

**MIDAS****UPTF Test 21D**

## UPTF Test 21D Counterpart Test in the MIDAS Test Facility

1 5 0

APR1400 MIDAS " UPTF  
 " 가 1:1  
 Test 21D Void Height UPTF Test 21D  
 ' void height  
 ' DVI 1 DVI 2 DVI 1  
 DVI 2  
 UPTF Test 21D 1/4 MIDAS  
 UPTF " "

**Summary**

This paper describes the experimental results of UPTF Test 21D counterpart tests in the downcomer during the late reflood phase of LBLOCA. The experiments have been performed in the MIDAS test facility using superheated steam and water. The test condition was determined, based on the test results of UPTF Test 21D, by applying the "modified linear scaling method" of 1/4.077 length scale. The tests of ECC direct bypass and void height are performed separately to estimate each phenomena quantitatively.

The tests were carried out by varying the injection steam flow rate of intact cold legs widely to investigate the effect of steam flow rate on the direct bypass fraction and void height. In the tests, separate effect tests have been performed in cases of DVI-1, DVI-2 and DVI-1&2 injections to see the direct bypass fraction according to the DVI nozzle combination.

From the tests, we found that the fraction of direct ECC bypass and the void height observed in the MIDAS test facility reasonably well agree with those of UPTF test 21-D. It confirms that the applied "modified linear scaling law" reproduces major thermal hydraulics phenomena in the downcomer during the LBLOCA reflood phase.

1.

UPTF Test 21D[1] (Direct ECC Bypass) (DVI) Void Height (APR1400)

MIDAS Scale-up 가

MIDAS UPTF Void Height Test Direct ECC Bypass Test

Void Height Test 가 Sweep-Out (drain flow rate)

Sweep -Out 가 가 (Onset of Entrainment) Sweep Out Direct Bypass

가 Sweep-Out Direct ECC Bypass 가

UPTF Test 21-D

MIDAS UPTF [2]. UPTF DVI 1/4.077

가 1/5.1 1/5.23 MIDAS 가

APR1400 UPTF DVI 가

가

2.

[3]

UPTF Test 21 -D MIDAS DVI UPTF

MIDAS (3), (1), -

[3]. 1  
2, 3

UPTF Test 21D APR1400  
DVI 1&2  
UPTF DVI 1&2 APR1400  
UPTF APR1400

Fig. 2

Fig.2

가 가 DVI SMART 가  
가 SMART . 3 가  
SMART - 가 Coriolis 가  
SMART 가 가  
, , 4 가

496mm

가 22.5

( ) 3

4 K-type

가 1

“ ” [2].

2.5

1 “ ”

UPTF Test 21D

가

DAS

300

300

2

3.

[4]

sweep out

0.4 - 0.7m

3.1

가

가

(1)

Separator

Water Accumulation

$$\text{Mass Balance Error} = \frac{m_{Total,in}(t) - m_{Total,out}(t)}{m_{Total,in}(t)} \quad (1)$$

5

Wallis

3%

$$j_{g,eff}^* = \frac{m_{g,eff}}{\rho_g \cdot A_{Flow}} \left[ \frac{\rho_g}{(\rho_f - \rho_g) \cdot g \cdot L_{DC}} \right]^{1/2} \quad (2)$$

(3)

$$\text{Energy Balance Error} = \frac{e_{Total,in}(t) - e_{Total,out}(t)}{e_{Total,in}(t)} \quad (3)$$

6

가

8%

가

가

4%

3.2

(Steam Condensation Fraction)

가

가

(4)

$$\text{Steam Condensation Fraction} = 1 - \frac{m_{FT-CL-401}(t)}{m_{FT-CL-101}(t) + m_{FT-CL-201}(t) - m_{FT-CL-301}(t)} \quad (4)$$

7

가

가 , jet impingement 가

### 3.3 (ECC Bypass Fraction)

( )

$$\text{Bypass Fraction} = 1 - \frac{m_{FT-LP-02}(t)}{m_{Total,ECC,in}(t) + m_{FT-CL-1,2,3}(t) - m_{FT-CL-401}(t)} \quad (5)$$

8 (5)  
 가 DVI-2 가  
 DVI-1 가 DVI-1 DVI-2  
 DVI-1 DVI-2 가

8 UPTF Test 21D 가  
 “ UPTF Test 21D ”

### 4. Void Height [5]

Void Height UPTF Test  
 21D UPTF Test 21D 4 가

#### 4.1

Void Height Test (1) (3)  
 9 10 Void Height 2% 3% 가

#### 4.2 (Steam Condensation Fraction)

11 UPTF Test 21D  
 21D 4 UPTF Test  
 가 가 가 UPTF 가  
 UPTF Test 21D

Test21D 3-4 , . ECC 3-4 가 UPTF 가

4.3

가 가 12 가 가 UPTF Test 21D 가

MIDAS 1:1 MIDAS 가 UPTF  
Test21 -D 3-4 가 MIDAS 가

5.

(Direct ECC Bypass) 1:1 UPTF Test 21-D MIDAS  
Void Height 가 APR1400

가 5% 3% , ,

DVI-1&2 DVI-1 DVI-2 가  
(DVI-1) 가 (DVI-2)  
가 (DVI-1&2)

UPTF Test21D  
Void Height 가 UPTF Test 21D 3-4  
UPTF UPTF

## NOMENCLATURE

$A$ : Flow area  
 $e$ : Power (J/s)  
 $g$ : Gravity Constant  
 $l_R$ : Length ratio  
 $m$ : Mass Flow Rate (kg/s)  
 $m_{g,eff}$ : Effective steam flow rate (kg/s)  
 $L_{DC}$ : Characteristic length of downcomer  
 $t$ : Time

### Subscript

CL: Cold leg  
 $f$ : Water  
FT: Flow meter  
 $g$ : Steam  
 $in$ : In-flow  
 $out$ : Out-flow

## References

- [1] MPR-1329, "Summary of Results From the UPTF Downcomer Injection/Vent Valve Separate Effects Tests: Comparison to Previous Scaled Tests, and Application to Babcock & Wilcox Pressurized Water Reactors" (1992)
- [2] , " (Scaling Analysis of the Thermal-Hydraulic Test Facility for the Large Break LOCA of KNGR) " , KAERI/TR-1878/2001, (2001)
- [3] , " DVI 가 (MIDAS) " , KAERI/TR-2069/2002 (2002)
- [4] " MIDAS UPTF Test 21-D " , KAERI/TR-2095/2002(2002)
- [5] , " MIDAS UPTF Test 21-D Void Height " ,KAERI/TR-2096/2002 (2002)

Table 1. Scaling Ratio of " Modified Linear Scaling Law"

Parameter	Modified Linear Scaling Ratio	
	Ratio	MIDAS-UPTF
Length Ratio, $l_R$	$l_R$	1/4.077
Time Ratio, $t_R$	$l_R^{1/2}$	1/2.019
Velocity Ratio, $v_R$	$l_R^{1/2}$	1/2.019
Flow Rate Ratio, $\dot{m}_R$	$l_R^{5/2}$	1/33.56
Temperature Ratio, $T_R$	-	1/1

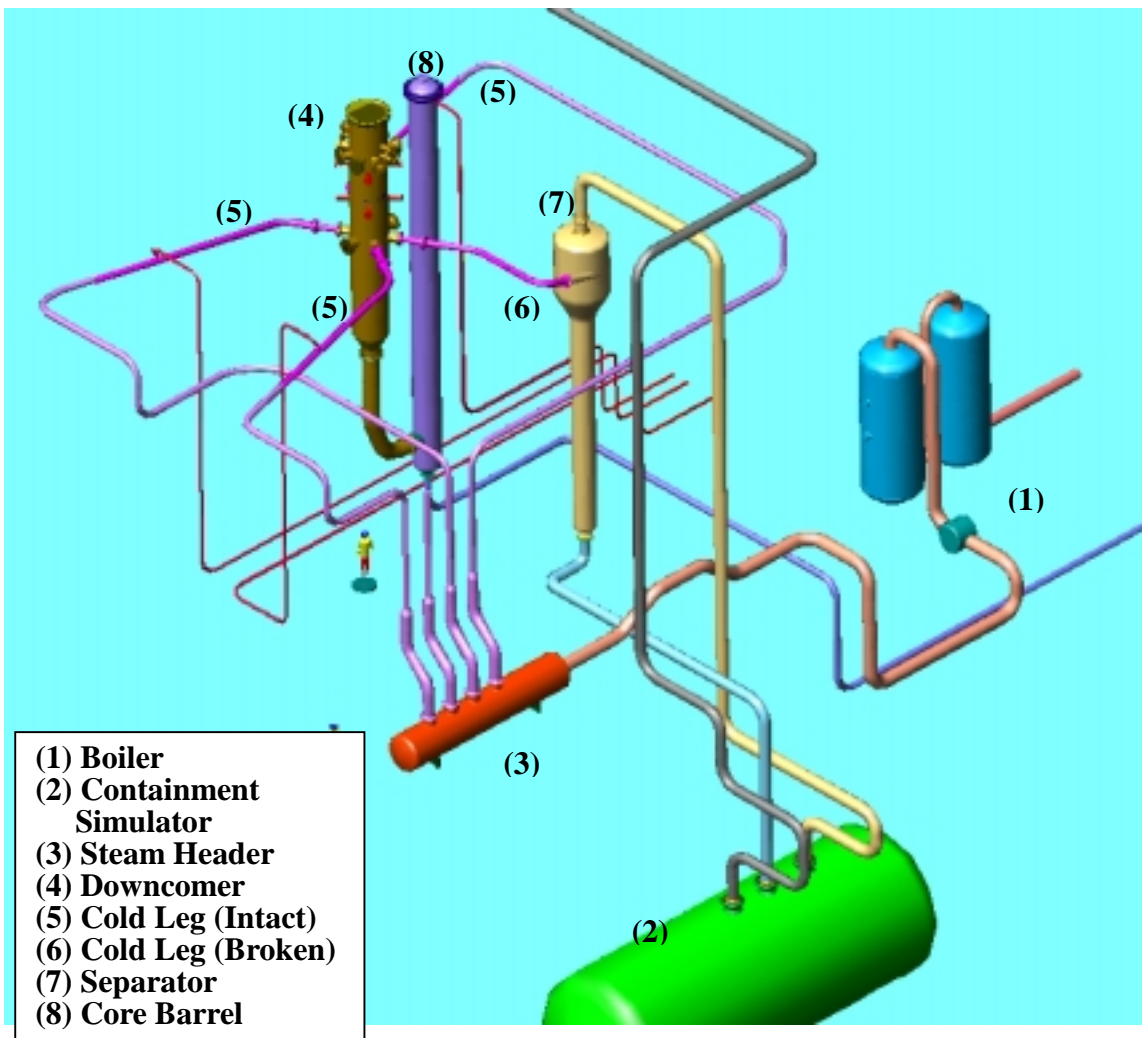


Fig. 1 Isometric View of the MIDAS Facility



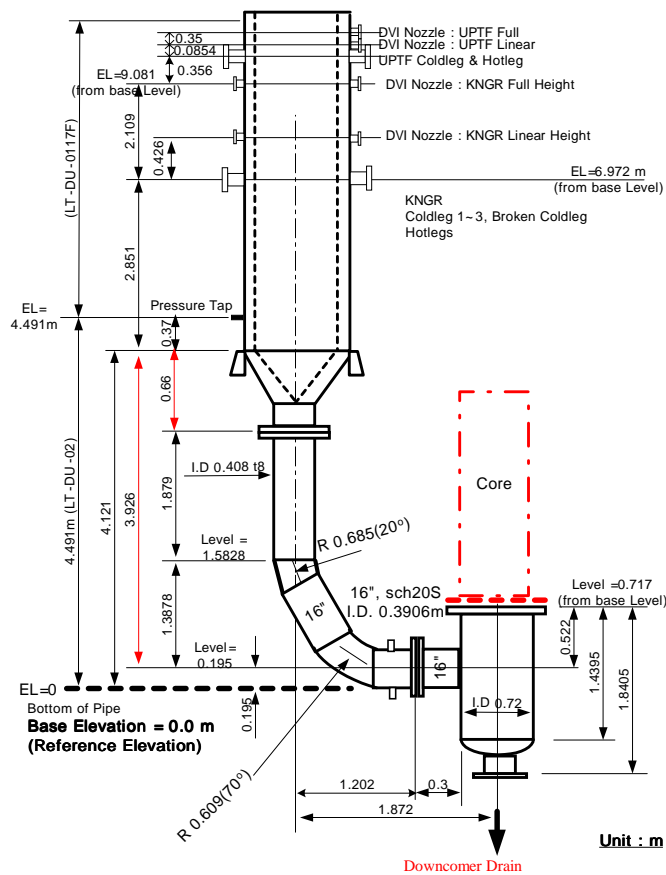


Fig. 2 Schematic Diagram of Downcomer

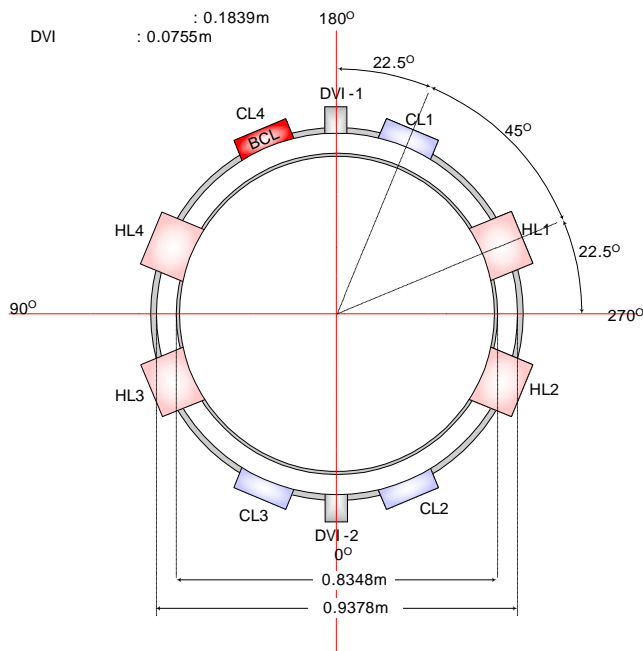


Fig. 3 UPTF Nozzle Configuration in the MIDAS Facility



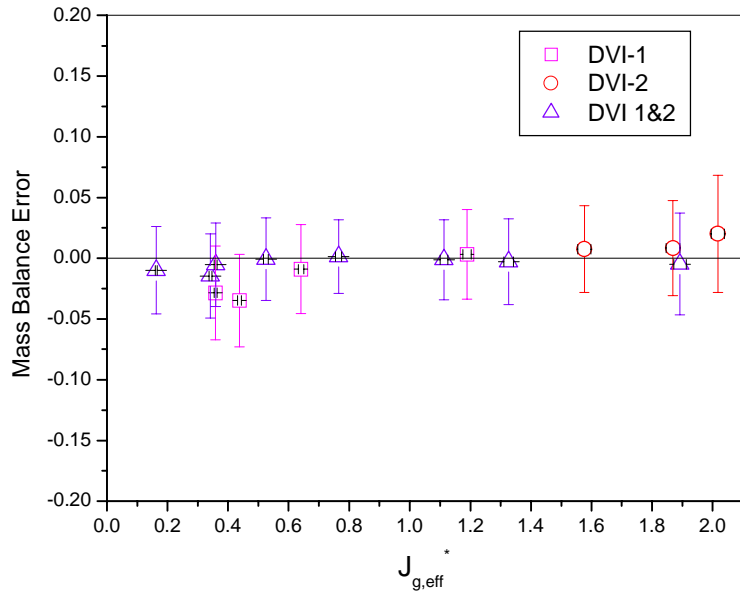


Fig. 5 Mass Balance Error in the ECC Direct Bypass Test

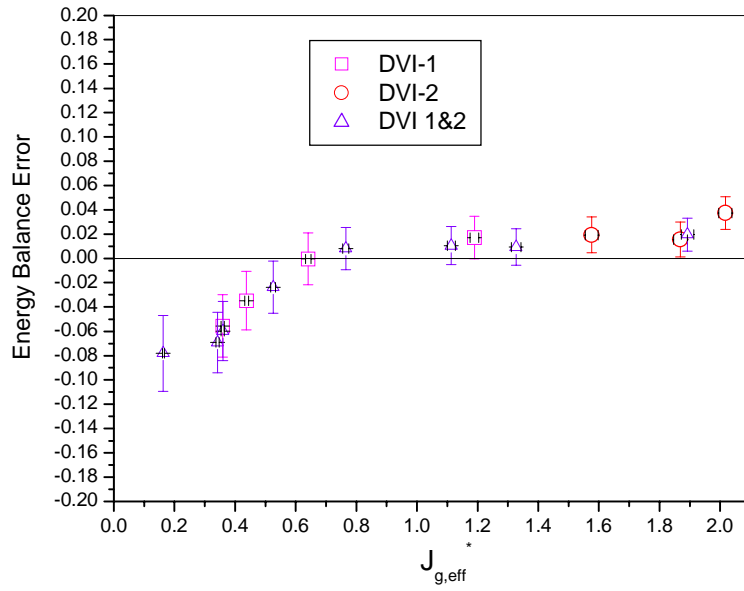


Fig. 6 Energy Balance Error in the ECC Direct Bypass Test

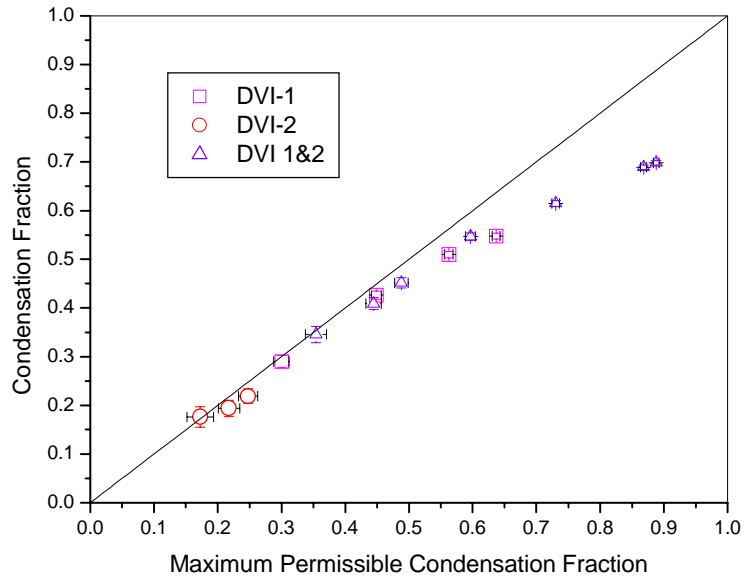


Fig. 7 Steam Condensation Fraction in the ECC Direct Bypass Test

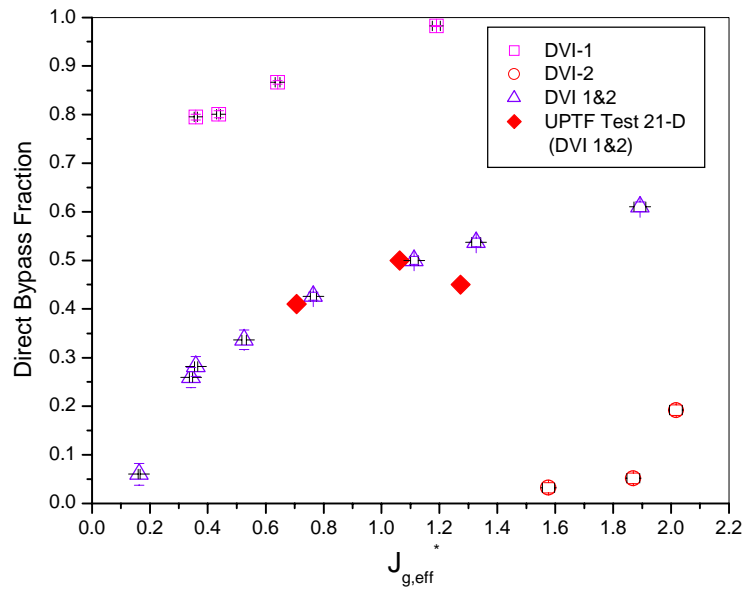


Fig. 8 ECC Direct Bypass Fraction vs. Effective Steam Wallis Parameter

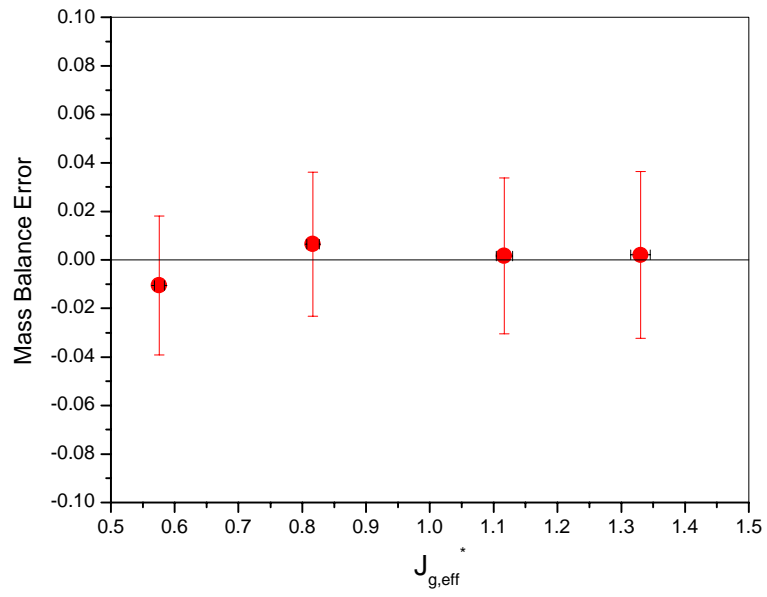


Fig. 9 Mass Balance Error in the Void Height Test

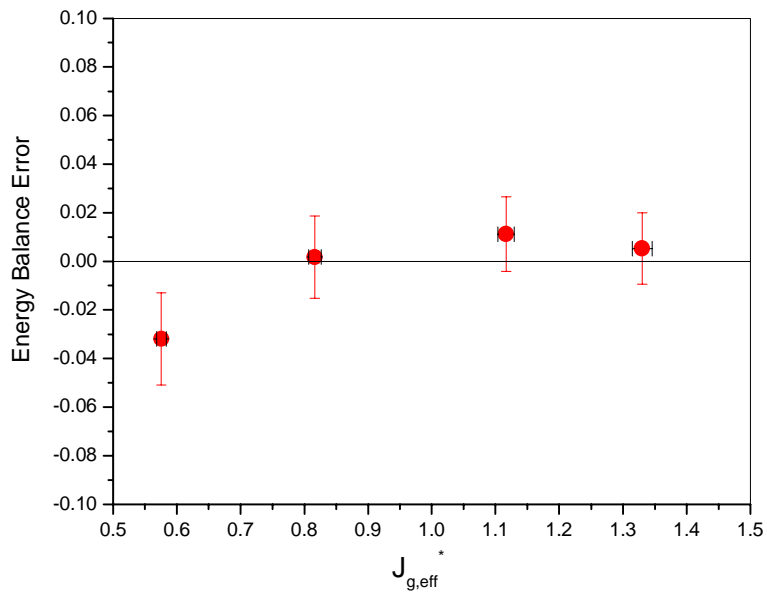


Fig. 10 Energy Balance Error in the Void Height Test

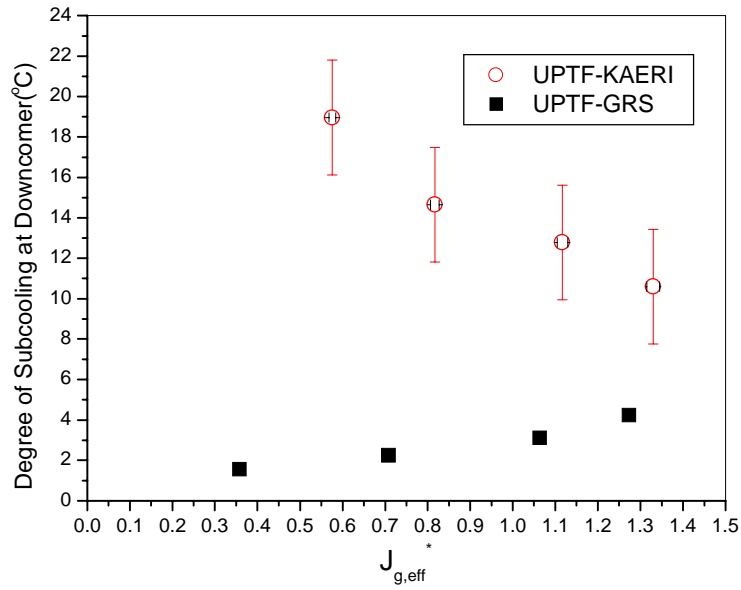


Fig. 11 Comparison of the Degree of Subcooling in the Void Height Test

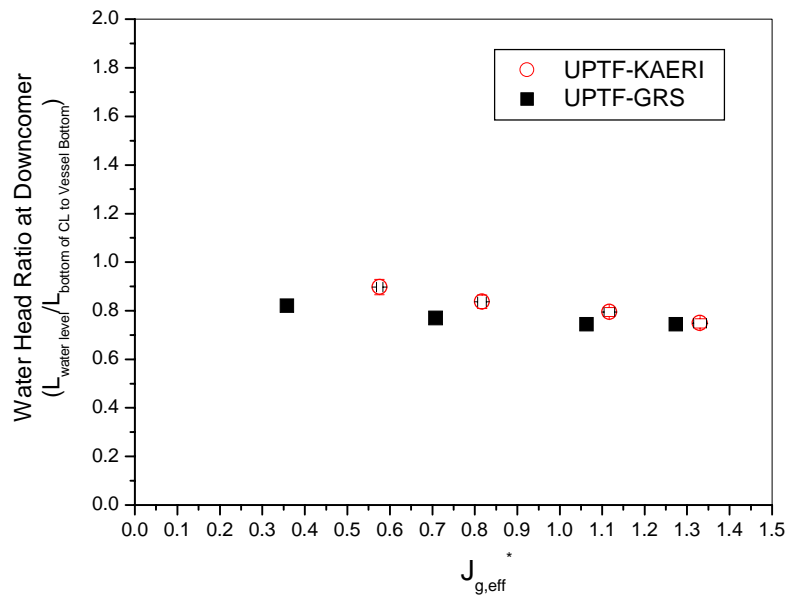


Fig. 12 Comparison of the Downcomer Water Level in the Void Height Test