Top Nozzle Holddown Spring Optimization of KSNP Fuel Assembly

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Abstract

Design optimization is performed to minimize the weight of top nozzle holddown spring for Korea Standard Nuclear Plant (KSNP) fuel assembly. Under the assumption that spring material density is constant, the volume minimization is executed by using the design variables, viz. wire diameter, mean coil diameter, number of coil turns, free length etc. And also constraint conditions are established to make sure that shear stress is not more than allowable one, and wire diameter and mean coil diameter are within the compatible range of the fuel assembly structural components. Based on these conditions, the least-weight-gained optimum design of the holddown spring is prosecuted by reflecting design conditions during the normal operation.

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2.

2.1 (W) r,

D d 1 \uparrow \uparrow

 $T = W r = \frac{t p d^3}{16} \tag{1}$

 $t = \frac{16 \, rW}{p \, d^3} = \frac{8 \, D}{p \, d^3} W = \frac{8 \, C}{p \, d^2} W = \frac{8 \, C^3}{p \, D^2} W \tag{2}$

, D/d=2r/d=C , C

(2)

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K , (2) K

 $t = K \frac{16 rW}{p d^3} = K \frac{8D}{p d^3} W = K \frac{8C}{p d^2} W = K \frac{8C^3}{p D^2} W$ (3)

, Wahl , K Wahl \mathbf{K} C

K = (4C-1)/(4C-4) + 0.615/C(4)

d 가 D

C 4

C

가 C C

 $q = \frac{T L}{G I_o}$ (5)

, L: , G: , I_0 :

 $L = 2\pi rn, I = \pi d^4/32$ (5)

 $q = \frac{64 \ nr^{2}W}{GD^{4}}, \quad d = rq = \frac{64 \ nr^{3}W}{GD^{4}}$ (6)

2r=D, D/d = C (6)

 $d = \frac{8nD^{3}W}{Gd^{4}} = \frac{8nC^{3}W}{Gd} = \frac{8nC^{4}W}{GD}$ (7)

$$K_{s} = \frac{W}{d} = \frac{Gd^{4}}{8nD^{3}} = \frac{Gd}{8nC^{3}} = \frac{GD}{8nC^{3}} = \frac{Gd^{4}}{64nr^{3}}$$
(8)

2.2 가

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$$F(D,d,n) = V$$

$$= \boldsymbol{p} d^{2} \frac{\boldsymbol{p} D n}{4} = [\boldsymbol{p}^{2} d^{2} n D] \frac{1}{4}$$
(9)

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$$\frac{\partial F(D,d,n)}{\partial D} - \frac{\mathbf{p}^2 d^2 n}{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F(D,d,n)}{\partial d} - \frac{\mathbf{p}^2 d nD}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F(D,d,n)}{\partial n} - \frac{\mathbf{p}^2 d^2 D}{4} = 0$$
(10)

 τ (3) (11) , (12)

$$t = \frac{8 \, kwd}{\mathbf{p} \, d^{3}} = \frac{8 \, kKs \, \mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{p} \, d^{3}}$$

$$= \frac{8 \, d^{4} G \, \mathbf{d}}{8 \, D^{3} n \, \mathbf{p} \, d^{3}} \times \left[\frac{4 \, D - d}{4 \, D - 4 \, d} + \frac{0.615 \, d}{D} \right]$$

$$= \frac{dG \, \mathbf{d}}{D^{3} n \, \mathbf{p}} \times \left[\frac{4 \, D - d}{4 \, D - 4 \, d} + \frac{0.615 \, d}{D} \right]$$
(11)

$$f_1 = \frac{dG \ d}{D^3 n \ p} \times \left[\frac{4 D - d}{4 D - 4 d} + \frac{0.615 \ d}{D} \right] - t_{\text{max}} \le 0$$
 (12)

$$f_2 = \frac{8WD^3}{d^4G} - \mathbf{d} \le 0 \tag{13}$$

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가 가 (14), (15), (16)

 $f_3 = (D+d) - D_{OP} \le 0$ (14)

 $f_4 = - (D - d) + D_{IP} \le 0$ (15)

 $f_5 = -n < 0$ (16)

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 $f_{\text{marg in}} = W_{\text{feul weight}} + B_{\text{buoyance}} + P_{\text{spring force}} - (U_{\text{lift force}} + FM_{\text{flow maldistrib ution}} + JA_{\text{jitter allowance}} + CA_{\text{crud allowance}})$

가

가 가 2 2

가 가 1

ANSYS

Solid 45

Solid 가 6

가 110,000 psi

Solid 가

3.

가

가 3

가 가 ANSYS

가 Solid 가

4.

Fuel Design Report for YGN 3&4 Nuclear Fuel, KNFC, 1991

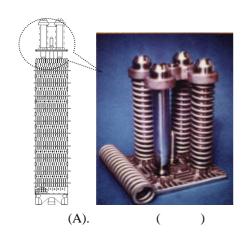
- 2. Shigley, J.E, Mechanical Engineering Design, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1977.
- 3. ANSYS/5.7, Swanson co., 2001

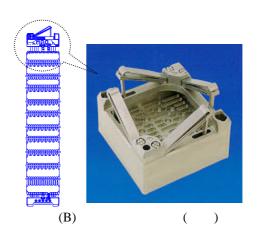
1. C K

D/d	4.0	4.25	4.5	4.75	5.0	5.25	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.5	9.0
K	1.39	1.36	1.34	1.32	1.30	1.28	1.27	1.24	1.22	1.20	1.18	1.17	1.16	1.15

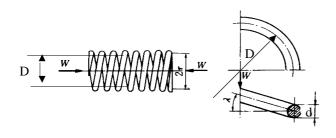
2.

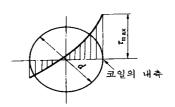
	d	D	N	V	Ks	Reference	
1	1.020 d	1.10 D	0.850 N	0.9958 V	1.002 Ks		
2	1.029 d	1.11 D	0.838 N	0.9902 V	1.013 Ks	Reference/Spring	
3	1.020 d	1.07 D	0.889 N	0.9944 V	1.023 Ks		





1.

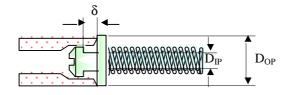


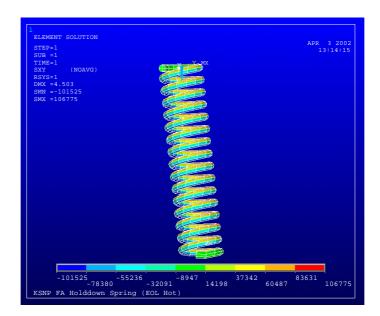


2. 3.

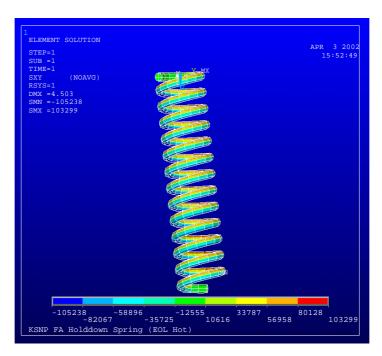
2. 0
1. 8
1. 6
1. 4
1. 2
1. 0
2 4 6 8 10 12

4. Wahl





(A)



(B) Optimized Spring