

MEGAPIE

CFD Analysis of the MEGAPIE Target without Bypass Injection

, , ,

150

MEGAPIE PSI SINQ 1MW
 Pb-Bi , , , ,
 . 2001 MEGAPIE
 . MEGAPIE
 . MEGAPIE
 가 . CFX 4
 . 가 가 가
 . 가 가 가 CFX 가
 가 551.8 °C 485.5 °C . 가
 . T-91 가 가
 가 가 가 .

Abstract

The MEGAPIE project is an international project to design, build, operate, examine and decommission a liquid Pb-Bi spallation target of 1 MW beam power making use of the existing SINQ facilities at PSI. KAERI started to be involved in the MEGAPIE project as an official partner since the end of 2001. In the present work, computational fluid dynamics (CFD) analysis was performed for the MEGAPIE target without bypass injection. Since the MEGAPIE target will adopt a bypass injection, the present analysis is for the case of the failure of bypass injection pump. The CFX 4 code was used for the analysis. Two cases were considered depending on the

orientation of the beam and the tilted surface of the guide tube. The first (Case A) is the case when the major axis of the proton beam is parallel to the major axis of the tilted surface of the guide tube. And the second (Case B) is the case when two axes are perpendicular each other. The CFX calculations show that the maximum window temperatures are 551.8 °C and 485.5 °C for the two cases, respectively. Therefore, it is concluded that Case B is better than Case A in terms of the window cooling and the window failure is unlikely to occur in case of the failure of the bypass injection pump.

1.

가 (accelerator-driven transmutation system)
 가 [1-2]. 가 , ,
 . Pb-Bi 가 .
 Pb-Bi .
 Pb-Bi 2000
 MEGAPIE (MEGAwatt Pilot Experiment) [3,4]. MEGAPIE PSI
 SINQ Pb-Bi 1MW 가
 1 MW Pb-Bi , , , , 2006
 . MEGAPIE 6 (PSI,
 CEA, CNRS, FZK, ENEA, SCK-CEN) 가, 2001
 JAERI DOE 가 9
 Pb-Bi ,
 Pb-Bi .
 MEGAPIE .
 MEGAPIE 가
 . CFX 4 [5] .

2. MEGAPIE

MEGAPIE 1 . MEGAPIE PSI
 SINQ SINQ
 . 가
 . 5.39 m Pb-Bi 가 1.5 . Pb-Bi
 82 . Pb-Bi .

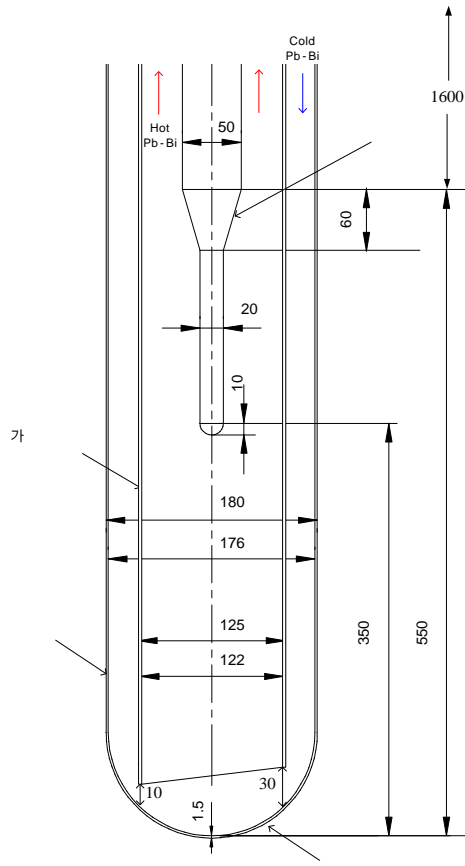
가 가 . Pb-Bi 가
 가 (central instrumentation rod) .

Pb-Bi
 ANSI-316 steel

Pb-Bi . T-91 steel 가



1. MEGAPIE



2. MEGAPIE

(:mm)

3.

3.1

2

2

2150mm

가

9 가

가

2

(y=0)

370000

Pb-Bi

0.5 mm

3.2

MEGAPIE

3

truncated 2D-Gaussian

[4].

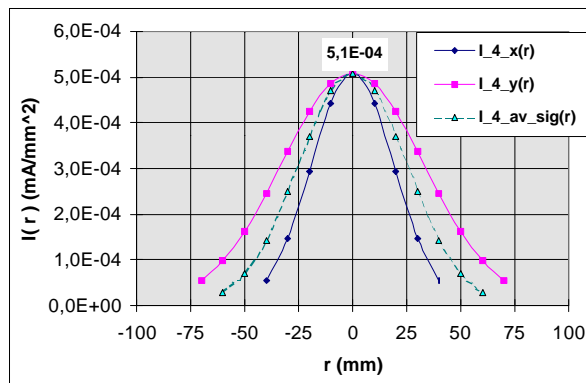
$\sigma_x(z)$

$\sigma_y(z)$

360

truncated 2D-Gaussian

가



3. MEGAPIE

(575 MeV, 1.74 mA

) [4]

LAHET

FLUKA

neutronic

FLUKA

27

cm

70%

[6].

[6]

FLUKA

fitting

Pb-

Bi

$$Q(z) = 1.35 \cdot 10^9 \cdot e^{-\frac{z}{z_a}} \cdot \left[1.0 - e^{-\frac{(z+z_b)}{z_c}} \right] \cdot \left[1.0 + 390.0 \cdot (z_d - z) \cdot e^{-\frac{|z_d - z|}{z_e}} \right] \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{x}{\sigma_x(z)} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{\sigma_y(z)} \right)^2 \right]} \quad (\text{W/m}^3) \quad (1)$$

, $Q(z) =$ (Watts/m³),

$z =$ (m),

$$z_a = 0.15, z_b = 0.045, z_c = 0.04, z_d = 0.265, z_e = 0.0055 \text{ (m)},$$

$$x, y = x, y \text{ (m)},$$

$$\sigma_x(z) = 0.031955 + 0.0179z + 0.04z^2 \text{ (m)},$$

$$\sigma_y(z) = 0.019652 - 0.0131z + 0.19z^2 \text{ (m)}.$$

3

truncated Gaussian

$$0.0 < z \leq 0.125m$$

가 truncated

$$F(x, y) = \left(\frac{x}{2.5\sigma_x} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{2.5\sigma_y} \right)^2 = 1 \quad (2)$$

$$Q = 0.91 * 10^9 * e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{x}{\sigma_x} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{\sigma_y} \right)^2 \right]} \text{ (W/m}^3\text{)} \quad (3)$$

$$\sigma_x = 0.0331m, \sigma_y = 0.019m. \quad (2)$$

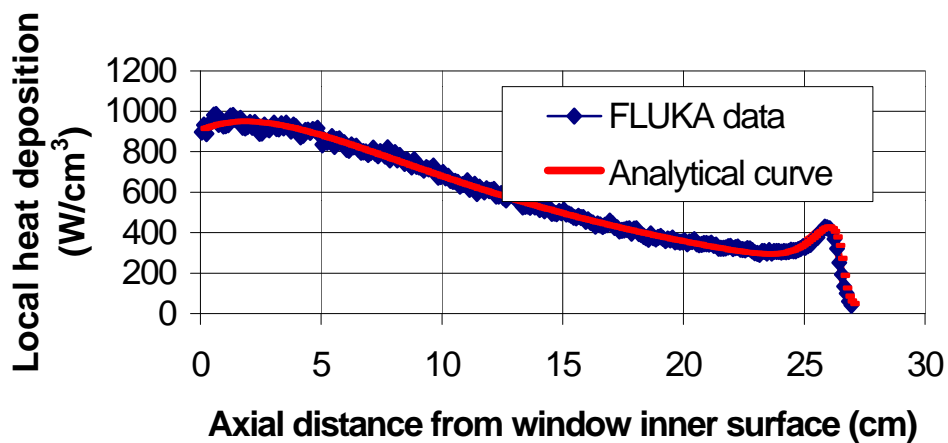
가

Pb-Bi

27cm

4 (1)

FLUKA



4. FLUKA

(1)

[6]

3.3

hybrid
logarithmic
turbulent Prandtl 0.9
k-ε
solver
SIMPLEC

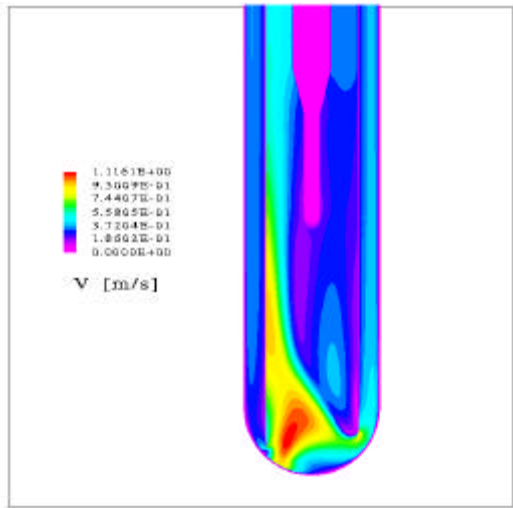
- U, V, W : Block Stone
- Pressure : ICCG
- k, ε : Line Solver
- Enthalpy : Block Stone

3.4 가

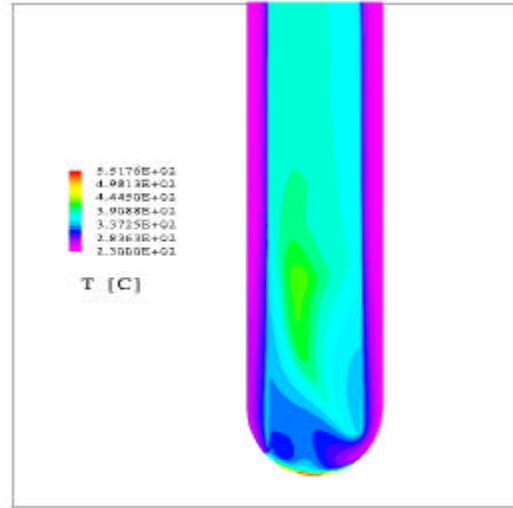
inlet, outlet, symmetry , 가 ,
conducting solid wall 가 가
inlet 가 Pb-Bi
40 kg/s, 230 °C .

4.

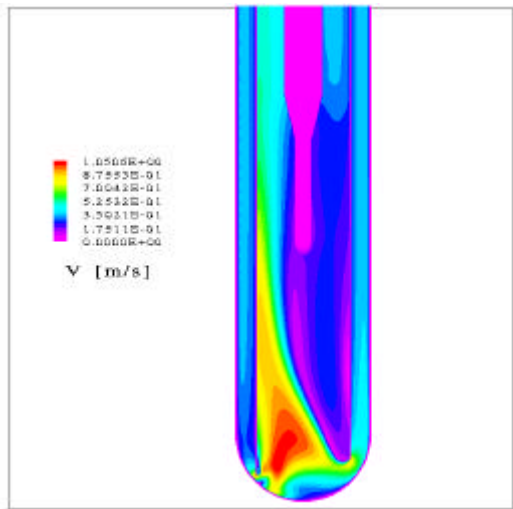
3 가 가 orientation
가 가 (Case A)
가 (Case B)
5 6 Case A 7 8 Case B
Case A Case B 1 CFX4
Case A Case B Pb-Bi 1.12 m/s 1.05 m/s
Case A Case B 가
가 Case A Case B 551.8 °C, 485.5 °C
가
T-91 가 Case A
Case B 66.3 °C 가 가



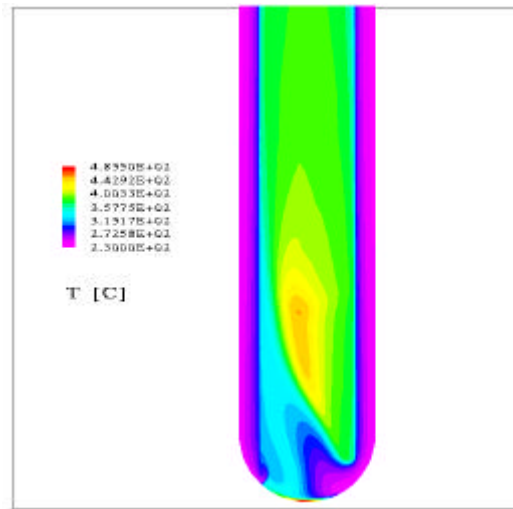
5. (Case A)



6. (Case A)



7. (Case B)



8. (Case B)

Case A 가 가 Case B 가

1

CRS4 L. Maciocco et al. STAR-CD [7]

1

STAR-CD

CFX 4

가 30~40 °C

Case B CFX 4

Pb-Bi 가

STAR-CD

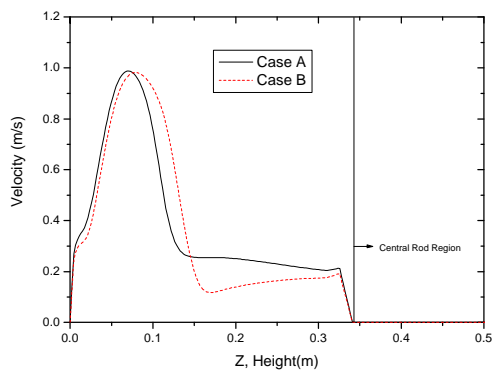
가 Benchmark M1.0

Benchmark

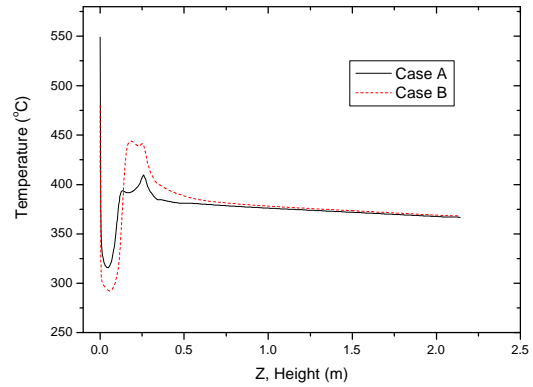
1. CFX 4

STAR-CD[7]

	Case A		Case B	
	CFX 4	STAR-CD	CFX4	STAR-CD
Pb-Bi	1.1161 m/s	1.347 m/s	1.0506 m/s	1.354 m/s
Pb-Bi	517.4 °C	486 °C	461.8 °C	425 °C
Pb-Bi	349.3 °C	352 °C	349.7 °C	352 °C
	517.4 °C	487 °C	461.8 °C	414 °C
	551.8 °C	521 °C	485.5 °C	447 °C
가	360.8 °C	376 °C	336.9 °C	370 °C
	390.6 °C	381 °C	403.4 °C	385 °C
/	7.142 MW	7.149 MW	7.140 MW	7.125 MW



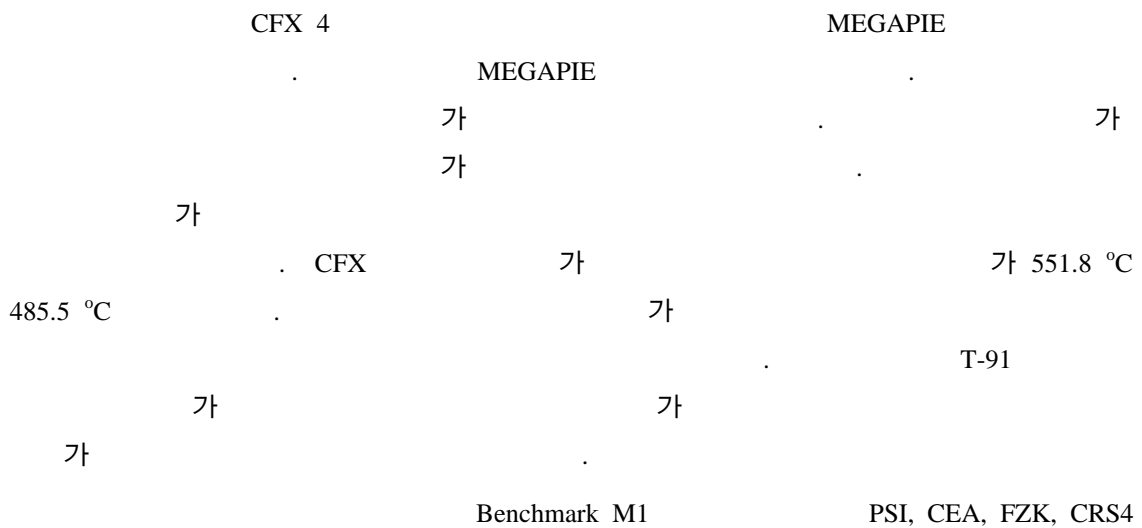
(a)



(b)

9.

5.



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