Development and Application of the Data Generating Program for Probabilistic Groundwater Flow Analysis

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Abstract

To perform the probabilistic groundwater flow analysis, it was suggested to distribute transmissivity coefficient into continuum model by using Monte-Carlo method for the probability density function and variogram to take probabilistic analysis function into NAMMU that has used as a deterministic analysis code. In these processes NAMDATA program that can automatically generate data file for NAMMU was developed to minimize the required time and effort. Probabilistic groundwater flow analysis was performed to define the distribution to transmissivity coefficient in heterogeneous media based on above method for the hypothetical disposal site, and demonstrated that NAMDATA was available to generate input data for probabilistic safety assessment of a disposal repository.

1. 가 NAMMU 가 NAMMU . NAMDATA Visual Basic NAMMU (Batch) NAMMU 2 가 NAMDATA 가 가 가 2. 가 2.1 (Discrete Fracture Network: DFN) 가 가 (Up -scaling) (Stochastic Continuum: SC) [1-3]. 1 3

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(Variogram)

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가 . 가 가 가 (Spherical model), (Exponential model) 가 (Gaussian model) . X, Y Z 가 8 [3]. 2.2 NAMMU[4] NAMMU 2 NAMDATA . NAMDATA (Normal distribution) (Correlation length) 가 NAMMU NAMMU 가 NAMMU (Batch) NAMMU NAMMU NAMMU

가 .

2.3

Visual Basic
"Pregrid", " (Main)",

"Gridshow" . 3 .

"Pregrid"

. patch , , ,

. 4

"Pregrid" window . patch
patch patch

. patch 가가 patch

. , "Pregrid" 가 fault

. 4 patch

patch . "

(Main) " "Pregrid"

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. NAMMU .

" Gridshow " . Gridshow 5 .

3.

3.1 가 2

, . 6 가

2 . 300m 70m 1 ton/day

가 . 가 가

. 110m, 0m

80m 가 10m 10m a, b, c, d 10, 20, 30, 40 m 3.2 [5] 4가 4 8 [6]. 4 8 3 seed 2 96 (4x8x3) 가 7 96 $8.5x10^{-16} \text{ m}^2$ 1 96 가 . 4 가 가 2 가 96 가 8 가 4. (NAMDATA) 가 가 가 가 NAMDATA NAMMU

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no -flow

가

가

2

-110m

2 가 .

가

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[1] S.P. Neumann & J.S.Depner, Stochastic theory of field-scale Fickian dispersion in anisotropic porous media, Water Resource Research, Vol. 23, No.3 (1987).

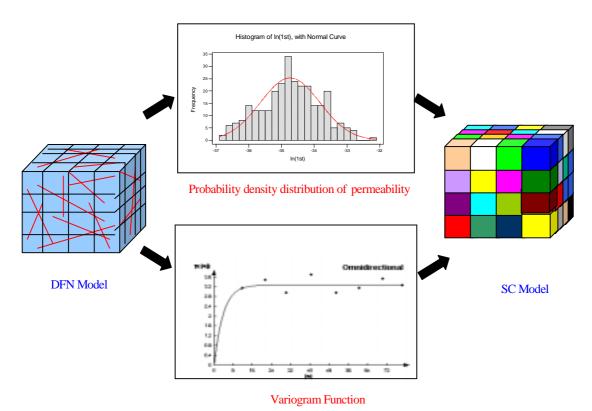
[2] S.P. Neumann & J.S. Depner, , Use of variable scale pressure test data to estimate the log hydraulic conductivity and dispersivity of fractured granites near Oracle, Arizona, Journal of Hydrology, Vol.102, pp475-501 (1988).

[3] , , , 11 2 (2001).

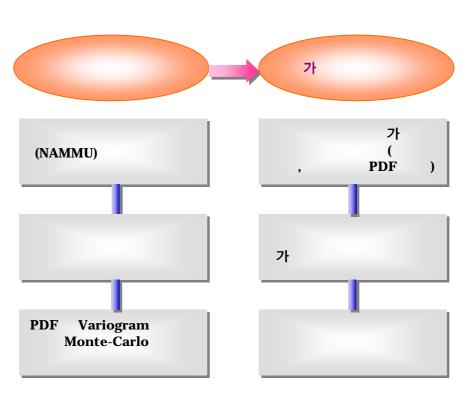
[4] L.J. Hartley, C.P. Jackson & S.P. Watson, NAMMU User Guide, AEA -ES -0318 (1996).

[5] , 2 , 99 -28, (1999).

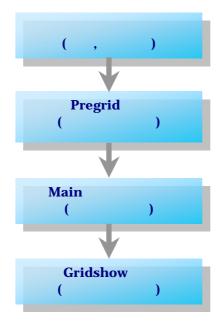
[6] , , 10 1 (2000).



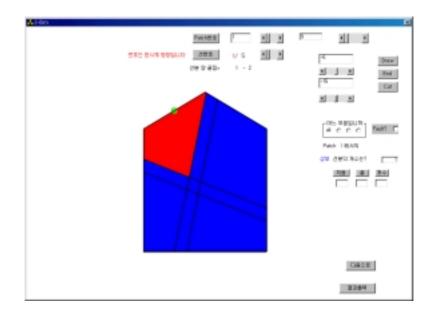
1.



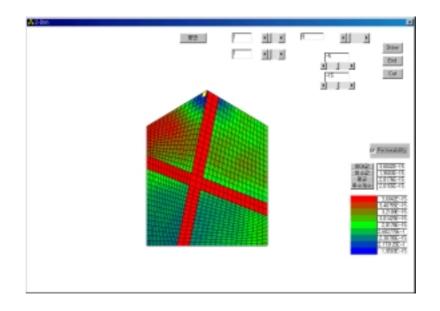
2. NAMDATA



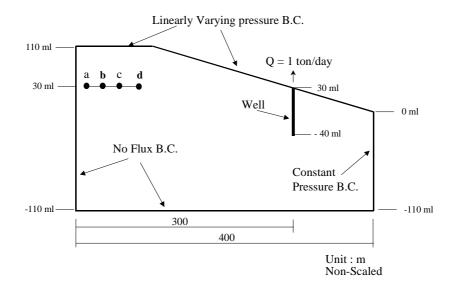
3.

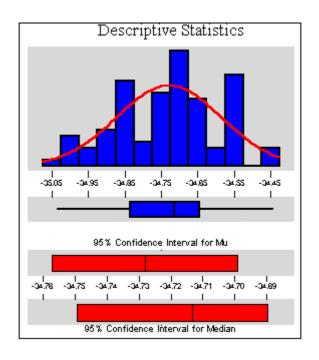


4. Pregrid Window



5. Gridshow Window()



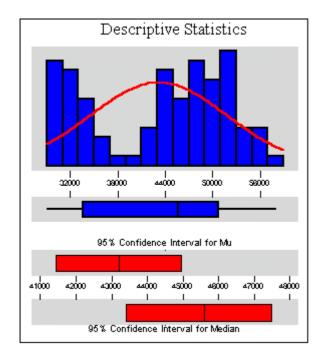


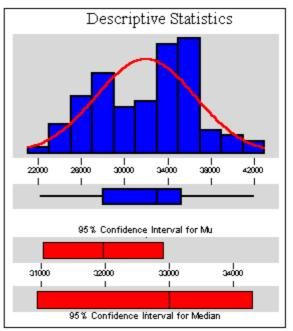
7. 96

1.

Pat hw	Travel Time(yr)									Path Length(m)				
ay No.	Min	25%	50%	75%	90%	Max	Mea n	S.D.	*DA	Min	Max	Mea n	S.D.	*DA
а	79. 7	92.1	125. 0	139. 0	145. 0	118. 4	118. 4	23.7	116. 0	409	459	434. 8	16.2	453. 4
b	60. 8	76.7	90.4	96.7	101. 0	87.6	87.6	12.5	89.1	375	421	395. 8	14.0	411. 8
С	45. 5	59.4	68.1	80.0	84.3	69.4	69.4	11.3	73.6	336	388	367. 1	20.0	380. 9
d	43. 0	47.8	56.7	62.0	63.8	57.8	57.8	7.9	62.8	323	372	341. 4	13.2	354. 4

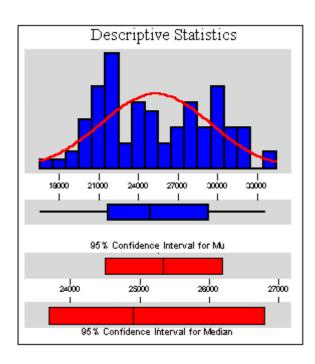
*DA: 7 $(8.5x10^{-16} \text{ m}^2)$

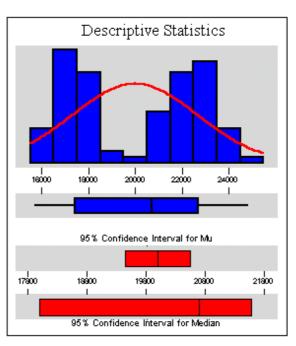




(a) pathway a







(c) pathway c

(d) pathway d

8. 4 (a, b, c, d)

(day)