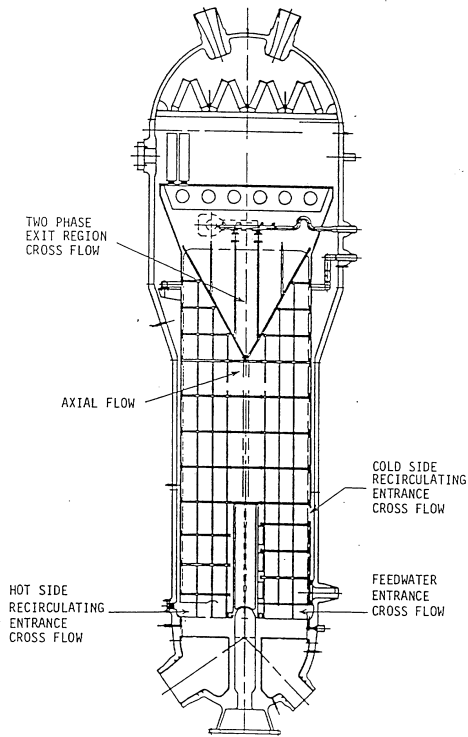
[6] ANSYS Computer Code, Release 5.3, ANSYS Inc.

[7] Heilker, W. J., Beard, N. L., Park, J. Y., "Flow Induced Vibration Analysis in Support of Design of the Yonggwang Unit 3&4 Steam Generators", Proceedings of the International Symposium of Pressure Vessel Technology and Nuclear Code and Standards, April 19-21, 1989.

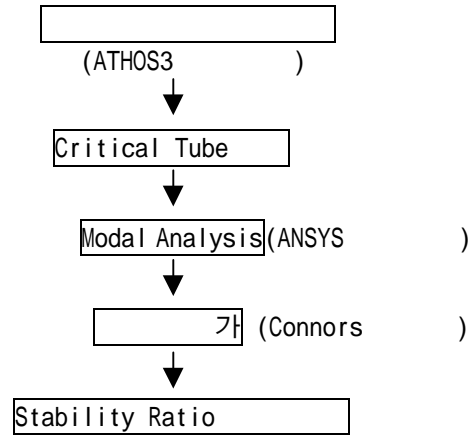
1.

가

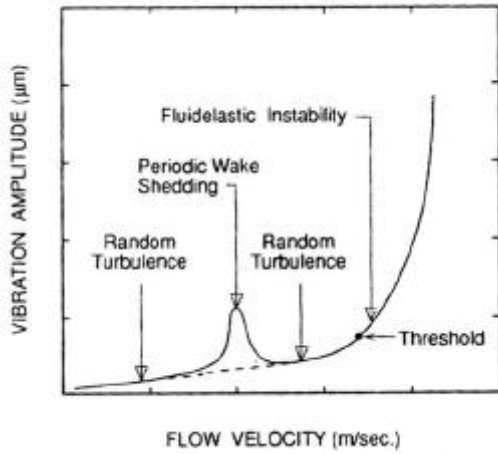
		621 °F	611 °F	
(cold side recirculating entrance region)	[Hz]	130.01	129.43	-0.45%
	[ft/sec]	1.1174	1.1311	1.23%
	[ft/sec]	11.5813	11.4939	-0.75%
		0.0964	0.0984	2.07%
(feedwater entrance region)	[Hz]	288.59	287.18	-0.49%
	[ft/sec]	0.9323	0.9014	-3.31%
	[ft/sec]	22.7915	22.5725	-0.96%
		0.0409	0.0399	-2.44%
(hot side recirculating entrance region)	[Hz]	228.10	228.84	0.32%
	[ft/sec]	3.2871	3.4361	4.53%
	[ft/sec]	21.8052	21.9827	0.81%
		0.1507	0.1563	3.72%
2 (two phase flow at fluid exit region)	[Hz]	32.868	33.004	0.41%
	[ft/sec]	10.8632	11.8567	9.15%
	[ft/sec]	16.5738	17.2747	4.23%
		0.6554	0.6863	4.71%



1.

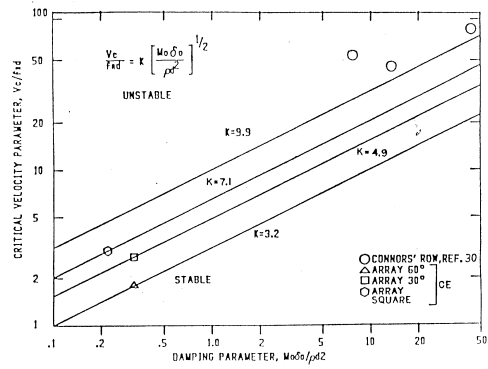


3.



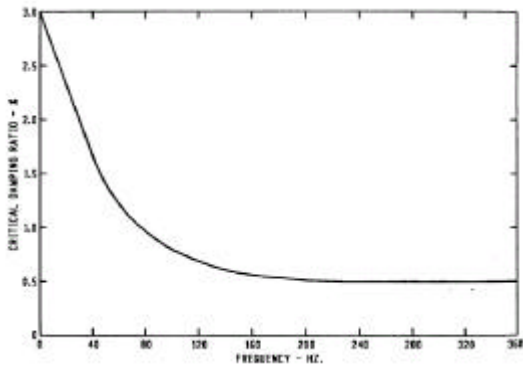
2.

가



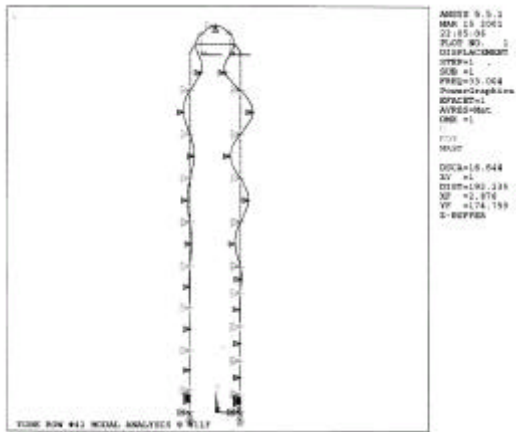
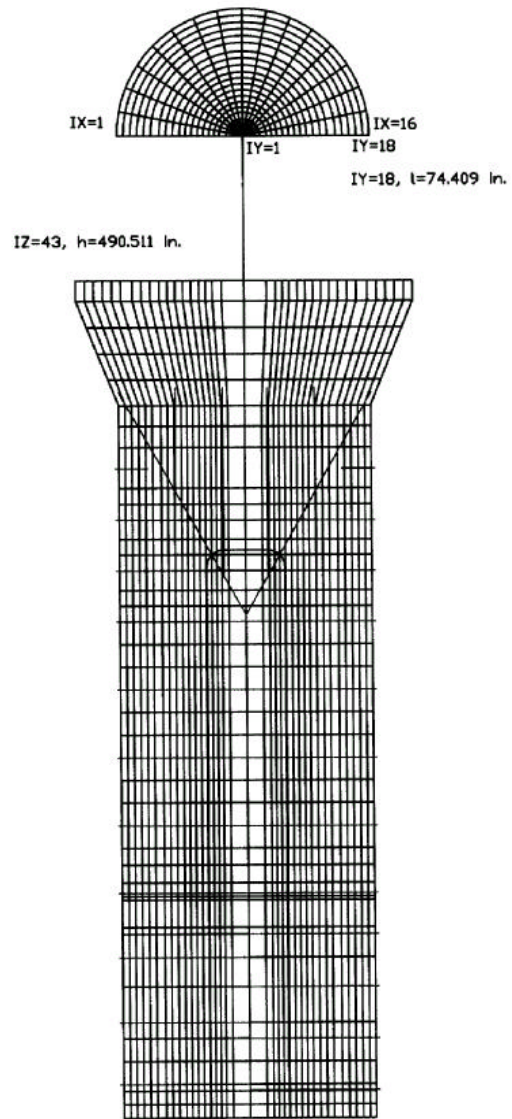
4.

[5,7]



5.

vs.
[5,7]



(Mode Shape No.1 at 33.004 Hz)

6.

가
(; 611°F).

7.

ATHOS3 Code
(IX=16, IY=18, IZ =43)

8.

(cross flow) (가)

