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## Estimation of Hysteretic Behaviors of a Seismic Isolator by Using the Bilinear Model and Measured-Isolation-Mode-Accelerations

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output error estimator

### Abstract

Hysteretic behaviors of a seismic isolator under earthquakes are estimated by using the bilinear model and measured-isolation-mode-accelerations. Dynamic responses of a seismically isolated structure are approximated from the SDOF ordinary differential equation in the isolation mode space. A time domain system identification (TDSI) method is employed to identify the hysteretic behaviors based on the bilinear model and SDOF ordinary differential equation. A regularized output error estimator is adopted in the TDSI, in which the differences between measured-isolation-mode-accelerations and calculated-isolation-mode-accelerations are minimized. The validity of the proposed method is demonstrated through the numerical examples of a 6-DOF seismically isolated structure.

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(hysteretic model)

[1].

(bilinear model)

Bouc-Wen

[2].

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(isolation mode)

[2].

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[3-5].

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output error estimator [5]

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Newton-Raphson

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Newmark- $\beta$

[3].

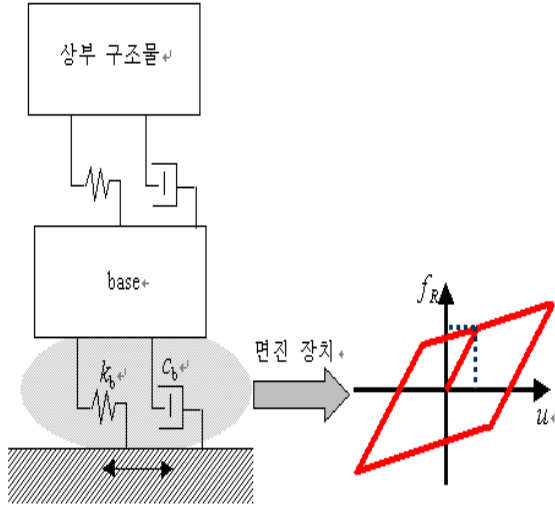
2.

$$\mathbf{M}\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{C}\mathbf{v} + [\mathbf{K}_s + \mathbf{K}_b]\mathbf{u} = -\mathbf{M}\mathbf{1}a_g \quad (1)$$

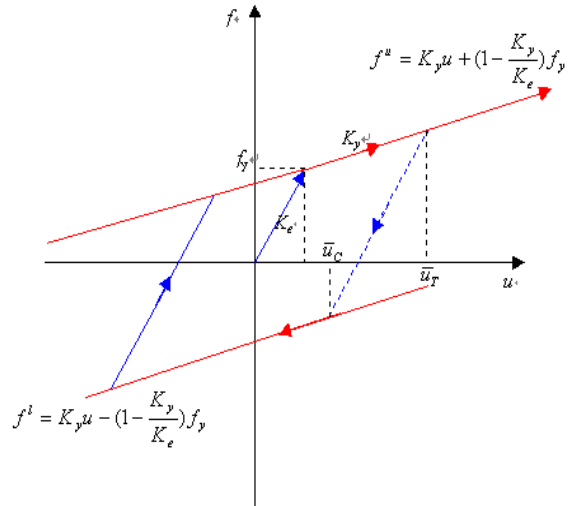
,  $\mathbf{M}(n \times n)$ ,  $\mathbf{C}(n \times n)$ ,  $\mathbf{K}_s(n \times n)$ ,  $\mathbf{K}_b(n \times n)$ ,  $\mathbf{a}(n \times 1)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}(n \times 1)$ ,  $\mathbf{u}(n \times 1)$ ,  $a_g$ ,

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1.



2.

1

$$\frac{df_b}{du_b} = k_b(v_b, u_b), \quad f_b = 0 (u=0, v=0) \quad (2)$$

,  $v_b, u_b, f_b,$

$k_b$

base

2

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2

$K_e, K_y, u_y (f_y)$

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[3].

$$f_b = \begin{cases} f_y + K_y(\bar{u}_T - f_y / K_e) - K_e(\bar{u}_T - u_b) & : \\ f_y + K_y(\bar{u}_T - f_y / K_e) & : \\ -f_y + K_y(\bar{u}_C + f_y / K_e) & : \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

3

$K_e$ ,  $K_y$ ,  $u_y$

3 가

3.

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(1)

$$\hat{\phi} \quad (1)$$

$$\hat{a} + \hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{C} \hat{\phi} \hat{v} + \omega^2 \hat{u} = -\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1} a_g \quad (4)$$

$\hat{a}, \hat{v}, \hat{u}$  가  $(\hat{\phi} \mathbf{a}), (\hat{\phi} \mathbf{v}), (\hat{\phi} \mathbf{u})$ ,  $\omega$

$$m^* [\equiv (\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1})^2]$$

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$$m^*$$

가

[2].

$$m^* \approx \sum_{j=1}^n m_j \quad (5)$$

(4)

$(m^*)$

$$\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1}$$

$$m^* \tilde{a} + c^* \tilde{v} + k^* \tilde{u} = -m^* a_g \quad (6)$$

$c^*, k^*, \tilde{a}, \tilde{v}$

$\tilde{u}$

가

$$m^* \equiv (\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1})^2, c^* \equiv (\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{C} \hat{\phi}) m^*, k^* \equiv m^* \omega^2,$$

$$\tilde{a} \equiv \frac{\hat{a}}{\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1}}, \tilde{v} \equiv \frac{\hat{v}}{\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1}}, \tilde{u} \equiv \frac{\hat{u}}{\hat{\phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1}} \quad (7)$$

(2) 가 (6) 가 (2) 가 (6) 가 (2) 가

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TDSI (layered rubber bearing) (lead rubber bearing)  $(K_e)$ ,  $(K_y)$ ,  $(u_y)$ ,  $(K_y)$

TDSI (time-invariant properties) [3]. TDSI 가 TDSI 가 TDSI 가

$$\text{Minimize}_{\mathbf{x}} \pi = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{t=0}^{n_t} \|\tilde{\mathbf{a}}^t(\mathbf{x}) - \bar{\mathbf{a}}^t\|_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda^2 \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_0\|_2^2 \quad \mathbf{R}(\mathbf{x}) \leq \mathbf{0} \quad (8)$$

,  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}^t, \bar{\mathbf{a}}^t, \lambda, n_t, t$  가 가

$$\mathbf{x} = (K_e, K_y, u_y)^T$$

$$\mathbf{x}_0 = (K_e^0, K_y^0, u_y^0)^T$$

가 가

$$\tilde{\mathbf{a}}^t \quad (6)$$

가

$$\bar{\mathbf{a}}^t$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{a}} \equiv \frac{\hat{\Phi}^{-T} \bar{\mathbf{a}}}{\hat{\Phi}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{1}} \quad (9)$$

$$\hat{\Phi}^{-T} \bar{\mathbf{a}}$$

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$$\lambda (> 0)$$

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[3-6].

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(geometric mean scheme; GMS)

[6].

(8)

$\mathbf{x}$

(6)

$$m^* \frac{\partial \Delta \tilde{a}}{\partial x_p} + c^* \frac{\partial \Delta \tilde{v}}{\partial x_p} + \frac{\partial (k^* \Delta \tilde{u})}{\partial x_p} = 0 \quad (9)$$

$p(=1, 2, 3)$

$x_1 \equiv K_e, x_2 \equiv K_y, x_3 \equiv \sigma_y$

$\Delta \tilde{a}, \Delta \tilde{v}, \Delta \tilde{u}$

$t-1$

$t$

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[3]

5. - 6

3 6

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[3]. 1

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(PGA=0.308g)

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(1) Newton-Raphson

Newmark- $\beta$

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0.02

(6)

(8)

SI

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[2-3]

1

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(6785.4 KN/m)

(1085.7KN/m)

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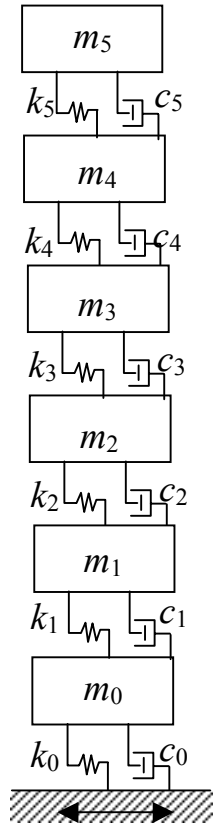
$10^4$ )

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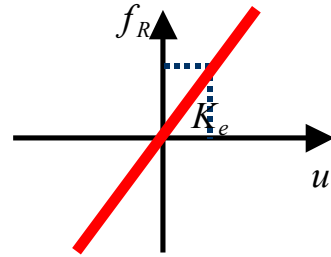
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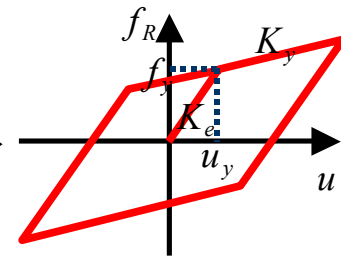
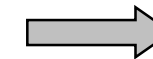
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$k_1 \sim k_5$



$k_0$



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1. 가

(a)

	( )	( )
1	0.5	0.8 2.0
1	5%	5% 2%

(b)

	( )	( )
$(m_1 \sim m_5)$	20 ton	20 ton

BASE	$(m_0)$	NA	10 ton
	$(k_1 \sim k_5)$	38991 KN/m	38991 KN/m
	$(k_0)$	NA	3207.0 KN/m
			1144.0 KN/m
	$(c_1 \sim c_5)$	310.3077 KN·sec/m	310.31 KN·sec /m
	$(c_0)$	NA	18.19 KN·sec /m
	$(u_y)$	NA	1.68 cm

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(6) (8)

(8)

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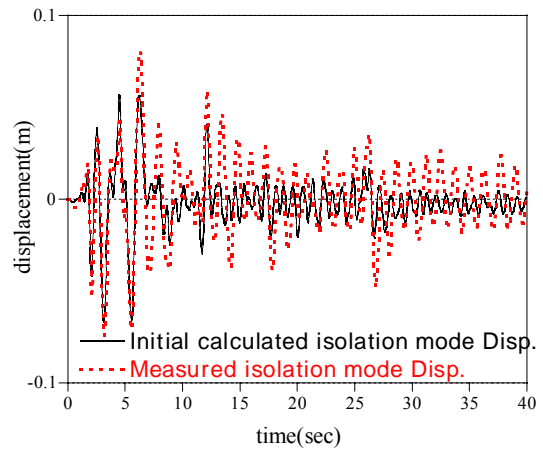
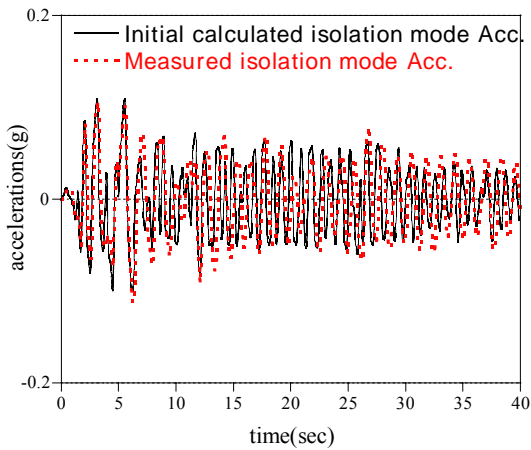
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(9)

2.

$(\hat{\phi}^T)$	[0.0954,0.0954,0.0953,0.0953,0.0953,0.0953]
$(\hat{\phi}^{-T})$	[1.9071,1.9071,1.9070,1.9069,1.9068,0.9533]
$(m^*)$	110.0 ton
$(c^*)$	13.8205KN/m·sec
$(k^*)$	:6784.1 KN/m   :1085.5KN/m
$(u_y)$	0.80cm



4. 가

5.

4

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(6)

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[3].

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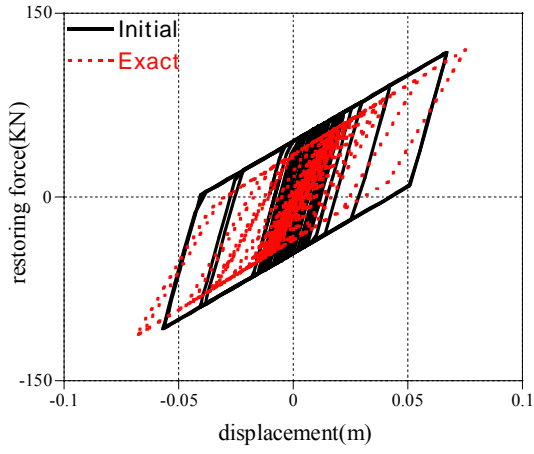
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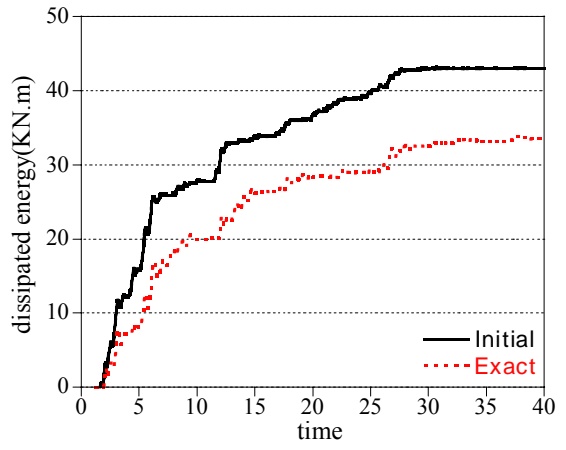
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7.

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(8)

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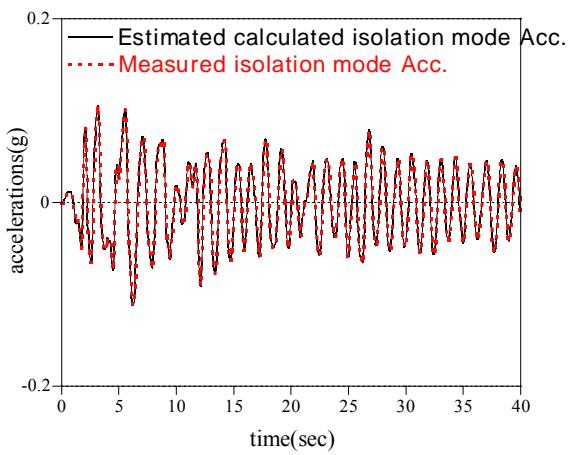
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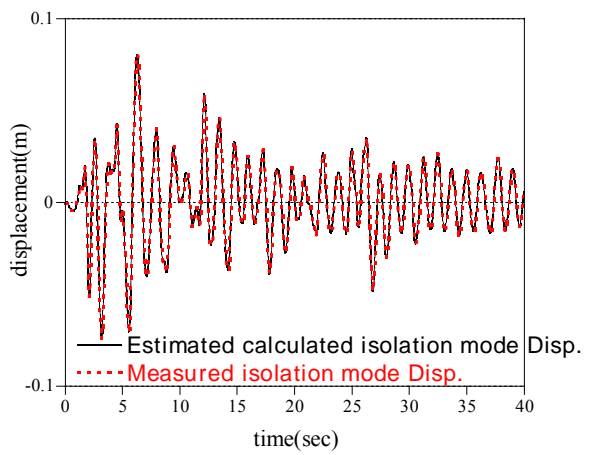


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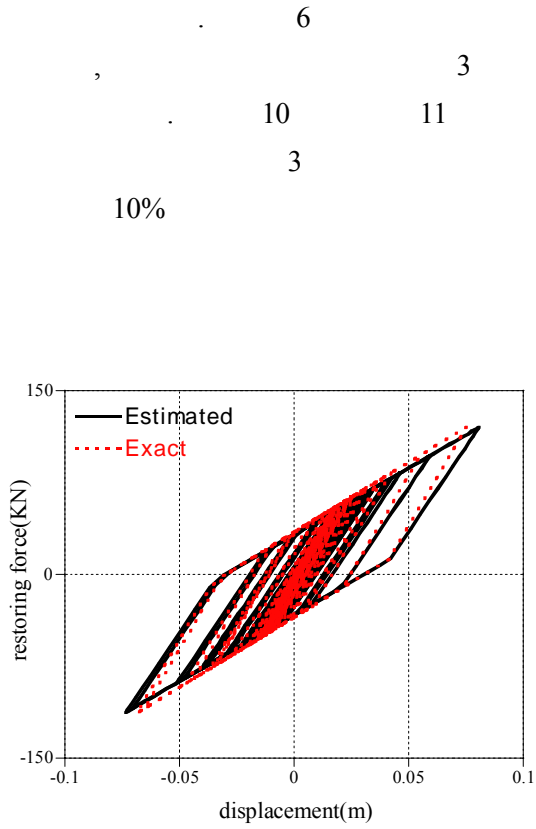
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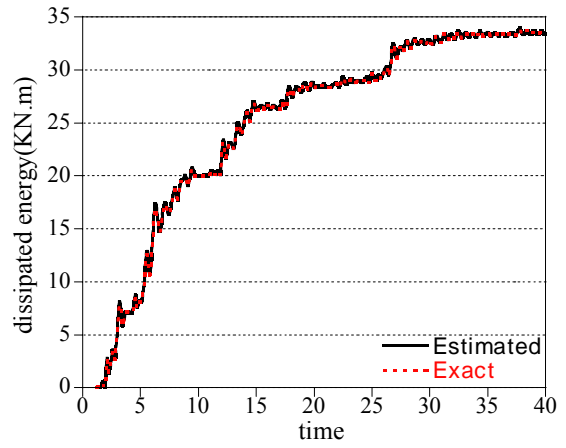
(8)

SI



10. SI

TDSI



11. SI

3. SI

			( )
$K_e$ (KN/m)	6785.4 (+112%)	2780.0 (-13%)	3207.0
$K_y$ (KN/m)	1085.7 (-5%)	1086.0 (-5%)	1144.0
$u_y$ (cm)	0.80 (-52%)	1.94 (+13%)	1.68
(cm)	6.7 (-11%)	8.1 (+8%)	7.5
(KN.m)	43.2 (+28%)	34.0 (+1%)	33.8

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output error estimator

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Newton-Raphson

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