

3-dimensional Calculation for Applicability of the Modified Linear Scaling Methodology to ECC Bypass Phenomena

a*, a, a, b

a) , b)

150

FLUENT

(Downcomer)

1/4.93

APR1400

Impinging

Jet

1/5 APR1400

MIDAS APR1400

Abstract

A 3-dimensional calculation using the FLUENT code has been performed for conforming the applicability of the modified linear scaling methodology to ECC bypass during LBLOCA reflood phase. The modified linear scaled model has a 1/4.93 length scale for the downcomer gap, height, and cold leg diameter. The air flow condition is considered to simulate a steam discharge condition during the late reflood phase of the APR1400 LBLOCA. The scale effects on the similarity of flow patterns, pressure distributions and impinging jet are numerically tested for both APR1400 and MIDAS facility. From the calculation on various parameters, it is found that the 1/5 modified linear scaled model and APR1400 show similar flow fields. And it is believed that the modified linear scaling law, applied the design of the MIDAS, give a reasonable results to preserve hydrodynamic similarity to APR1400.

APR1400 가

(, 2000, , 2000).

, 가
가 . ,

가

(,1999, , 1999).

FLUENT . APR1400 1:1
1/5

Impinging Wall Jet ,

2.

2.1

APR1400 FLUENT

TRAC

APR1400

(Cold leg Double Ended Guillotine Break)

3 가

3 . APR1400

180Kpa , 197°C .

1

Parameter	Scale	Scale Ratio*
Length	L	1/4.93
Area	L^2	1/24.3
Velocity	$L^{1/2}$	1/2.2
Flow rate	$L^{5/2}$	1/54
Pressure	1	1
Temperature	1	1

* : , 2001

APR1400 3

가 1:1

Reynolds Number

가

가 1/4.93

1/2.918, 1/4.299

APR1400

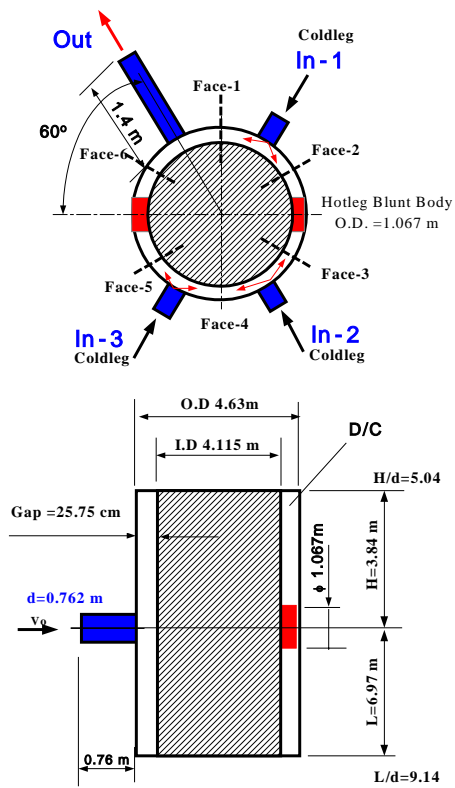
1/5

(Modified Linear Scaled Model)

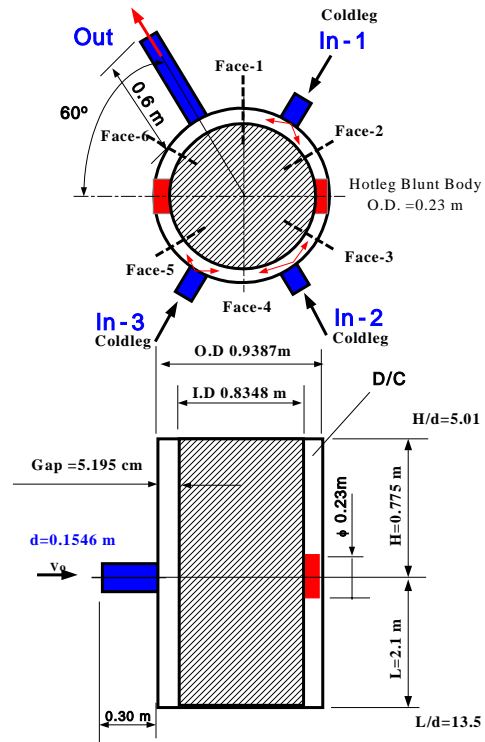
1/1, 1/2.2(= 1/√4.93),

1, APR1400 1:1

1



(a) APR1400



(b) 1/5

. 1 APR1400 1/5

2.2

DVI

3

FLUENT Version 5.5

Structured Grid

가

standard k-ε

(, 1999, , 1999). 180Kpa, 197°C

Reynolds Number

가

(1) (2)

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho V) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho V) + \nabla \cdot (\rho V V) = -\nabla p + \nabla \cdot \bar{\tau} + \rho \bar{g} + \bar{F} \quad (2)$$

$$\bar{\tau} = -\left(p + \frac{2}{3} \mu \operatorname{div} \bar{V}\right) \bar{I} + \mu D \quad (3)$$

$$\bar{\tau} = -\left(p + \frac{2}{3} \mu \operatorname{div} \bar{V}\right) \bar{I} + \mu D \quad (3)$$

$$\mu \quad I \quad D$$

(4)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho k) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}(\rho k u_i) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu + \frac{\mu_t}{\sigma_k} \right) \frac{\partial k}{\partial x_j} + G_k + G_b - \rho \varepsilon - Y_M + S_k \quad (4)$$

(5)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho \varepsilon) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}(\rho \varepsilon u_i) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu + \frac{\mu_t}{\sigma_\varepsilon} \right) \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial x_j} + C_{1\varepsilon} \frac{\varepsilon}{k} (G_k + C_{3\varepsilon} G_b) - C_{2\varepsilon} \rho \frac{\varepsilon^2}{k} + S_\varepsilon \quad (5)$$

$$(4) \quad (5) \quad G_k \quad , \quad G_b$$

$$C_{1\varepsilon}, C_{2\varepsilon}, C_{3\varepsilon}, \sigma_k$$

$$\sigma_\varepsilon, k, \varepsilon, \text{Prandtl number}, S_k, S_\varepsilon, k, \varepsilon$$

$$\mu_t, k, \varepsilon$$

$$\mu_t = \rho C_\mu \mu \frac{k^2}{\varepsilon} \quad (7)$$

$$C_{1\varepsilon}, C_{2\varepsilon}, C_\mu, \sigma_k, \sigma_\varepsilon \quad (8)$$

$$C_{1\varepsilon} = 1.44, C_{2\varepsilon} = 1.92, C_\mu = 0.09, \sigma_k = 1.0, \sigma_\varepsilon = 1.3 \quad (8)$$

DVI

1 (First Order Upwind Scheme)

Secondary SIMPLE (Semi-Implicit Method for Pressure-Linked Equations) (Body Fitted Coordinate System)

(Under-relaxation) 0.3 0.8 (Linear Relaxation) 0.7 10^{-3}

2.3

2 5 가 가 . APR1400 1/1 가 39.80m/s 가 39.80m/s, 30.00m/s, 20.00m/s 1 39.80m/s, 18.09m/s, 13.64m/s, 9.09m/s 2

CASE	Geometry	Inflow Velocity before Scale	Scaled Velocity
APR1400	APR1400	39.80m/s	39.80m/s
ML_Model_3980	ML_Model	87.56m/s	39.80m/s
ML_Model_1809	ML_Model	39.80m/s	18.09m/s
ML_Model_1364	ML_Model	30.00m/s	13.64m/s
ML_Model_0909	ML_Model	20.00m/s	9.09m/s

2

D/C

180kPa

No slip

, APR1400

451,050

15

3.

3.1

APR1400 1/1

3

4

Inlet 1, Inlet 2 , Inlet 3

가

가

가

(9)

$$b_{a_r} \rho_R = \frac{\rho V_{\theta}^2}{R_R} = \frac{\sqrt{l_R}}{\sqrt{l_R}} = 1 \quad (9)$$

가

1/1

1/5

3

Pressure

(:Pa)

	Inlet 1	Inlet 2	Inlet 3	Outlet	D/C
APR1400	180160	180394	180264	167007	179994
ML Model_3980	180202	180470	180336	166916	179997
ML Model_1809	180040	180096	180069	177286	180000
ML Model_1364	180022	180054	180038	178454	180000
ML Model_0909	180008	180022	180016	179310	180000

4

(:Pa)

	Inlet 1	Inlet 2	Inlet 3	(Velocity) ² to APR1400	Pressure to APR1400
APR1400_3908	13153	13386	13257	1/1	~ 1/1
ML Model_3980	13286	13420	13420	1/1	~ 1/1
ML Model_1809	2754	2783	2783	1/4.666	~1/4.809
ML Model_1364	1568	1585	1585	1/8.509	~1/8.445
ML Model_0909	698	706	706	1/18.481	~1/18.960

3.2 Streak Line

2 APR1400 1/1

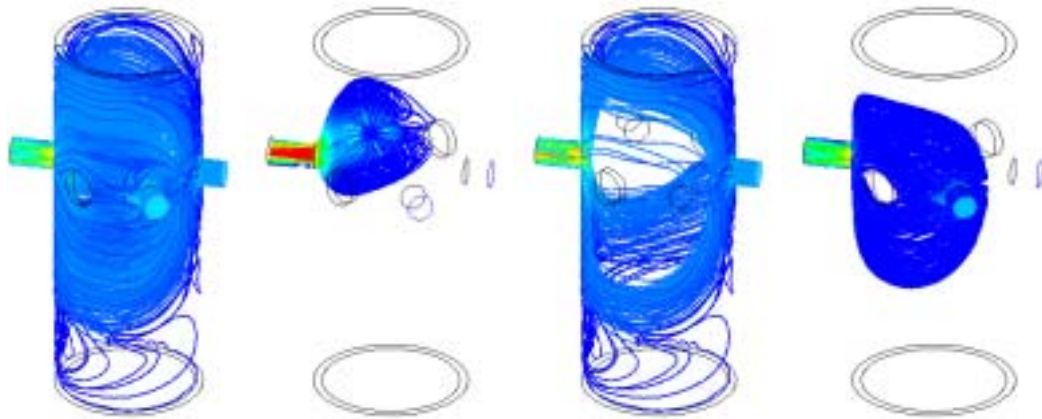
1/1 39.8 m/sec

Streak Line

Streak Line
 Wake
 Line

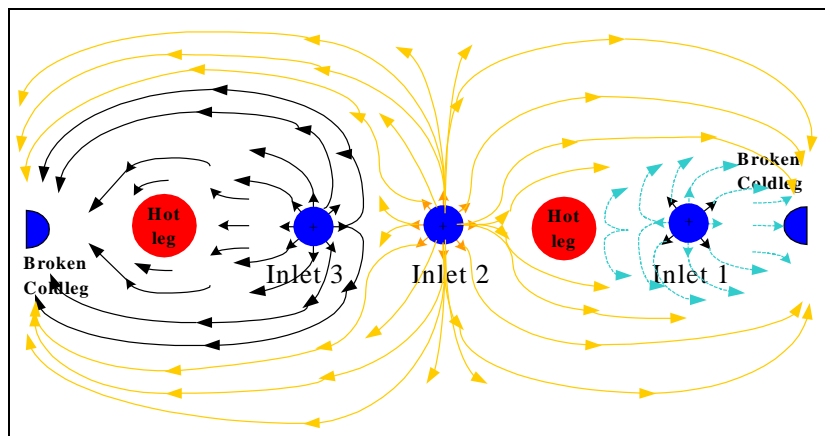
(a) Inlet 1
 (b) Inlet 1
 (c) Inlet 2
 (d) Inlet 2

Streak Line
 Inlet 2
 Streak

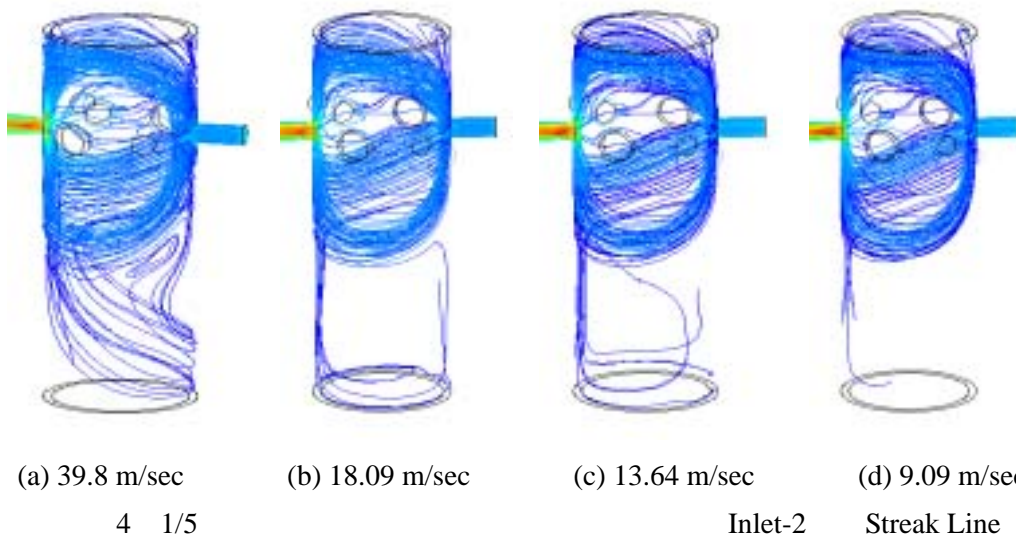


(a) All (b) Inlet-1 (c) Inlet-2 (d) Inlet-3
 2 APR1400 Streak Line

, Inlet 2 Inlet 1 Inlet 3
 Inlet 2 Inlet 2
 Inlet 3
 Inlet 2
 DVI
 Inlet 1 Inlet 3 DVI
 Inlet 1 Inlet 3
 Inlet 2 (c)



4 (a) (d) 1/5
Inlet 2



3.3

5

Inlet 1, Inlet 2 Inlet 3
2 Inlet 3
가
가
가

Gap 3/4 , 2
(Intensity of Vorticity)
가

6 $y/d_{Coldleg, inlet} = (+)1.0$ (-)1.0 (Vorticity)
(d) 2 7
 $y/d_{Coldleg, inlet} = (-)0.5, (+)0.5$
가

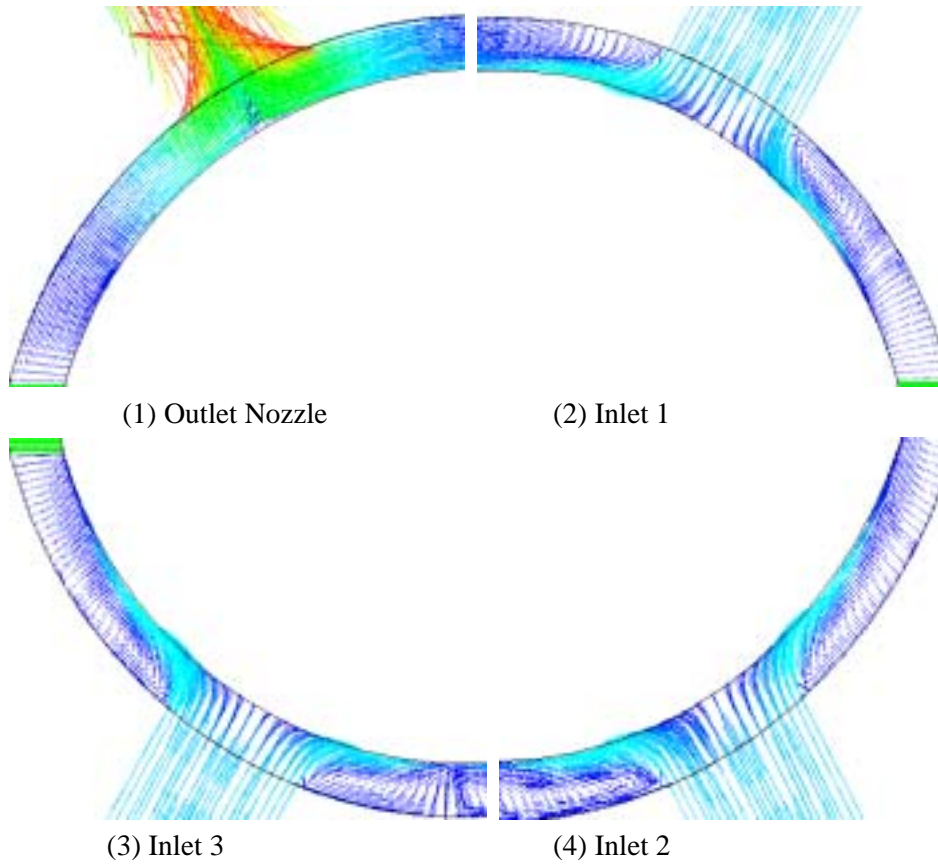
8

7

가 $1/2.2(=1/\sqrt{4.93})$ 18.09 m/sec

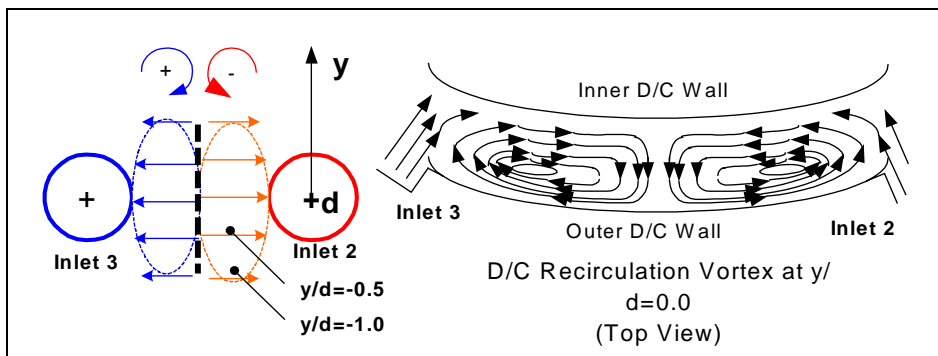
9.09 m/sec

가

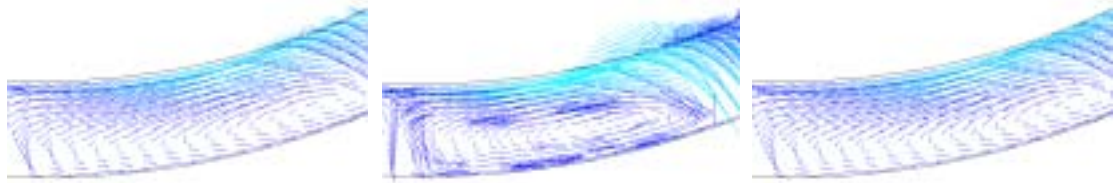


5 1/5

Vortex(V=18.09 m/sec),



6



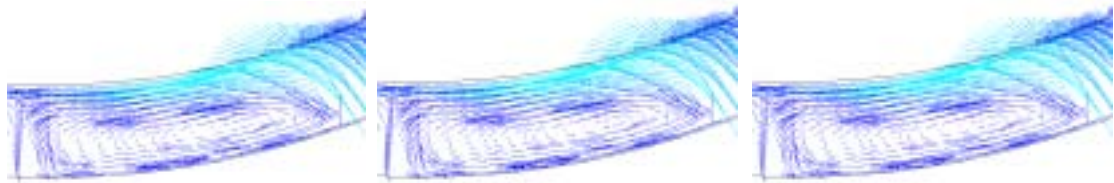
(a) $y/d_{\text{Coldleg, inlet}} = (+)0.5$

(b) $y/d_{\text{Coldleg, inlet}} = 0.0$

(c) $y/d_{\text{Coldleg, inlet}} = (-)0.5$

7

($V=18.09$ m/sec)



(a) 18.09 m/sec

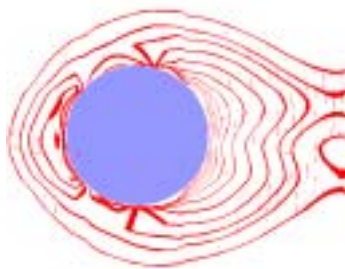
(b) 13.64 m/sec

(c) 9.09 m/sec

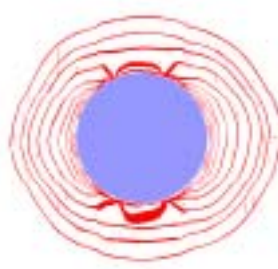
8

Vortex

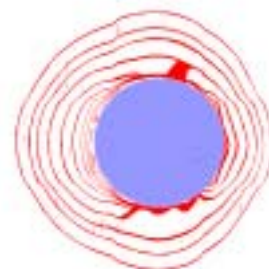
($y/d=0.0$)



Inlet 1



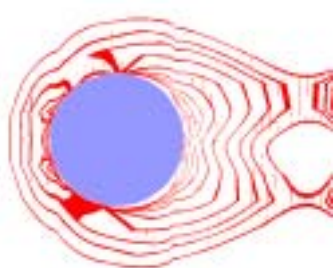
Inlet 2



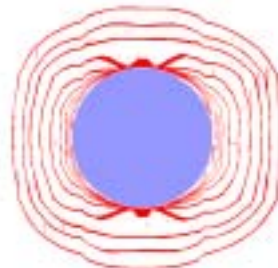
Inlet 3

(a) Inlet 1,2,3

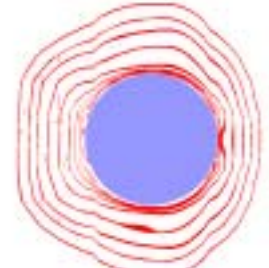
Impinging Jet : APR1400 and $V=39.8$ m/sec



Inlet 1



Inlet 2



Inlet 3

(b) Inlet 1,2,3

Impinging Jet : 1/5 Model and $V=18.09$ m/sec

9 V/V_0

() = 1.0

Jet Impingement Area

3.4 Impinging Jet

9 APR1400 1/5

Impinging Jet
Impinging Jet

(10) (a) APR1400 (b)

1/5 Inlet 1 Inlet 1
, Inlet 2
Inlet 2
Inlet 3 Inlet 2
(a) (b)

Impingement

$$\left. \frac{r(v_r' = 1)}{d_{Coldleg,inlet}} \right|_R \approx 1, \text{ where } V_r' = \frac{v_r(r)}{V_{Coldleg,inlet}} \quad (10)$$

3.5

10 1 Face

, y /

(11)

$$y^* = \frac{y}{d_{Coldleg,inlet}}, \text{ and } U^* = \frac{u}{V_{Coldleg,inlet}} \quad (11)$$

10 (a) Inlet 1 (U*)

가

APR1400 1/1 1/5 가

10 (b) Inlet 1 가 y* ≤ (±)1.0

(-) Inlet 1 Impinging Jet
Impinging Jet 가

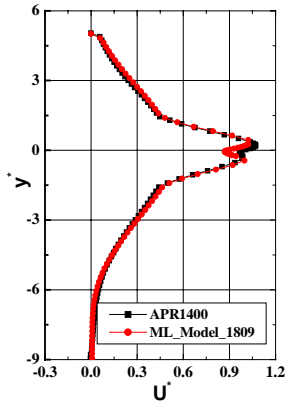
(c) (d) Inlet 2 2 3 10

, Inlet 2 Inlet 2 Inlet 3

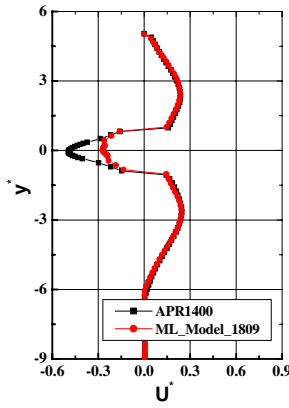
10 (c)

(d) 가 10 (a)-(f) APR1400 1/1

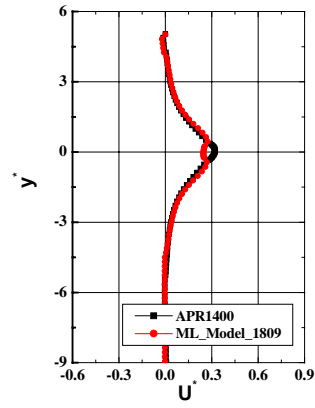
1/5 가



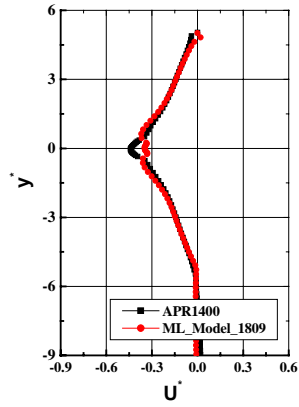
(a) Face-1



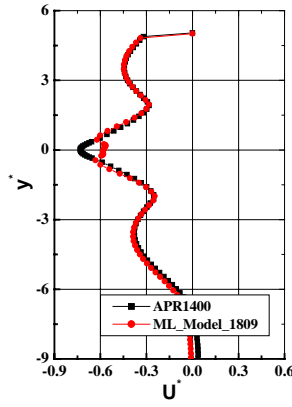
(b) Face-2



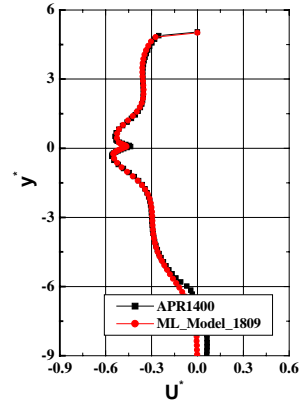
(c) Face-3



(d) Face-4



(e) Face-5



(f) Face-6

10 APR1400 1/5

11

APR1400 1/1

1/5

가

$\pm 120^\circ$

가 가

$\pm 180^\circ$

Inlet 2 가

y^* ($y/d_{\text{Coldleg, inlet}} = (+)2$)

가 $V^* = 0.5$

가

50 %

가 $U^* = 0.6$

DVI-1,3,4

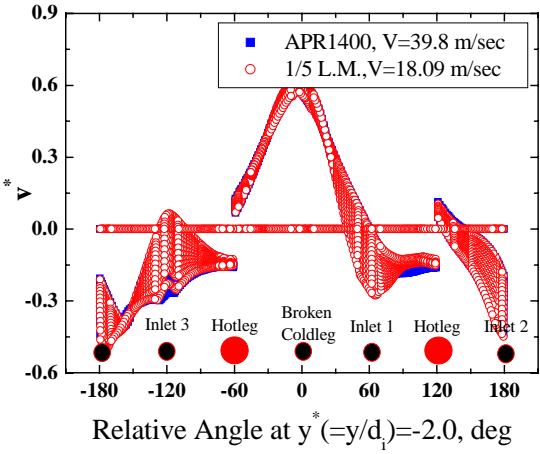
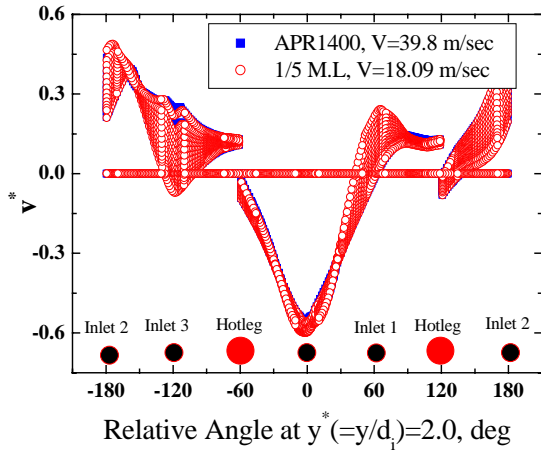
ECC Film

DVI-2

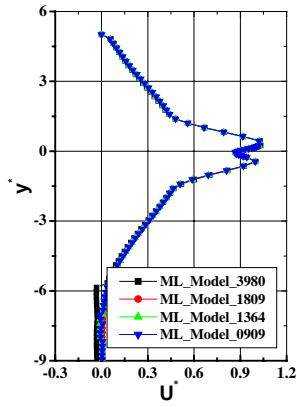
ECC Film

Counter-

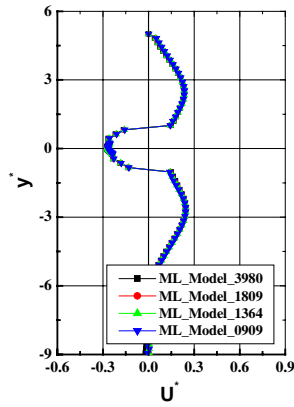
Current Flow



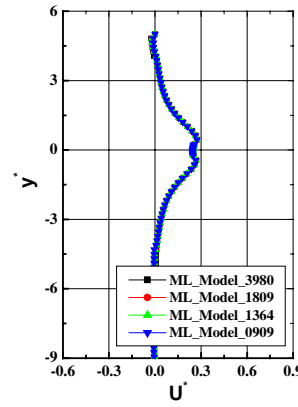
11 APR1400 1/5



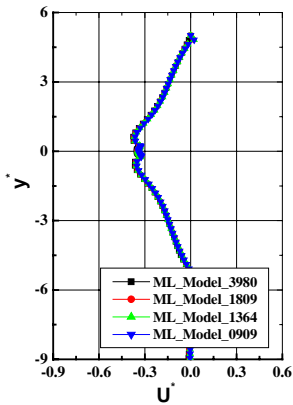
(a) Face-1



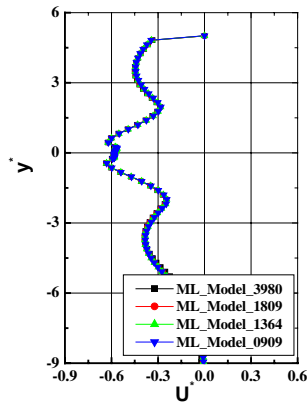
(b) Face-2



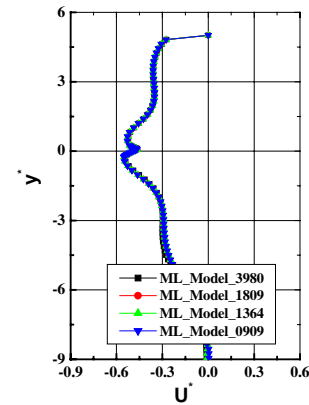
(c) Face-3



(d) Face-4



(e) Face-5



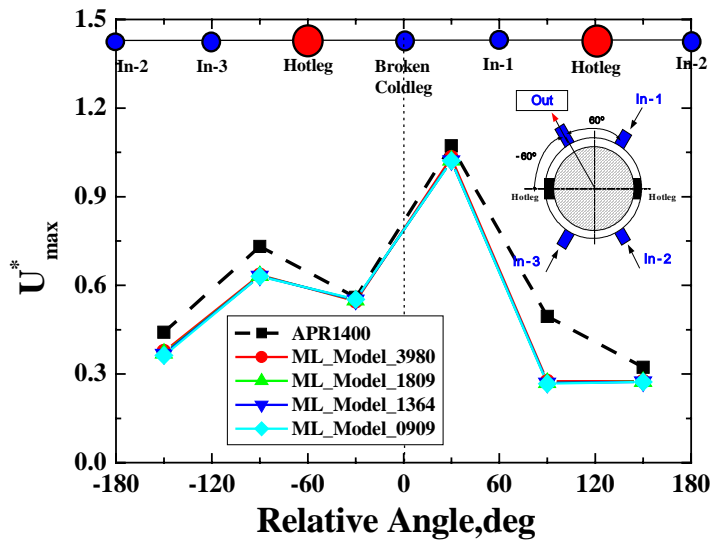
(f) Face-6

12

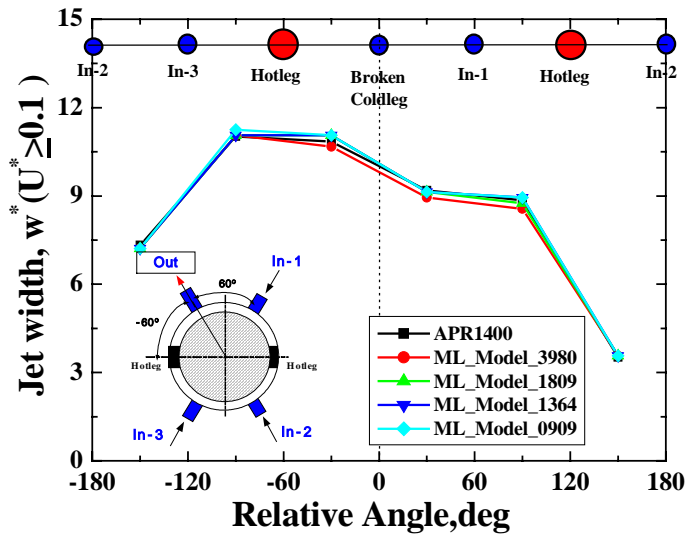
w

; $V=38.9$

m/sec, 18.09 m/sec, 13.64 m/sec, and 9.09 m/sec



13



14

12 (a)-(f) 1/5
1/2.91, 1/4.29

1/1, 1/2.22,

13 Face-1 Face-6 6
 $\pm 60^\circ$
APRI400
가 Inlet 2 Inlet 3 (+)120° (Wake)

가 .
 14 Face-1 Face-6 6 U* >0.1
 APR1400
 (+) (-)
 , Inlet 1 가
 Inlet 3 .
 4.
 APR1400
 1/1 1/5
 3 가 . (1) 1/5
 APR1400 1:1
 , (2) 1/5
 APR1400 1:1 , (3)
 1/5 .
 MARS .

- 1) Byung Jo Yun, Tae Soon kwon, Chul Hwa Song, et al., "Experimental Observation on the Hydraulic Phenomena in the KNGR Downcomer during LBLOCA Reflood Phase", Proceedings of the Korea Nuclear Society Spring Meeting, Kori, Korea, May 2000.
- 2) , , , , "Pre-test Analysis for the KNGR DVI Performance Test Facility Using FLUENT", 2000 , ,2000.
- 3) , "
 ",KAERI/TR01878/2001, 2001.
- 4) , , , " k-e CFX
 ", KAERI/TR-451/99. . 1999.
- 5) , "An Analysis on Boron Dilution Events during SBLOCA for the KNGR", KAERI/TR-1228/99, 1999.
- 6) B.D. Chung et al., "Development of a multi-dimensional thermal-hydraulic system code, MARS 1.3.2", Nuclear Energy 26, p1611-1642, 1999.