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### A Quantitative Assessment of LCOs Using System Dynamics

17

103 -15

PSA

가  
가

. PSA

가

#### Abstract

The research on the technical specifications improvements for too conservative TS has been conducted recently using PSA techniques. In this study a tool of Vensim, which one of System Dynamics software products, is applied to evaluate the limiting conditions for operation (LCOs) quantitatively. A value of core damage frequency in PSA is used as risk measure. The analysis of both full power operation and shutdown operation has been compared for the value of the CDF. The time dependent framework developed in this study has been applied to an example problem accompanied by the operation of Wolsong Nuclear Power plants and it is shown that it is flexible in that it can be applied to any operational context of the technical specifications.

1.

(Technical Specifications)

가

가(Probabilistic Safety Assessment: PSA)

PSA

가

가 [1].

가

가

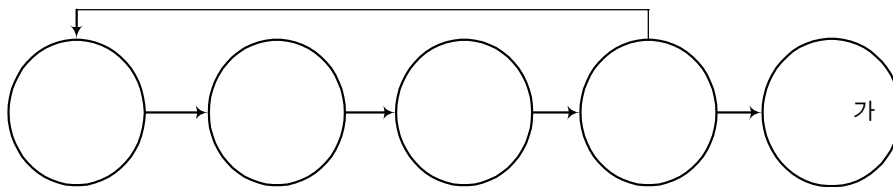
가

가 . 가 가 가 . 가 .  
 가 가 가 [2].  
 PSA ,  
 (Core Damage Frequency: CDF)

2.

(Modeling) VENSIM 가 . 가  
 (Dynamic Behavior) ,  
 [3]. 가  
 [4]. 가 가

가 . < 1 >



1.

3. (Modeling)

3.1 가

2가

(Basic Operational Alternatives)

[2].

(Allowed Outage Time: AOT)  
가 , 가

3 가 , 3 가

가

PSA

가

PSA [5]

가

가

$$\Delta R = R_1 - R_0$$

(1)

PSA

가(  $\Delta R$  )

.  $R_1$  가

가

,  $R_0$  가

. PSA

(Minimal Cutsets)

$R_1$   $R_0$

[2].

$$r_{co} =$$

$$R_{co} =$$

가

$$\underline{d} :$$

가

$$r_{co} = R_{co} * \underline{d}$$

(2)

가 (CDF)

$R_{co}$

$\Delta R$

$r_{SD}$

$$r_{SD} = \sum_i P_{IE-i/SD} * r_{SD/IE-i}$$

(3)

$$\sum_i P_{IE-i/SD} :$$

i가

$$r_{SD/IE-i} :$$

i

$$r_{SD/IE-i} = r_{SD-0/IE-i} + \int_{t=0}^{\infty} dt * R_{SD/IE-i}(t) * P_d(t) \quad (4)$$

$r_{SD-0/IE-i}$  : i  
 $R_{SD/IE-i}(t)$  : i, t  
 $P_d(t)$  : t

a) 가 가  
 b) : -> 3 1 -> 2  
 c) : -> 4 가

$$r_{SD} = R_1(1) * \underline{t_1} + R_1(2) * \underline{t_2} + R_1(2) * \underline{t_{re}'} + R_0(3) * \underline{t_3} \quad (5)$$

$$r_{CO} = R_1(0) * \underline{t_{re}} + R_0(0) * \underline{t_3} \quad (6)$$

$\underline{t_{re}}$  :

$\underline{t_{re}'}$  :

$\underline{t_1}$  :

$\underline{t_2}$  :

$\underline{t_3}$  :

$R_1(i)$  : i

$R_0(i)$  : i

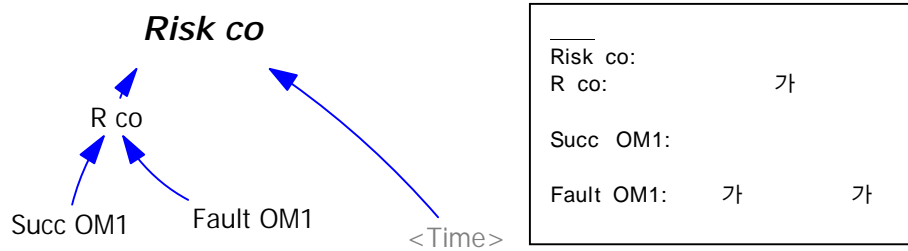
### 3.2

가

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VENSIM

$$r_{co} = R_{co} * \underline{d} < 2 >$$



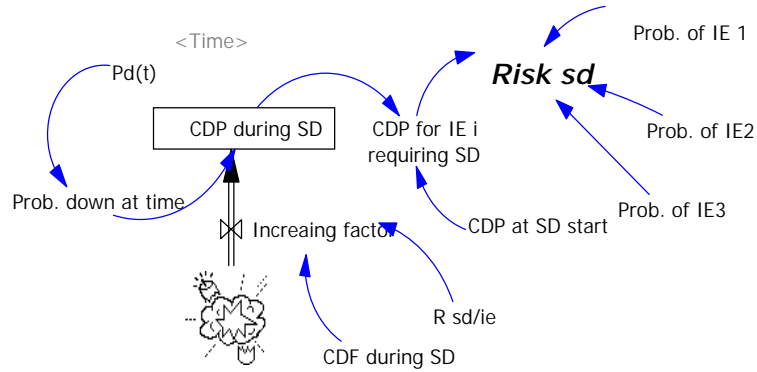
2.

가

(Time) (Fault OM1) 가 (Succ OM1) 가  
 (Risk co)

$$r_{SD} = \sum_i P_{IE-i/SD} * \{ r_{SD-0/IE-i} + \int_{t=0}^{\infty} dt * R_{SD/IE-i}(t) * P_d(t) \} \quad (7)$$

< 3 >



Risk sd: Prob. of IE i: i  
 CDP at SD start:  
 CDP for IE I requiring SD :  
 CDP during SD : t  
 CDF during SD : t  
 Prob. Down at time: t

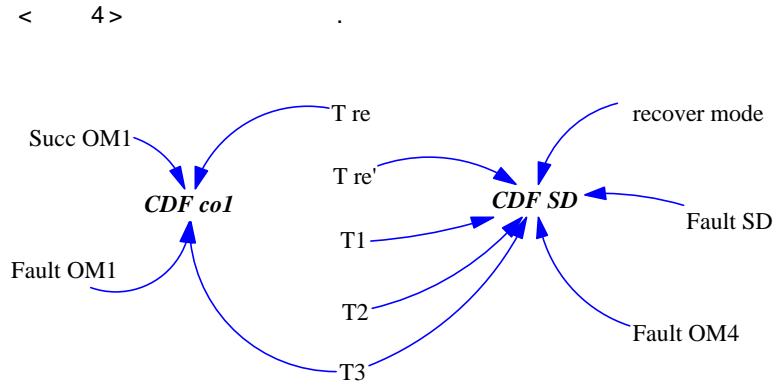
3. 가

(CDP at SD start) (3) (4)  
 (CDP during SD)  
 (Risk sd)

1. (LCO 3.7.2)

1. 가	1.1 가	24
2.	2.1 3	4
	2.2 4	10

가 . < 1> 3.7.2  
 < 6> [6].

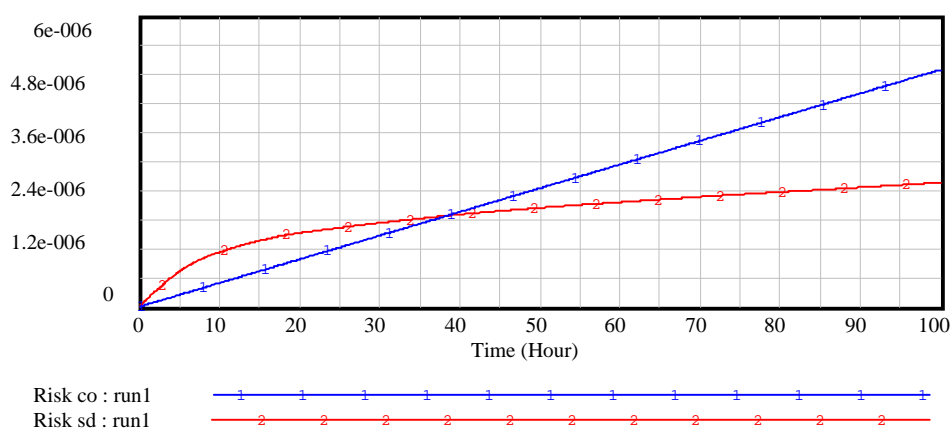


4.

[8] 가 [7].  
 가 [9]  
 가

4.

< 5> 가 가 . <Risk co> 0  
 , <Risk sd> 가 가  
 , 가 가 가 가 가 가 가

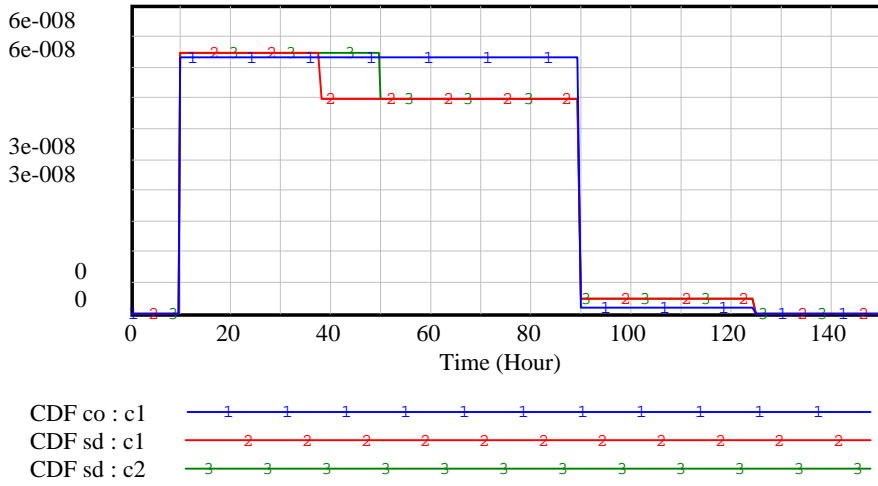


5.

< 5 >

가 가

3.7.2 < 6 > CDF co:c1  
 10hr 90hr 가 가 CDF sd:c1  
 (3.7.2 ) 가 28hr CDF sd:c2  
 가 40hr 가



6.

가

가

5.

Operation: LCO) 가 가 PSA (Limiting Condition for  
 가 Vensim

가 . 가  
가 가

“ . ”

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