

3

3-dimensional Calculation for Applicability of the Modified Linear Scaling Methodology to Liquid Film Spreading

a*, b, a, a,

a)

150

b)

FLUENT 3 ECC (Film)

(Downcomer)

(VOF: Volume of Fraction)

1/1, 1/5, 1/7

DVI 1/1(1.6 m/sec) 1/(length scale)^{0.5}

APR1400

Abstract

A 3-dimensional numerical calculation of the ECC film spreading width for conforming the applicability of the modified linear scaling methodology to LBLOCA reflood phase for the DVI mode of ECC injection condition has been performed using the FLUENT code. The VOF (Volume of Fraction) technique was applied for the numerical simulation of ECC film spreading in the annular downcomer. The numerical models of 1/1, 1/5 and 1/7, scaled down based on the modified linear scaling methodology, were tested. The initial condition was considered filled with air in the downcomer. The ECC injection velocity through DVI nozzle was tested to cover the range of from 1/1(1.6 m/sec) to 1/(length scale)^{0.5} for the models. The scale effects on the film spreading width and break-up are numerically tested. From the calculation results for the scale effects, it is found that the modified linear scaling law gives a reasonable result to preserve the similarity of the film spreading width between scaled model and APR1499.

APR1400 가

, (, 2000, , 2000).
 Film 가 , ECC
 ECC Film
 3 FLUENT
 DVI ECC Film
 . APR1400 1:1 ECC Film ,
 1/5 1/7 DVI
 . ECC Film
 . MIDAS
 ECC Film 가 .

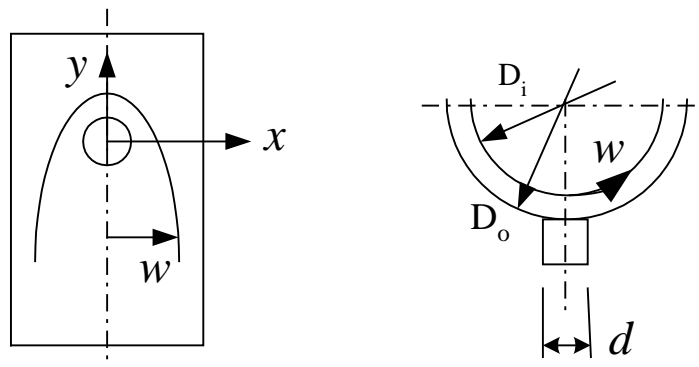
2.

2.1

ECC APR1400 DVI
 . DVI
 DVI
 (Gap) 1/1
 APR1400 , ECC Film FLUENT 가 가
 (Cross flow)
 . APR1400
 180° 2 1/2- DVI
 ECC ECC Film . ECC Film
 .
 1/1 APR1400 DVI , APR1400
 가 1/5 가 1/4.93
 (Modified Linear Scaled Model) DVI
 . , 1/4.93 , DVI ,
 (Gap) APR1400 1/4.93 . 1/1,
 1/2.2(= $1/\sqrt{4.93}$), 1/2.918, 1/4.299
 .
 1 , APR1400 1:1

Parameter	Scale	Scale Ratio*
Length	L	1/4.93
Area	L^2	1/24.3
Velocity	$L^{1/2}$	1/2.2
Flow rate	$L^{5/2}$	1/54
Pressure	1	1
Temperature	1	1

I. Geometry Shape	Symbol	APR1400	1/5 Model	1/7 Model
D/C Outer Dia.	D_o	4.63 m	0.9391m	0.661 m
D/C Inner Dia.	D_i	4.116 m	0.8349 m	0.588 m
DVI Nozzle Dia.	d	0.2159 m	0.0438 m	0.0308 m
D/C Gap	-	0.254 m	0.0515 m	0.0363 m
Scale Ratio	-	1/1	1/4.93	1/7
II. Injection Condition				
ECC Injection Velocity	V	1.6 m/sec	0.72 m/sec	0.604 m/sec
Scale Ratio	-	1/1	$(1/4.93)^{0.5}$	$(1/7)^{0.5}$



1 Coordinate System

2.2

DVI

3

FLUENT Version 5.5

가

VOF(Volume of Fraction) model

VOF model

가

(1)

Volume Fraction;

$$\alpha_q = \frac{V_q}{V_t} \tag{1}$$

α_q , V_t , V_q , q , q , volume fraction

$$1 = \sum \alpha_q \tag{2}$$

volume fraction volume fraction equation

Volume fraction equation;

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_q}{\partial t} + \vec{v} \cdot \nabla \alpha_q = \frac{S_{\alpha_q}}{\rho_q} \tag{2}$$

Equation volume fraction 1 volume fraction

$$\sum_{q=1}^n \alpha_q = 1 \tag{3}$$

Continuity equation;

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{v}) = S_m \tag{4}$$

Momentum equation;

fraction , ρ μ volume

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\rho \vec{v}) + \nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{v} \vec{v}) = -\nabla p + \nabla \cdot [\mu (\nabla \vec{v} + \nabla \vec{v}^T)] + \rho \vec{g} + \vec{F} \tag{5}$$

_____ ;
volume fraction

$$\rho = \alpha_2 \rho_2 + (1 - \alpha_2) \rho_1 \tag{6}$$

$$\rho = \sum \alpha_q \rho_q \tag{7}$$

2.3

DVI

가

가

가

가

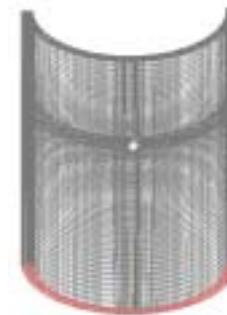
가

Order Upwind Scheme
 Splitting of Operators)
 Fitted Coordinate System)
 87,450 , 2
 가 NO slip

First
 PISO(Pressure-Implicit with
 (Body



(a) configuration



(b) mesh system

2 The configuration and mesh system

(Under-relaxation)

0.3

(Linear Relaxation)

0.7

10^{-3}

3.

가 , 1:1/5 1:1/7 0.6 0.5
 가 0.5 3

Scale Ratio	1/1	1/4.93	1/7
D/C Gap	0.254 m	0.0515 m	0.0363 m
	1.69 cm	0.34 cm	0.242 cm
	0.845 cm	0.17 cm	0.121 cm

3.1 Film

(8) DVI (9)

Dimensionless Film Height, y^*

$$y^* = \frac{y}{d_{inlet, nozzle}} \quad (8)$$

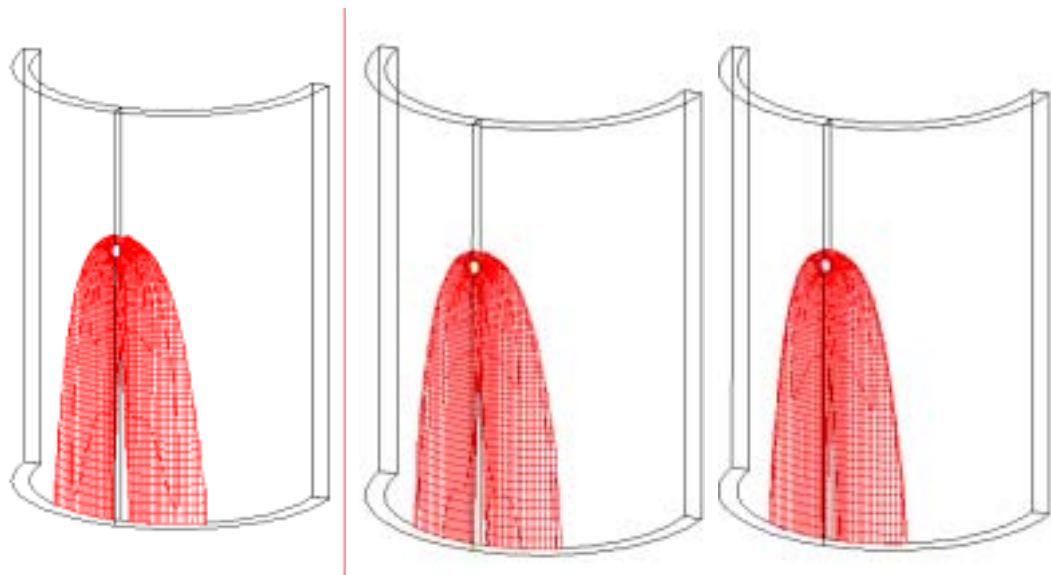
where, d is the diameter of DVI nozzle

Dimensionless Film Width, w^*

$$W^* = \frac{w(y)}{D_i} \quad (9)$$

where, D_i is the inner diameter of the downcomer annulus

0.5 3
 0.5 , 1/7 가 1.21 mm
 3 APR1400, 1/5 1/7 (W^*) (y^*)
 m/sec, 0.604 m/sec 가 Dry 1.6 m/sec, 0.72
 0.5
 0.5~
 1 가



(a) APR1400 1/1 Model

(b) 1/5 Linear Model

(c) 1/7 Linear Model

3 ECC film

4, 5, 7

. APR1400 1/1

1/1

4

. 1/5

(d) (e)

1/7

가

가

가

4

5

가

5

(d)

(e)

가 1/1

7

(d)

(e)

가

4

(d)

(e)

5

(a), (b), (c)

가

6

ECC Water Jet

(10)

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\bar{g}t}{V_o} = \frac{\bar{g}}{V_o^2} z \quad (10)$$

where, $t = \frac{z}{V_o}$

ECC Jet

(11)

$$\left| \frac{\tan \theta_m}{\tan \theta_p} \right|_{R, at W} = \frac{W_m V_{op}^2}{W_p V_{om}^2} = l_R * \left(\frac{l}{V_R} \right)^2 = l_R * \left(\frac{l}{\sqrt{l_R}} \right)^2 = l \quad (11)$$

Impinging ECC water Jet

6 (a), (b), (c)

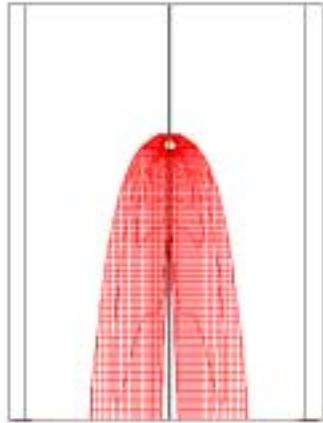
8 APR1400 1/1 , 1/5 1/7

$$(V_{Injection} = \sqrt{l}) \quad APR1400$$

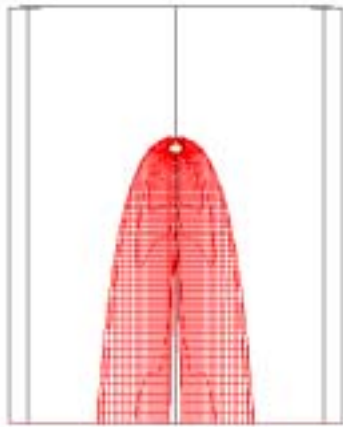
1.6 m/sec DVI

가 1/1 ,

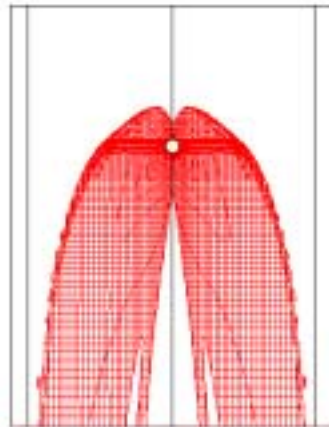
가 가



(a) 1/1 Plant



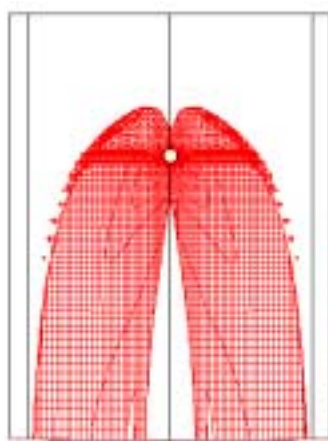
(b) 1/4.93 Linear Model



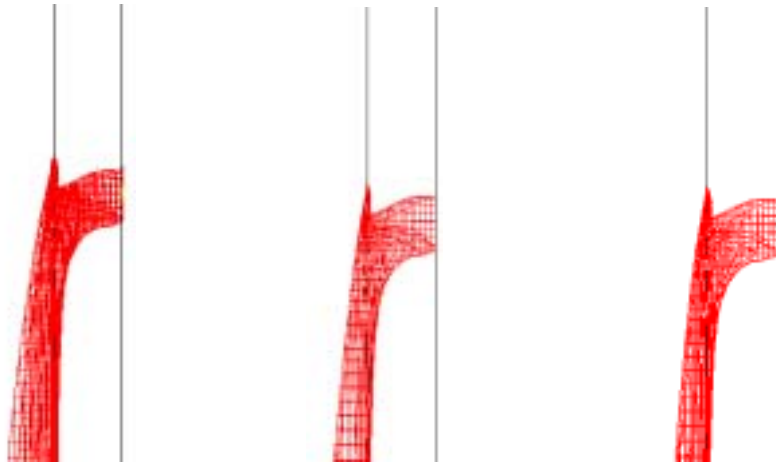
(d) 1/4.93 Linear Model ($\nu=1/1$)



(c) 1/7 Linear Model



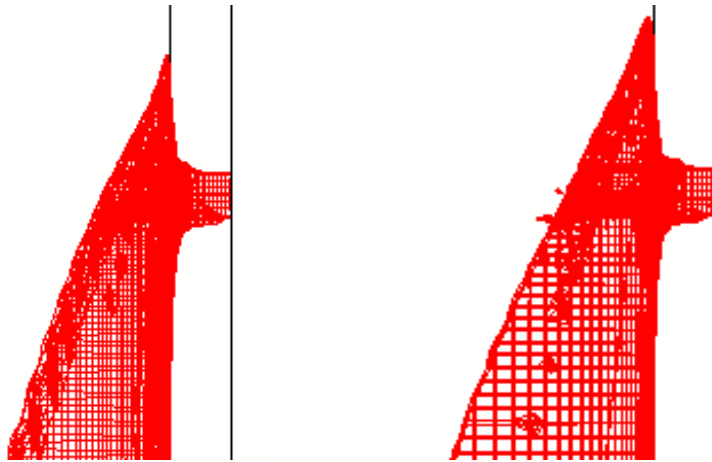
(e) 1/7 Linear Model ($\nu=1/1$)



(a) 1/1 Plant

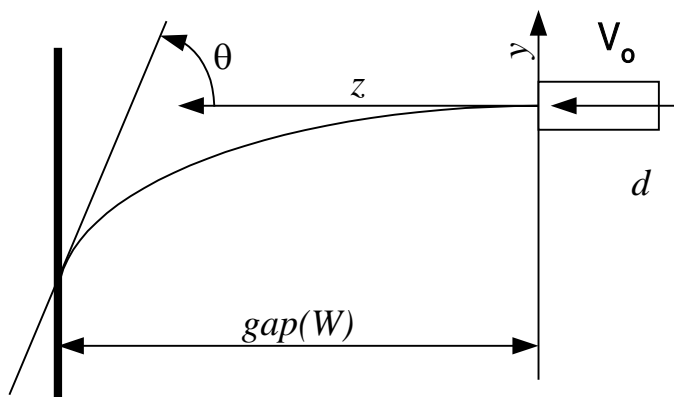
(b) 1/4.93 Linear Model

(c) 1/7 Linear Model

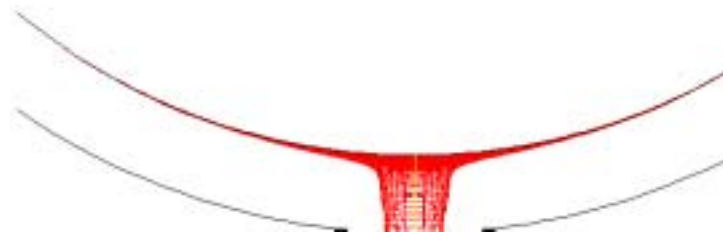


(d) 1/4.93 Linear Model ($\nu=1/1$) (e) 1/7 Linear Model ($\nu=1/1$)

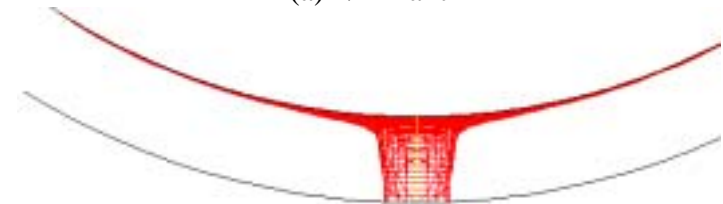
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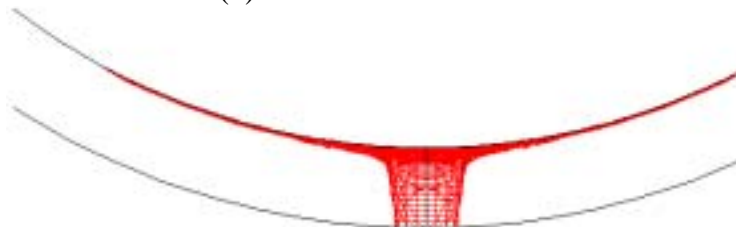
6 ECC Jet



(a) 1/1 Plant



(b) 1/4.93 Linear Model



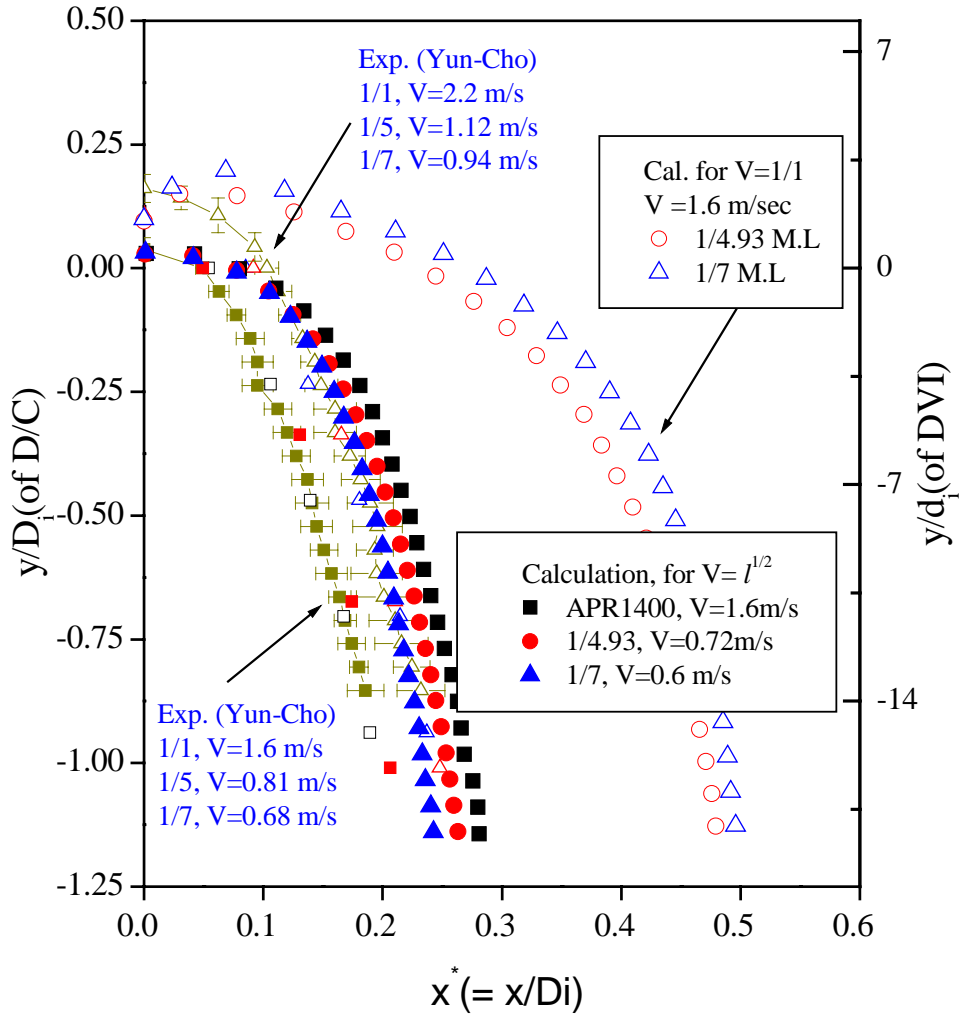
(c) 1/7 Linear Model



(d) 1/4.93 Linear Model ($v=1/1$)



(e) 1/7 Linear Model ($v=1/1$)



4.

DVI 가 , VOF , APR1400 , 1/1 , 1/5 , 3 가 . (1) 1/5, 1/7 , (2) APR1400 1:1 , (3) CFD 가 .

- 1) Byung Jo Yun, Tae Soon kwon, Chul Hwa Song, et al., "Experimental Observation on the Hydraulic Phenomena in the KNGR Downcomer during LBLOCA Reflood Phase", Proceedings of the Korea Nuclear Society Spring Meeting, Kori, Korea, May 2000.
- 2) , , , , "Pre-test Analysis for the KNGR DVI Performance Test Facility Using FLUENT", 2000 , ,2000.
- 3) , " , KAERI/TR-1878/2001, 2001.
- 4) , " An Estimation of ECC Bypass during the Reflood Phase of a Cold Leg Break LOCA in KNGR", 1999 , , 1999