

Parametric Study on Design Factors for the SCS Heat Exchanger Using the Taguchi Method

150

가

-NTU

. KDESCENT

18

가

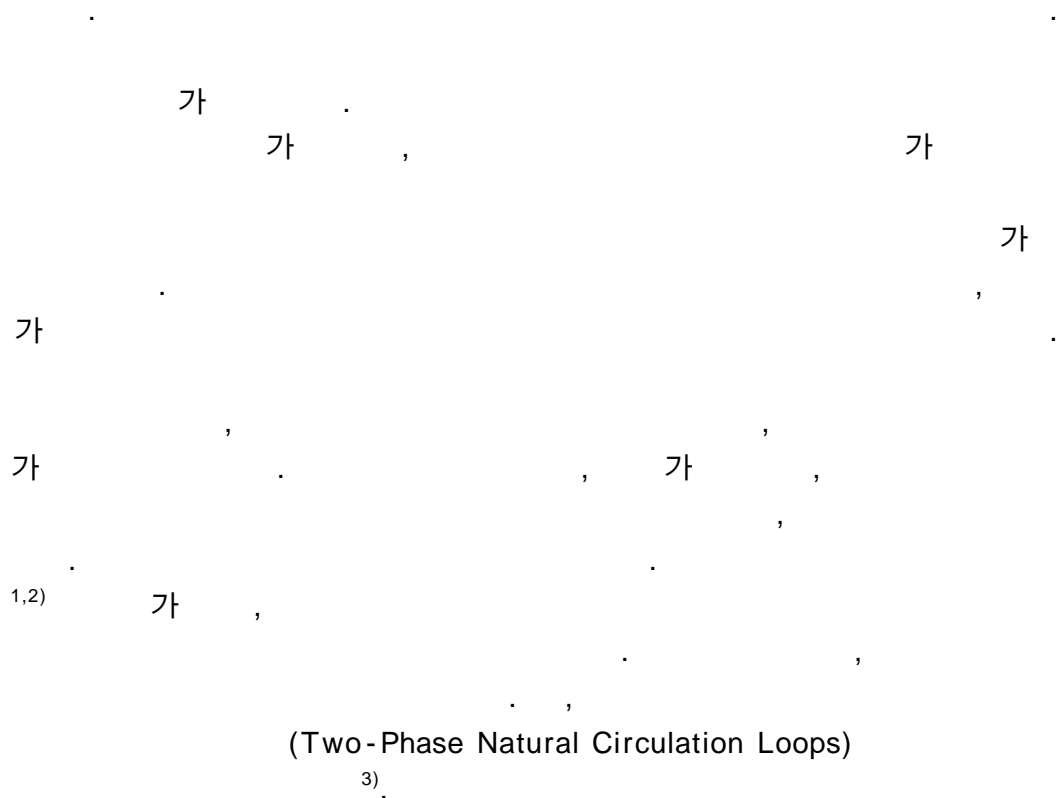
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Abstract

Using Taguchi method, design factors, i.e. control factors of the shutdown cooling heat exchanger were investigated to qualify the effect for the time elapsed after the beginning of the system operation. Levels of the control factors were selected from calculations based on the effectiveness-NTU method. From 18 simulations with the KDESCENT program, it was found that the performance of the system is greatly influenced by inlet temperature from the component cooling water at the shell side and mass flow rate of the reactor coolant at the tube side. The Taguchi method makes it possible to select the control factor that has to be controlled and designed with caution. The method gives the effective way to estimate the influence of each control factor to the system performance.

1.

SMART-P



-NTU
(Log-Mean Temperature Difference)

LMTD

50

가

가 . 가

90

KDESCENT

가

. 2

-NTU

2. -NTU

-NTU

KDESCENT

2.1.

(decay heat), (sensible heat)
 100,000 (1.2) 0.4% , 1,000,000 (11.6)
 0.185% fraction 0.25% 가

$$Q_{decay} = 65MWt \times 0.25\% = 0.16 \times 10^6 Wt \quad (1)$$

10 가 1 1 가

$$Q_{sensible} = \frac{d}{dt}(mCT) = mC \frac{dT}{dt} \quad (2)$$

$$= 10 \times 10^3 kg \times 4200 J / kg \cdot ^\circ C \times 1^\circ C / hr \times \frac{1hr}{3600 sec} = 0.012 \times 10^6 Wt$$

7%

5

가

가
(50)

(2)

가

(2)

10%

0.18MWt

1
(CCW)

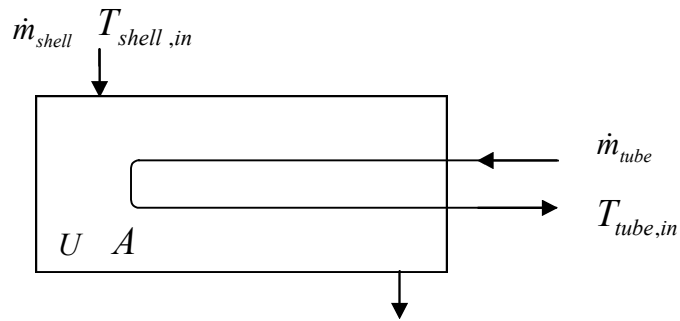


Figure 1.

가 .

$$T_{shell,in} = T_{CCW,i} = 35^{\circ}C \quad (3)$$

$$T_{tube,in} = T_{RCS} = 50^{\circ}C \quad (4)$$

2.2. -NTU

가 LMTD(Log Mean Temperature Difference)

LMTD

-NTU(Number of transfer units)

1000kg/m³ 4200J/kg 가 .

가 .

$$Q = \mathbf{e} C_{\min} (T_{h,i} - T_{c,i}) \approx \mathbf{e} \dot{m}_{\min} C (T_{tube,i} - T_{CCW,i}) \quad (5)$$

$$Q = \mathbf{e} \dot{m}_{\min} \times 4200 \times (50 - 35) = 0.063 \times 10^6 \times \mathbf{e} \dot{m}_{\min} \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{e} \dot{m}_{\min} = \frac{0.18 \times 10^6}{0.063 \times 10^6} = 2.86 \quad (7)$$

\dot{m}_{\min} \dot{m}_{tube} \dot{m}_{CCW} .

2

가

(effectiveness)

4)

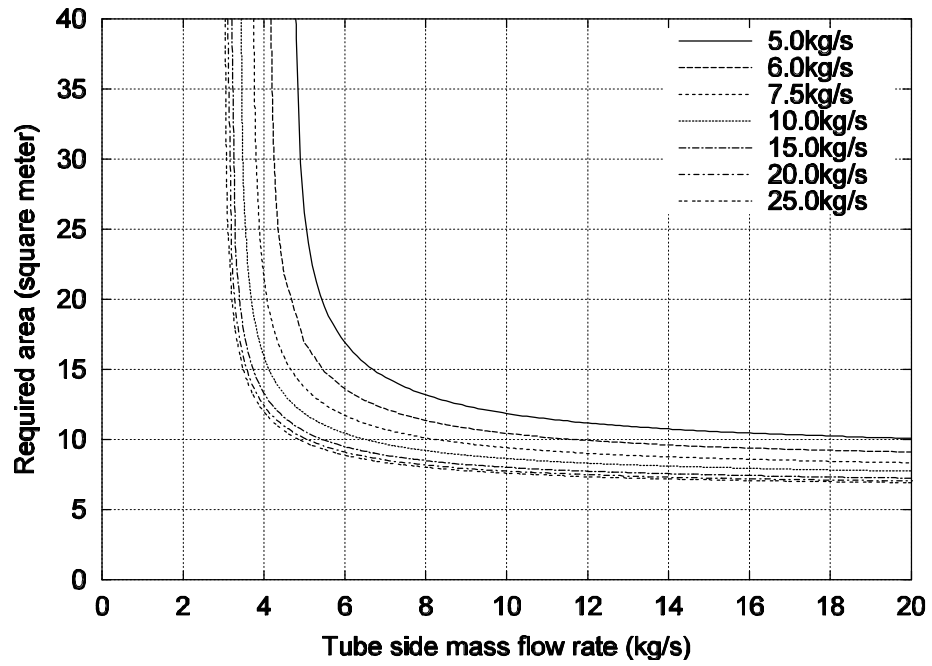


Figure 2. 0.18MWt

$$e = 2 \left(1 + C_r + \sqrt{1 + C_r^2} \times \frac{1 + \exp(-NTU \sqrt{1 + C_r^2})}{1 - \exp(-NTU \sqrt{1 + C_r^2})} \right)^{-1} \quad (8)$$

(overall heat transfer coefficients) 2000W/m².
 가 . KDESCENT
 1500~2200W/m².
 (8) C_r NTU .

$$C_r = \frac{C_{\min}}{C_{\max}} \quad (9)$$

$$NTU = \frac{UA}{C_{\min}} \approx \frac{UA}{\dot{m}_{\min} C_p} = \frac{2.0 \times 10^3 A}{4200 \dot{m}_{\min}} \approx 0.476 \frac{A}{\dot{m}_{\min}} \quad (10)$$

(9), (10)

\dot{m}_{tube} , \dot{m}_{CCW}

25kg/s
 2
 가
 , CCW
 , 15kg/s
 50mm(2inch)
 3~4m/s
 50mm
 . CCW
 가
 가
 가
 CCW
 가
 가
 7.8kg/s
 가 4m/s
 가
 KDESCENT
 가
 가

3.

가 가

가

2

KDESCENT

3.1. KDESCENT

가

KDESCENT⁵⁾

100%

3.2.

가

가

가

가 가
가

가

1

가 (\dot{m}_{tube})

($T_{tube,in}$),

(\dot{m}_{shell})

($T_{shell,in}$),

(U)

(A)

75 /hr (41.7 /hr) , SMART-P

100 /hr

180 SMART-P

200 , , 220

2

30, 35, 40

가

1

가

6

가 ,

L18 (orthogonal array)

L18

7

, 18

가

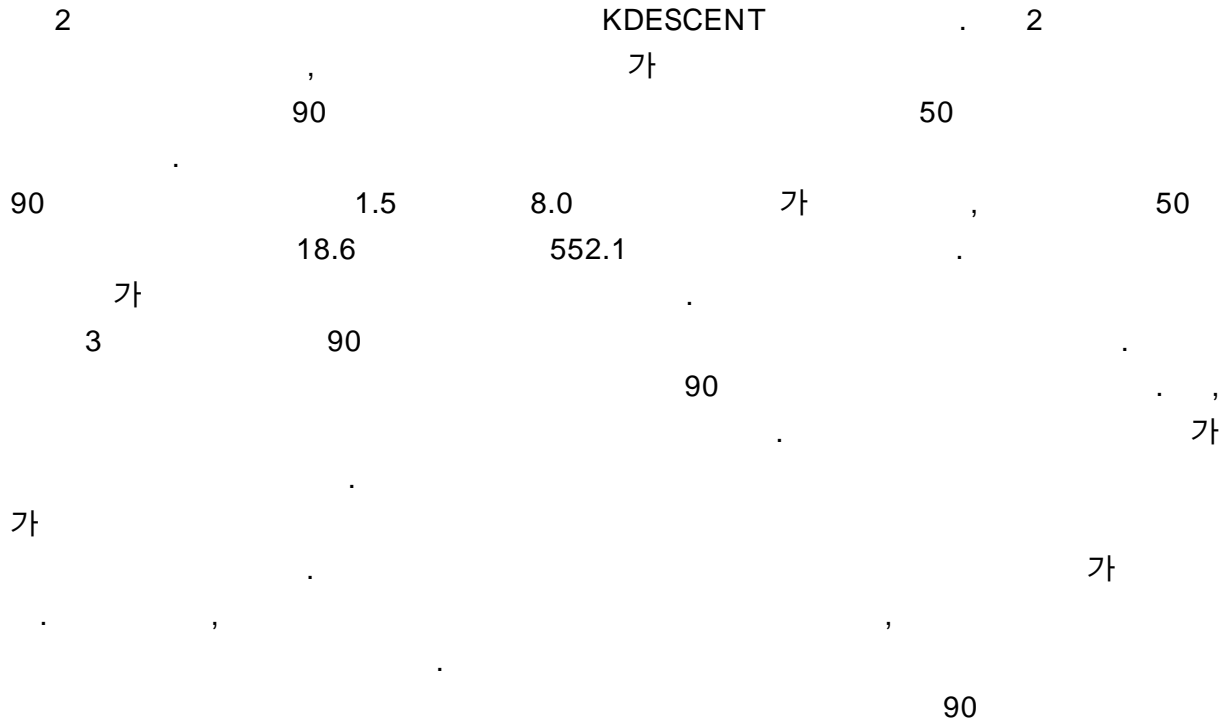
4000

2

가

가

3.3.



Factors		Level		
		1	2	3
A	Cool down rate(/hr)	41.7	100	
B	Tube side temperature ()	180	200	220
C	Tube side mass flow rate (kg/s)	2.5	5.0	7.5
D	Shell side temperature ()	30	35	40
E	Shell side mass flow rate (kg/s)	5.0	7.5	10.0
F	Overall heat transfer coefficient (W/m ²)	1500	1750	2000
G	Heat transfer area (m ²)	10	15	20

Table 1. Control factors and their levels

가

50

4

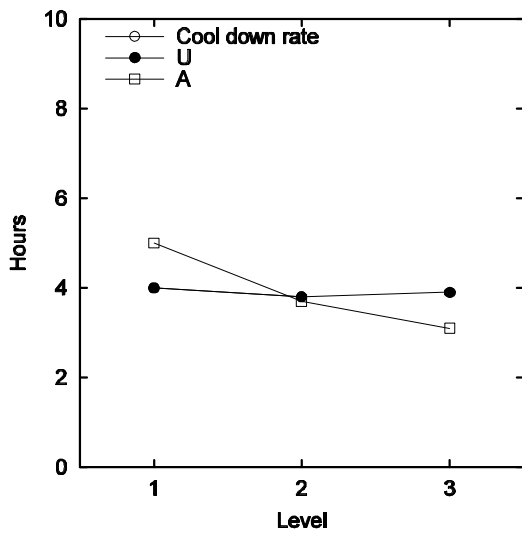
50

가 가

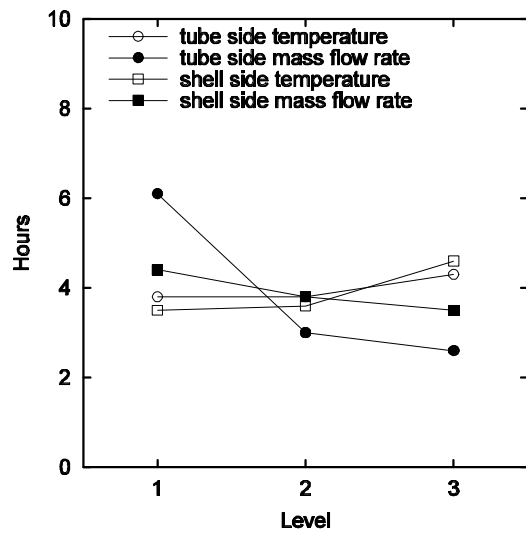
$$h = -10 \log_{10}(time^2) \tag{11}$$

(S/N)

가



a)



b)

Figure 3.

(11)

50

41.7 /hr ,

2000W/m² ,
180 , 7.5kg/s

20m² ,

30 ,

10kg/s

1).

$$\eta_{predicted} = \bar{\eta}_{exp} + (\bar{\eta}_A - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_B - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_C - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + \dots \quad (12)$$

$\bar{\eta}_{exp}$

$\bar{\eta}_{exp} = -42.2dB$

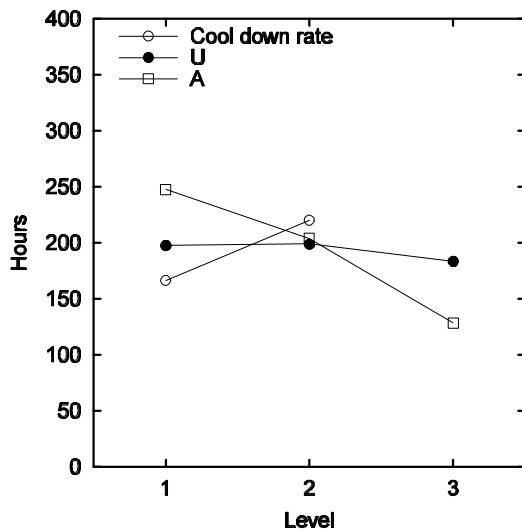
(12)

50

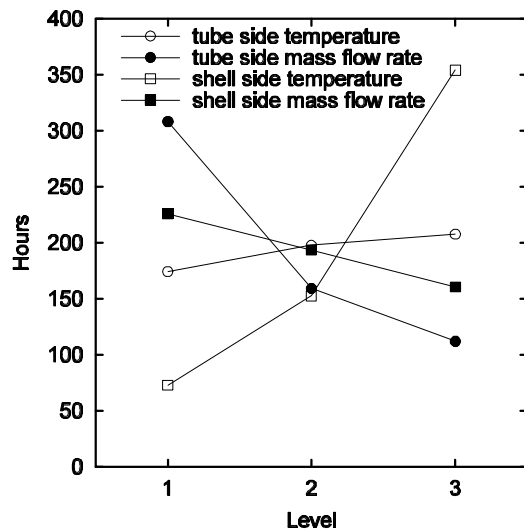
$$\begin{aligned} \eta_{predicted} &= \bar{\eta}_{exp} + (\bar{\eta}_{A,1} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_{B,1} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_{C,3} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_{D,1} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) \\ &+ (\bar{\eta}_{E,3} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_{F,3} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) + (\bar{\eta}_{G,3} - \bar{\eta}_{exp}) \\ &= -42.2 + (-41.7 + 42.2) + (-41.9 + 42.2) + (-37.6 + 42.2) + (-34.3 + 42.2) \quad (13) \\ &+ (-40.4 + 42.2) + (-40.1 + 42.2) + (-40.3 + 42.2) \\ &= -42.2 + 18.9 = -23.3dB \end{aligned}$$

14.7

KDESCENT



a)



b)

Figure 4.

KDESCENT , 13.0 (13)

가

(13)

가

(13)

KDESCENT

가

가

(13)

가

4.

가

18

7

가

가

가

가

Run	(/hr)	$T_{tube,in}$ ()	\dot{m}_{tube} (kg/s)	$T_{shell,in}$ ()	\dot{m}_{shell} (kg/s)	U (W/m ²)	A (m ²)	90 (hr)	60 (hr)
1	41.7	180	2.5	30	5.0	1500	10	7.6	210.0
2	41.7	180	5.0	35	7.5	1750	15	2.5	86.3
3	41.7	180	7.5	40	10.0	2000	20	2.2	92.7
4	41.7	200	2.5	30	7.5	1750	20	4.2	97.7
5	41.7	200	5.0	35	10.0	2000	10	3.2	103.7
6	41.7	200	7.5	40	5.0	1500	15	3.4	313.7
7	41.7	220	2.5	35	5.0	2000	15	6.5	296.2
8	41.7	220	5.0	40	7.5	1500	20	3.5	259.1
9	41.7	220	7.5	30	10.0	1750	10	3.3	38.0
10	100	180	2.5	40	10.0	1750	15	5.8	473.2
11	100	180	5.0	30	5.0	2000	20	1.9	37.0
12	100	180	7.5	35	7.5	1500	10	3.0	146.3
13	100	200	2.5	35	10.0	1500	20	4.5	219.8
14	100	200	5.0	40	5.0	1750	10	4.9	434.0
15	100	200	7.5	30	7.5	2000	15	1.5	18.6
16	100	220	2.5	40	7.5	2000	10	8.0	552.1
17	100	220	5.0	30	10.0	1500	15	2.2	35.8
18	100	220	7.5	35	5.0	1750	20	2.1	64.4

Table 2.

5.

- 1) Fowlkes, W. Y. and Creveling, C. M., "Engineering Methods for Robust Product Design," 1st Ed., Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1995.
- 2) Benjamin, P. C., "Using Simulation for Robust System Design," Simulation, Vol.65, No. 2, pp. 116-128, 1995.
- 3) Wang, S. B., Pan, Chin, "Two-Phase Flow Instability Experiment in a Natural Circulation Loop Using the Taguchi Method," Vol. 17, Experimental Thermal and Fluid Science, pp. 189-201, 1998.
- 4) Incropera, F. P. and De Witt, D. P., "Introduction to Heat Transfer," 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, 1990.
- 5) , " 3,4 가 ,
," KAERI/TR-529/95, 1995.

Factors	90 (dB)			50 (dB)		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
Cool down rate	-11.5	-10.2		-42.6	-41.7	
Tube side temperature	-10.5	-10.6	-11.5	-42.1	-42.5	-41.9
Tube side mass flow rate	-15.5	-9.2	-7.9	-48.5	-40.4	-37.6
Shell side temperature	-9.4	-10.6	-12.6	-34.3	-42.5	-49.8
Shell side mass flow rate	-11.7	-10.4	-10.4	-44.3	-41.7	-40.4
Heat transfer coefficient	-11.4	-11.1	-10.1	-44.3	-42.1	-40.1
Heat transfer area	-13.2	-10.1	-9.2	-44.9	-41.3	-40.3

Table 3. The analysis of mean