

17x17

Development of Top Nozzle Holddown Spring for 17x17 Next Generation Fuel Assembly

， ， ， ，

150

17x17

17x17

3-leaf 4-leaf

4~7%

가

17x17

Abstract

Two conceptual holddown spring designs were developed for 17x17 Next Generation Fuel(NGF) top nozzle. One spring pack concept uses three 0.175 inch thick leaves. The other uses four 0.155 inch thick leaves. The room temperature elastic-plastic properties of each spring pack are calculated using the elastic-plastic model derived from classic beam theory and the exiting spring characteristics test. The stress analysis and spring characteristics of each spring pack are also analyzed using FEM(ANSYS 5.7) to verify the elastic-plastic model. The results of the elastic-plastic model have a good agreement to the results of finite element analysis. It is concluded that the 3-leaf 0.175 inch spring pack concept and 4-leaf 0.155 inch spring pack concept are both viable candidates for 17x17 NGF. A series of load-deflection tests will be used to verify the elastic-plastic model and finite element model.

1.

(Holddown Spring)
(Lift-off)

[1]

17x17 3
5 I , 가
가 17x17 RFA(Robust Fuel Assembly) 110%
가

17x17 V5H 17x17 RFA 0.155 inch 0.175 inch
가 Thick 3-leaf 가
가 4-leaf
(Finite Element Method)

(Root Bend Line)

2.

17x17 가 400
lbs()

가
가
1 (1)
(K) (2) (3)
(4)
(1), (2), (3) (4) (5) (6)

$$K = \frac{nEwt^3 F}{4L^3 R} \tag{1}$$

$$P_y = \frac{nwt^2S_y}{6L} \quad (2)$$

$$d_y = \frac{2L^2RS_y}{3EtF} \quad (3)$$

$$P = Kd \quad (d \leq d_y) \quad (4)$$

$$P = P_y + K(d - d_y) - 1.8 \left[\frac{(d - d_y)}{2.5d_y} \right]^{3/2} \quad (d_y \leq d \leq 3.5d_y) \quad (5)$$

$$P = 1.7P_y \quad (3.5d_y \leq d) \quad (6)$$

d	=	Deflection, inch	P	=	Load, lbs
d_y	=	Yield Deflection, inch	P_y	=	Yield Load, lbs
E	=	Modulus of Elasticity	R	=	Thickness Taper Ratio
F	=	Tail Fixity Factor(= .92)	S_y	=	Yield Stress, psi
K	=	Elastic Stiffness, lbs/inch	t	=	Leaf Thickness, inch
L	=	Moment Arm, inch	w	=	Leaf Width, inch
n	=	Number of Leaves			

			1	2.0 inch	3-leaf
740 lbs, 4-leaf	750 lbs				
3-leaf	(K) 611 lbs/inch	4-leaf	554 lbs/inch	3-leaf	
K 4-leaf		4-leaf			

3.

17x17	17 V5H	17 RFA	2
가			
Thick 3-leaf	4-leaf	가	

0.155 inch 0.060 inch

가 (Tang Arm)
SolidWorks^[2] 3
ANSYS Ver. 5.7^[3]
3

3.1

가
2
10 (Solid92)가
(Rigid Body) 3-
leaf 5471 , 4-leaf 5968 2630
가
(Conta174 Targe170)

3.2

(Primary Water Stress Corrosion Cracking)
가 718 (CF3)
2 ^[4]

3.3

가 가
가

17x17

17x17 V5H RFA

x, z

y

3.4

가

4

. 3-leaf

605 lbs/inch

775 lbs

. 4-leaf

549 lbs/inch

804 lbs

, 3-leaf

4-leaf

205 ksi 200

ksi

4-leaf

4.

17x17

3-leaf

4-leaf

가

. 3-leaf

4-leaf

1%

4~7%

3-leaf

4-leaf

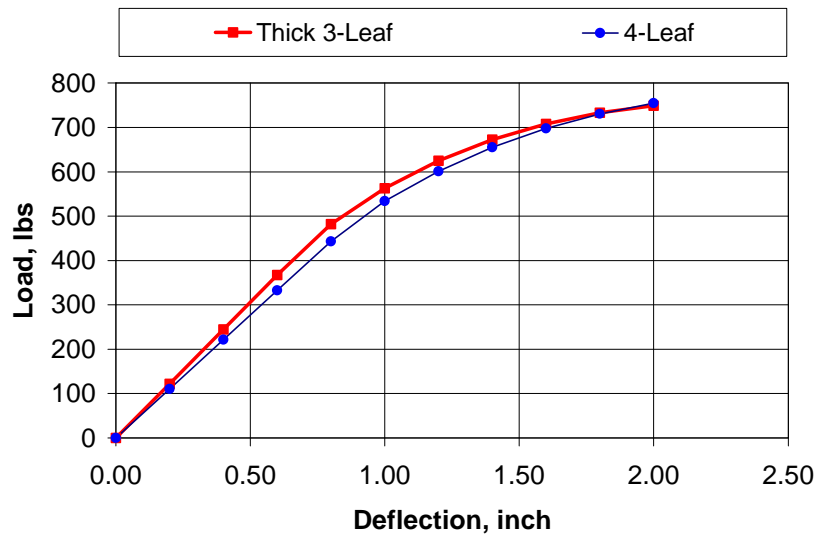
- [1] “Mechanical Design Manual”, Westinghouse Proprietary, 1999
- [2] Solidworks 2000, User’s Manual, SolidWorks Co., 2000
- [3] ANSYS, User’s Manual, Version 5.7, Swanson Analysis Systems, Inc.
- [4] “Material Property Manual”, Westinghouse Proprietary, 1990

1.

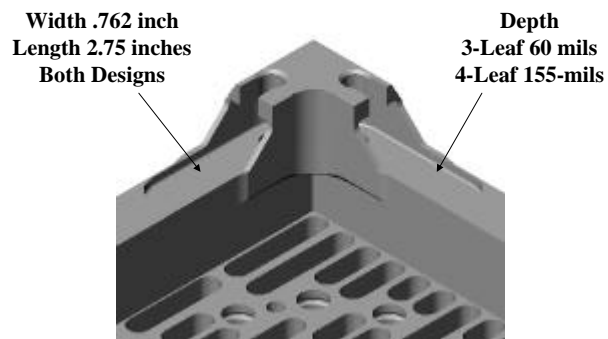
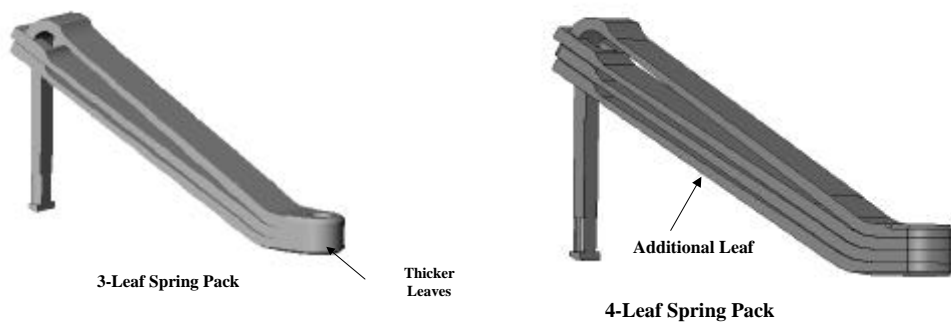
Items	Thick 3-Leaf	4-Leaf
Number of Leaves per Spring Pack, N	3	4
Leaf Thickness, Inches	0.175	0.155
Leaf Width, inches	0.750	0.750
Top Leaf Free Height, inches	2.555	2.655
Top Leaf Length, inches	5.317	5.317
Top Leaf Tip Inside Radius, inch	0.215	0.212
Bottom Leaf Tail Length, inch	0.865	0.895
Taper Ratio	2:1	2:1

2.

Parameter	CF3	Inconel 718
Young' s Modulus, psi	2.89×10^7	2.9×10^7
Poisson Ratio	0.263	0.294
Yield Strength, psi	25×10^3	150×10^3
Ultimate Strength, psi	65×10^3	195×10^3

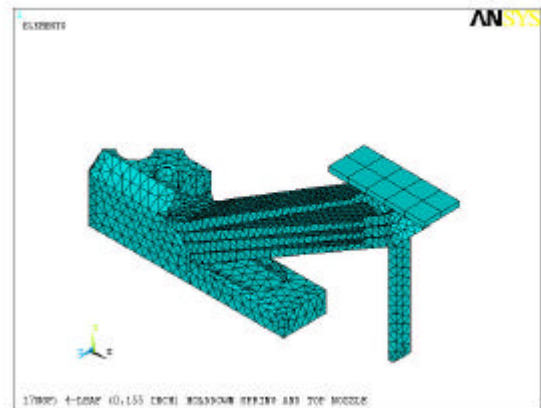
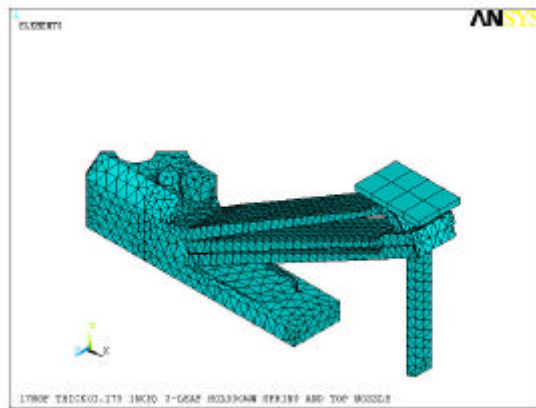


1.

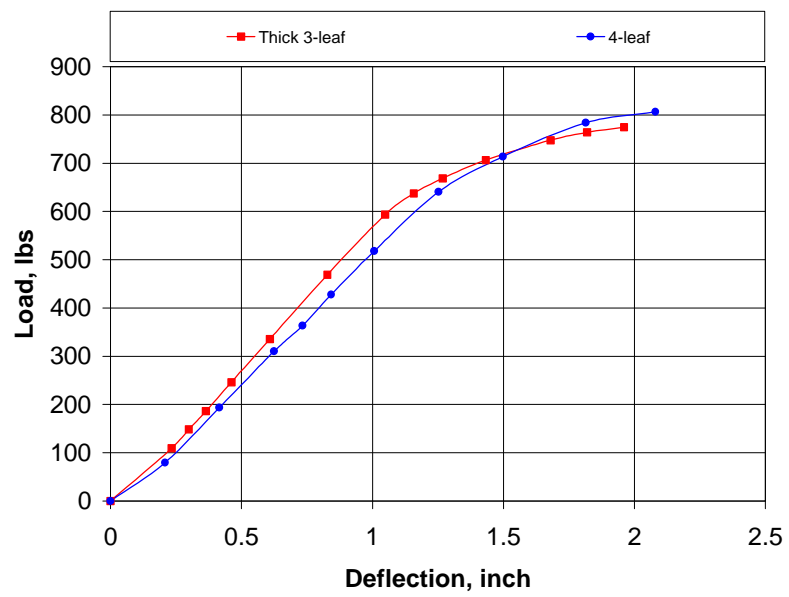


2.

3



3.



4.