

Development of the Thermal Hydraulic Analysis Code for a Copper Bonded Steam Generator

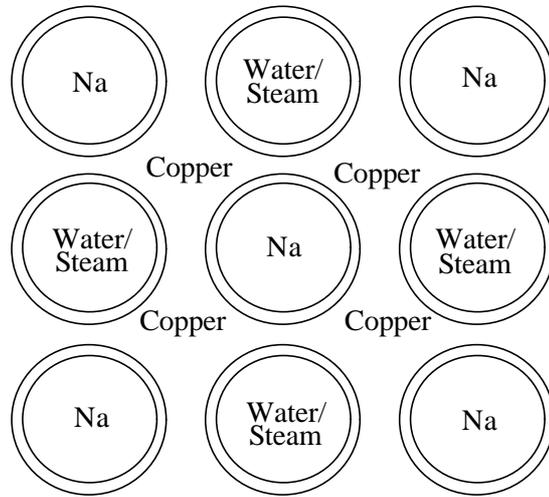
150

1 가 664-14

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1 가 ,
/ , , ,
4 , P/D 1.4, 1.6, 1.8 , 250 3500
10 m, 3m , P/D 가 2500
가 가 .

Abstract

An one-dimensional thermal-hydraulic analysis computer code was developed for the thermal sizing of copper bonded steam generator. It was assumed that the conduction heat transfer of copper region between hot side and cold side tube is one-dimensional and its thermal resistance of the function of a tube pitch was derived. The flow regions of water/steam side were divided into four regions, which are sub-cooled, saturated, film boiling, and super-heated regions. The numbers of tube were selected from 250 to 3500 for the parameter study calculation. The pitch over tube diameter ratios were 1.4, 1.6 and 1.8. The calculation results showed that when the number of tube was 2500, the length of heating tube was about 10 m and the diameter was about 3 m. If P/D ratio increases, the thermal resistance of copper component also increases, however the length of heating tube is not increasing so much.



1

2.1

(가)

$$w_s = \text{const.}$$

$$w_w = \text{const.}$$

, w_s : sodium flow rate, w_w : water flow rate

()

(control volume)

가

, 가

$$\Delta p = \Delta p_{acc,i} + \Delta p_{fric,i} + \Delta p_{grav,i}$$

, $\Delta p_{acc,i}$: accelerational pressure drop

$$= \left(\frac{G_w^2}{\mathbf{r}} \right)_i - \left(\frac{G_w^2}{\mathbf{r}} \right)_{i-1}$$

$\Delta p_{fric,i}$: frictional pressure drop

$$= f \frac{\Delta L_l}{d_i} \frac{G_w^2}{2\mathbf{r}_l} + f \frac{\Delta L_{2f}}{d_i} \bar{\mathbf{f}}_{lo}^2 \frac{G_w^2}{2\mathbf{r}_f} + f \frac{\Delta L_g}{d_i} \frac{G_w^2}{2\mathbf{r}_g}$$

$\Delta p_{grav,i}$: gravitational pressure drop

$$= \mathbf{r}_l g \Delta L_l + \langle \bar{\mathbf{r}} \rangle g \Delta L_{2f} + \mathbf{r}_g g \Delta L_g$$

$\bar{\mathbf{f}}_{lo}^2$: two-phase multiplier

$$\langle \bar{\mathbf{r}} \rangle_i = \frac{\langle \mathbf{r} \rangle_i + \langle \mathbf{r} \rangle_{i-1}}{2} : \text{average density for the } i\text{-th control volume}$$

$$\langle \mathbf{r} \rangle_i = \frac{1}{v_f + \langle x \rangle_i v_{fg}} : \text{average density for the } i\text{-th node}$$

()

(control volume)

$$\Delta Q = U \Delta A_o \Delta T_o \quad ,$$

$$\Delta Q = w_s (h_{s,in} - h_{s,out}) \quad .$$

/

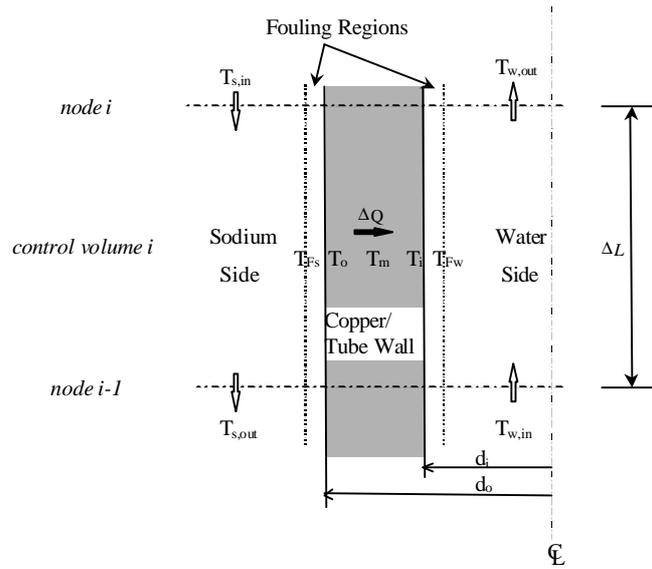
$$\Delta Q = w_w (h_{w,out} - h_{w,in})$$

, ΔT_o :

$$= \frac{(T_{s,in} + T_{s,out})}{2} - \frac{(T_{t,in} + T_{t,out})}{2}$$

$\Delta A_o :$

$$= pd_o \Delta L$$



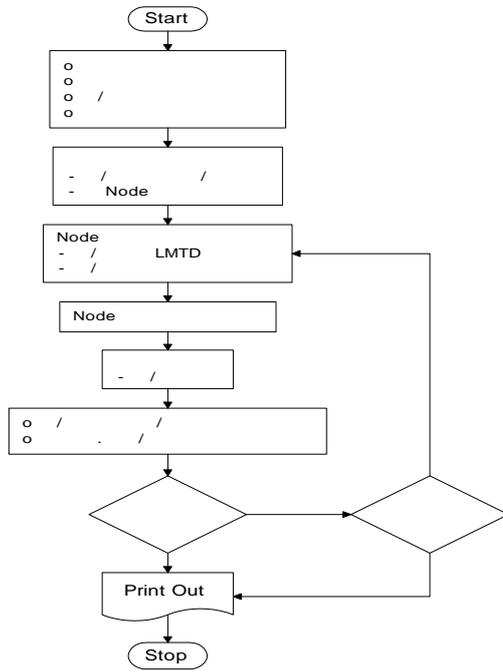
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2.2

thermal sizing

HSGSA

[3] HSGSA

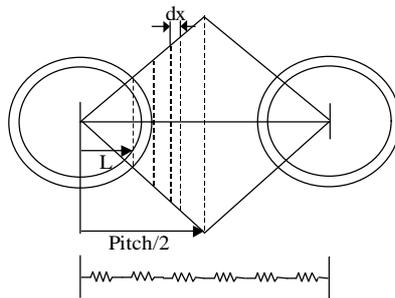


3 Thermal Sizing

2.3

/

. [4]



$$q_x = -k \cdot A_x \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial x}$$

$$q_{x+dx} = q_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(-k \cdot A_x \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) dx$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(-k \cdot A_x \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) dx = 0$$

$$-k \cdot A_x \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = C1$$

가 x , 가 x

$$A_x = 2x , .$$

;

$$x = L, \quad T = T_w$$

$$x = Pitch/2, \quad T = T_c ,$$

$$\Delta T = T_w - T_c .$$

$$q_x = -k \frac{2\Delta T}{\ln \left(\frac{L}{\frac{Pitch}{2}} \right)}$$

$$\therefore R = \frac{-\ln \left(\frac{L}{\frac{Pitch}{2}} \right)}{2k}$$

Nucleate boiling Film boiling
 25,000 W/m² -°C

Dryout

. Fouling factor /

-
- Colebrook

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = -2 \log_{10} \left[\frac{1/D}{3.7} + \frac{2.51}{\text{Re} \sqrt{f}} \right]$$

- /
- Pre-heat region : Dittus-Boelter

$$Nu = 0.023 \text{Re}^{0.8} \text{Pr}^{0.4}$$

- Two phase region : Chen, Bishop et al.

Chen(modified for h_c): $h_B = S h_b + F h_c$

Where, F: Reynolds number factor

S: suppression factor

$$h_c = 0.023 \left(\frac{k}{d_i} \right) (1-x)^{0.8} \text{Re}^{0.8} \text{Pr}^{0.4}$$

$$h_b = 0.00122 \left[\frac{k_l^{0.79} C p_l^{0.45} r_l^{0.49}}{s^{0.5} m_l^{0.29} h_{fg}^{0.24} r_g^{0.24}} \right] \Delta t_{sat}^{0.24} \Delta p_{sat}^{0.75}$$

$$Nu_f = 0.0193 \text{Re}_f^{0.8} \text{Pr}_f^{1.23} \left[x + (1-x) \frac{r_g}{r_f} \right]^{0.68} \left(\frac{r_g}{r_f} \right)^{0.68}$$

(Water side – Critical Quality)

Duchatelle et al.:

$$x = 1.69 \times 10^{-4} q^{0.719} G^{-0.212} e^{2.5 \times 10^{-8} p}$$

- Super-heat region : Heinemann

$$Nu = 0.0133Re^{0.84} Pr^{0.333}$$

- / Fouling factor : 25,000 W/m² -° C

●

- Lubarsky-Kaufman

$$Nu = 0.625Pe^{0.4}$$

3.

1

2

1

	[MWt]	198.35
1	[kg/s]	1071.6
2	[kg/s]	87.74
	[1,2]	1500
	[m]	0.023
	[m]	0.016
P/D		1.6
1	[C]	530
1	[C]	386.2
2	[C]	230
2	[MPa]	15.5
		SS304

5

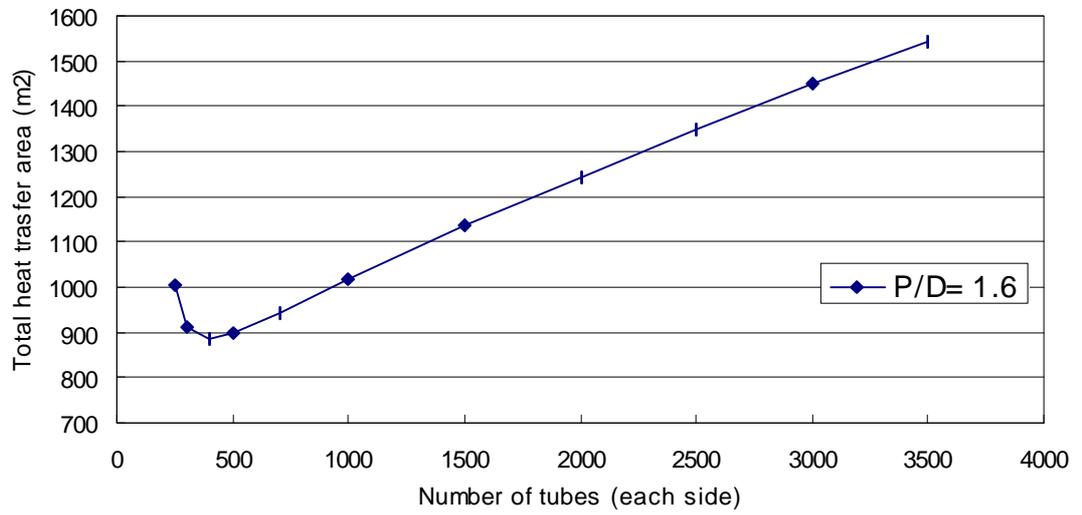
가 400

가

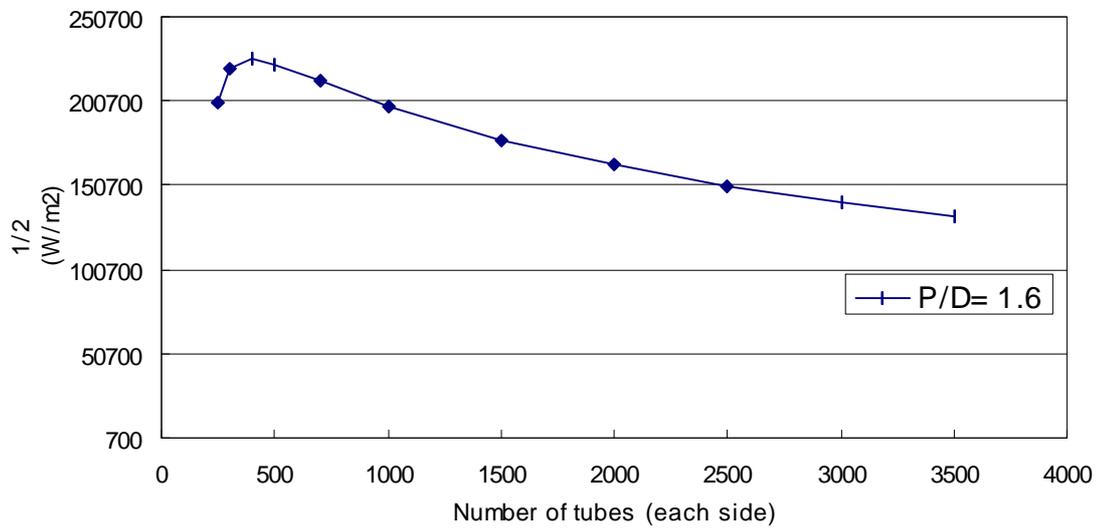
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6

1 /2



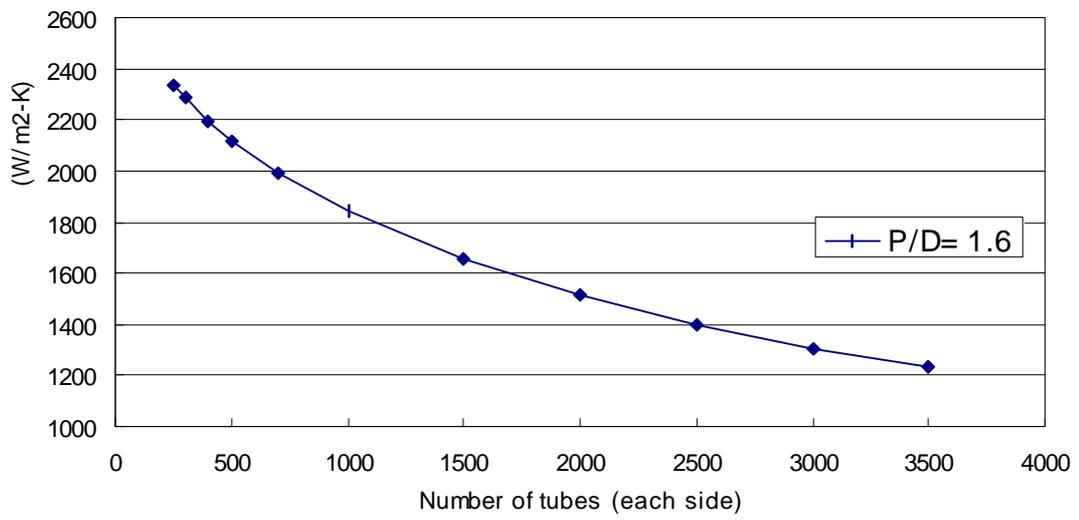
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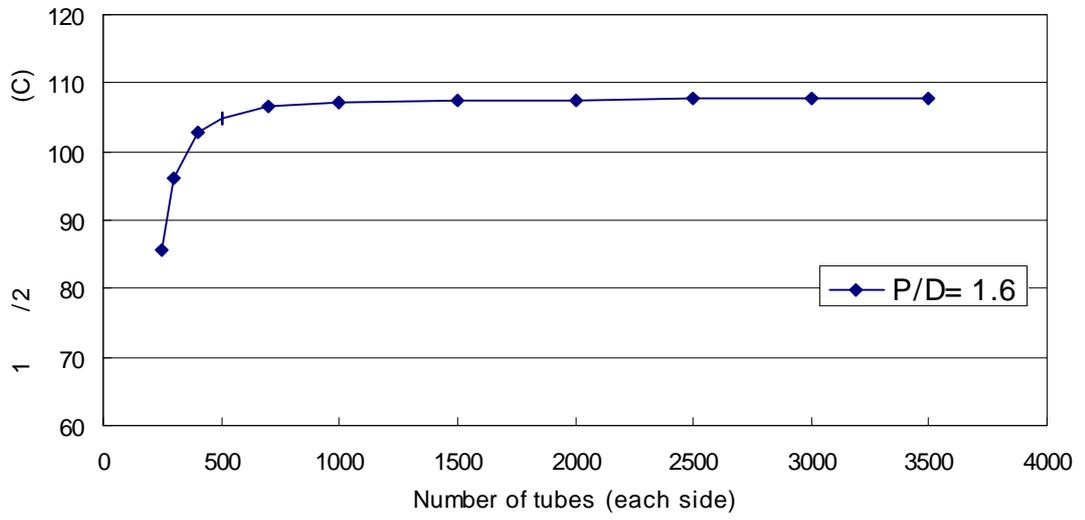
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7, 8
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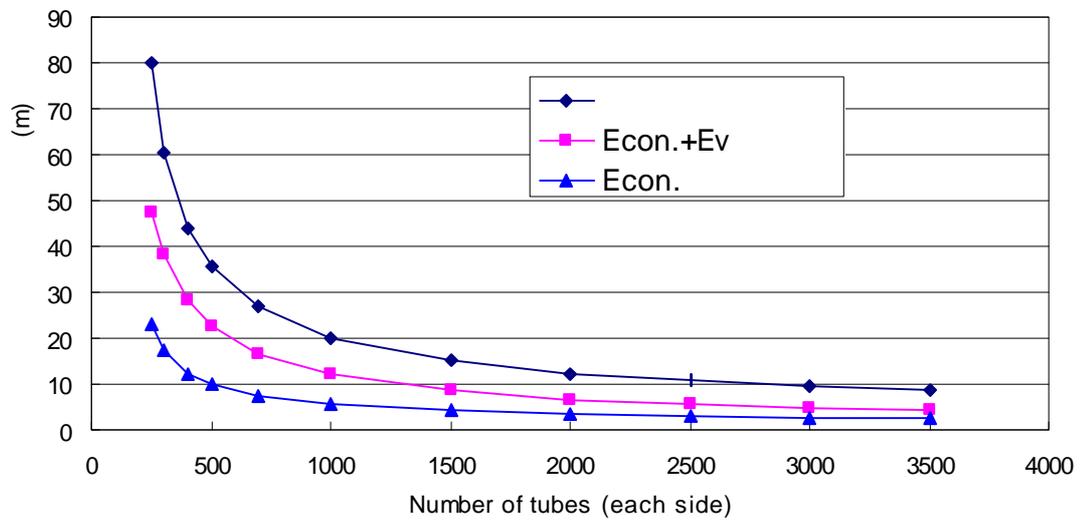
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9, 10
 ,
 가
 30%,
 가 3000
 20%
 .



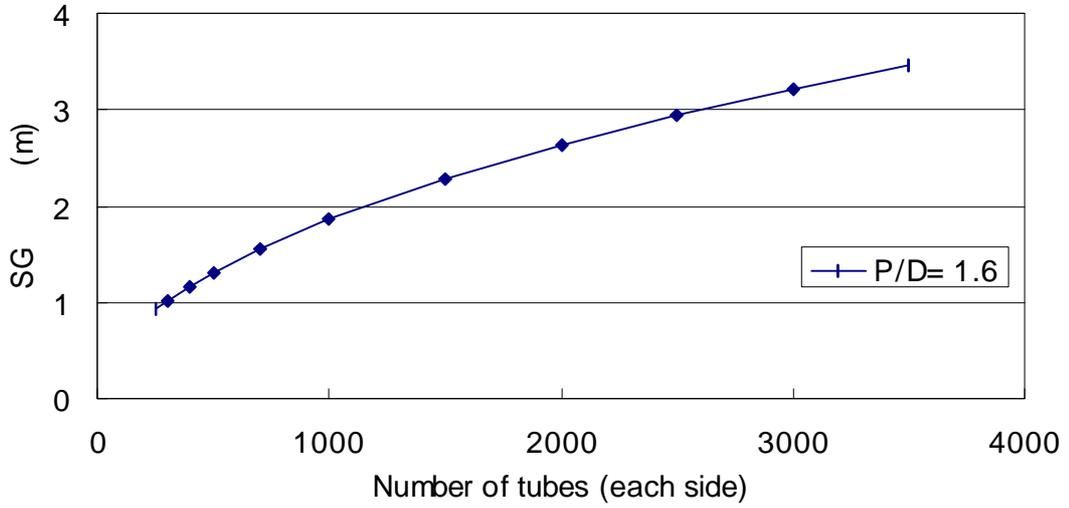
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9

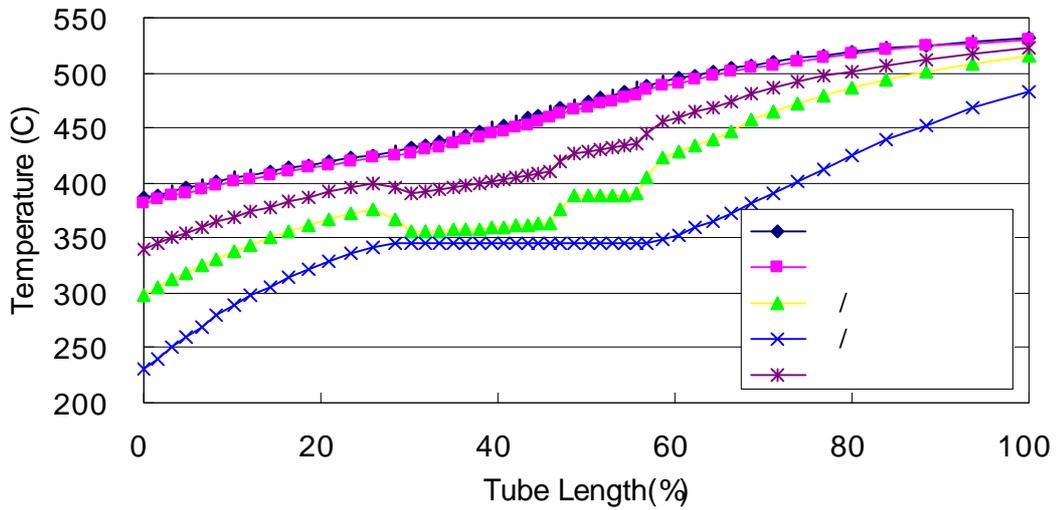
(P/D=1.6)



10

11 P/D 가 1.6 , 가 2500 /

10 , 가 2500 3m .



11

가 13
13%

4.

1

가 400
44 m, 1.2 m
가 2500 10m, 3 m
가 ,
P/D 가 가
가

- [1] Tom Lennox, Compact Pool Fast Reactor (CPFR), Generation-IV TWG3, 2001. 4
- [2] ,
1995. 5
- [3] , HSGSA , KALIMER/FS-4CM-98-001, 1998
- [4] 1, ” ”, , 1977